

**UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN
AND NORTHERN IRELAND
and
SWEDEN**

**Extradition Treaty. Signed at London, on 26 April 1963, and
Protocol amending the above-mentioned Treaty. Signed at
London, on 6 December 1965**

**Exchanges of notes (each with annex) constituting agreements
extending the application of the above-mentioned Treaty,
as amended, to certain territories for the international
relations of which the United Kingdom Government are
responsible. London, 6 June 1966**

Official texts of the Extradition Treaty and Protocol: English and Swedish.

Official text of the notes: English.

Registered by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland on 27 February 1967.

**ROYAUME-UNI DE GRANDE-BRETAGNE
ET D'IRLANDE DU NORD
et
SUÈDE**

**Traité d'extradition. Signé à Londres, le 26 avril 1963, et
Protocole modifiant le Traité susmentionné. Signé à Londres,
le 6 décembre 1965**

**Échanges de notes (chacun avec annexe) constituant des
accords étendant l'application du Traité susmentionné,
sous sa forme modifiée, à certains territoires dont le
Gouvernement du Royaume-Uni assure les relations
internationales. Londres, 6 juin 1966**

Textes officiels du Traité d'extradition et du Protocole: anglais et suédois.

Texte officiel des notes: anglais.

Enregistrés par le Royaume-Uni de Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord le 27 février 1967.

No. 8551. EXTRADITION TREATY¹ BETWEEN THE
UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTH-
ERN IRELAND AND THE KINGDOM OF SWEDEN.
SIGNED AT LONDON, ON 26 APRIL 1963

Her Majesty The Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories, Head of the Commonwealth, and His Majesty The King of Sweden :

Desiring to make provision for the reciprocal extradition of offenders ;

Have resolved to conclude a Treaty for that purpose, and to that end have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries :

Her Britannic Majesty :

For the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland :

The Right Honourable the Earl of Home, K.T., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs ;

His Majesty The King of Sweden :

His Excellency Monsieur Bo Gunnar Richardsson Hägglöf, G.C.V.O., His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary in London ;

Who, having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows :

Article 1

The High Contracting Parties agree to extradite to each other, in the circumstances and subject to the conditions specified in the present Treaty, those persons who, being accused or convicted of any of the offences enumerated in Article 3 and committed within the territory of the requesting Party, or on the high seas on board a vessel registered in the territory of that Party, shall be found within the territory of the requested Party.

Article 2

For the purposes of the present Treaty the territory of Her Britannic Majesty shall be deemed to be :

¹ Came into force on 29 March 1966, three months after the exchange of the instruments of ratification of the Treaty which took place at Stockholm on 29 December 1965, in accordance with article 21 (1) of the Treaty and article 2 of the Protocol (see p. 134 of this volume).

- (a) the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (hereinafter referred to as "the United Kingdom"), The Channel Islands and the Isle of Man ;
- (b) the following territories (and their dependencies) for the international relations of which Her Britannic Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom are responsible, that is to say :

the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland (consisting of Southern Rhodesia, Northern Rhodesia and Nyasaland), Aden, Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Basutoland, Bechuanaland, Bermuda, British Antarctic Territory, British Guiana, British Honduras, British Solomon Islands Protectorate, Brunei, Cayman Islands, Dominica, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia (Colony and Protectorate), Gibraltar, Gilbert and Ellice Islands, Grenada, Hong Kong, Kenya (Colony and Protectorate), Malta, Mauritius, Montserrat, North Borneo, Pitcairn, St. Christopher, Nevis and Anguilla, St. Helena, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Sarawak, Seychelles, the State of Singapore, the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia in the island of Cyprus, Swaziland, Turks and Caicos Islands, Virgin Islands and Zanzibar Protectorate ;

- (c) any other territory for the international relations of which Her Britannic Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom are responsible and to which the application of the present Treaty may be extended by common agreement between the Governments of the High Contracting Parties embodied in an Exchange of Notes.

Article 3

(1) Extradition shall be reciprocally granted, subject to the provisions of this Treaty, for the following offences, provided that the offence charged constitutes an extradition offence according to the laws of both High Contracting Parties :

1. Murder or attempt or conspiracy to murder.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Administering drugs or using instruments with intent to procure the miscarriage of women.
4. Rape.
5. Unlawful sexual intercourse, or any attempt to have unlawful sexual intercourse, with a girl under fifteen years of age.
6. Indecent assault.
7. Kidnapping, abduction, or false imprisonment.
8. Stealing, abandoning, exposing or unlawfully detaining a child.
9. Procuration.
10. Bigamy.
11. Maliciously wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm.
12. Assault occasioning actual bodily harm.
13. Threats with intent to extort money or other things of value.
14. Perjury or subornation of perjury.

15. Bribery.
16. Arson.
17. Burglary or housebreaking, robbery or robbery with violence, larceny or embezzlement.
18. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor or trustee, or by a director, member or public officer of any company, or fraudulent conversion.
19. Obtaining money, valuable security or goods by false pretences ; receiving any money, valuable security or goods, knowing it to have been stolen or unlawfully obtained.
20. (a) Counterfeiting or altering money, or uttering counterfeited or altered money ;
(b) Knowingly and without lawful authority making or having in possession any instrument, tool or engine adapted and intended for the counterfeiting of money ;
(c) Attempting to commit any offence mentioned in (a) or (b) above.
21. Forgery, or uttering what is forged.
22. Any unlawful act done with intent to endanger the safety of any persons travelling upon a railway.
23. Offences against bankruptcy law.
24. Offences, or attempted offences, in connexion with the traffic in dangerous drugs.
25. Malicious damage to property.
26. Piracy by the law of nations.
27. Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.
28. Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm.
29. Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master.
30. Dealing in slaves.

(2) Extradition is also to be granted for participation in any of the aforesaid offences, provided that the participation is punishable by the laws of both High Contracting Parties.

(3) Extradition may also be granted at the discretion of the requested Party in respect of any other offences for which it can be granted according to the laws of both Parties.

(4) Extradition may be refused if, under the law of the requesting Party, the person claimed is liable to the death penalty for the offence on which the request for his extradition is based, but the law of the requested Party does not provide for the death penalty in a similar case.

Article 4

The extradition of a person convicted of any of the offences enumerated in Article 3 may be requested only if the punishment awarded consists of deprivation of liberty for a period of at least four months.

Article 5

Each High Contracting Party reserves the right to refuse or grant the surrender of its own subjects to the other Party.

Article 6

(1) Extradition shall not be granted if the person claimed has already been or is at the time of the request being proceeded against, in the territory of the requested High Contracting Party, for the offence for which his extradition is requested.

(2) If the person claimed is under examination or under punishment in the territory of the requested Party for any other offence, his extradition shall be deferred until the conclusion of the trial and the full execution of any punishment awarded to him.

Article 7

Extradition shall not be granted if the person claimed has, according to the law of either the requesting or the requested High Contracting Party, become immune by lapse of time from prosecution or punishment for the offence for which extradition is requested.

Article 8

(1) A person claimed shall not be extradited if the offence for which his extradition is requested is regarded by the requested High Contracting Party as one of a political character, or if he satisfies the requested Party that the request for his extradition has in fact been made with a view to try or punish him for an offence of a political character.

(2) A requested Party may refuse extradition on any other ground which is specified by the law of that Party.

Article 9

A person extradited shall in no case be kept in custody or proceeded against in the territory of the requesting High Contracting Party for any offence committed prior to his surrender other than an extraditable offence established by the facts in respect of which his extradition has been granted, or on account of any other matters