

No. 8063

**GREECE
and
YUGOSLAVIA**

**Convention on plant protection. Signed at Athens, on
11 September 1956**

Official text: French.

Registered by Greece on 3 February 1966.

**GRÈCE
et
YOUUGOSLAVIE**

**Convention pour la protection des plantes. Signée à Athènes,
le 11 septembre 1956**

Texte officiel français.

Enregistrée par la Grèce le 3 février 1966.

[TRANSLATION — TRADUCTION]

No. 8063. CONVENTION¹ ON PLANT PROTECTION BETWEEN THE KINGDOM OF GREECE AND THE FEDERAL PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA. SIGNED AT ATHENS, ON 11 SEPTEMBER 1956

The Government of the Kingdom of Greece and the Government of the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia, desiring to co-ordinate their efforts for the effective control of plant diseases and pests and for mutual protection against the introduction and spread of such diseases and pests and with a view to facilitating trade in plants and plant products between the two countries, have agreed as follows :

Article 1

The Contracting Parties undertake to organize in their territories, to a distance of thirty kilometres from the common frontier, a ground inspection system designed to ensure detection of the presence and extent of the following plant diseases and pests :

- Locusts (*Docostaurus maroccanus* Thunb., *Calliptamus italicus* L.)
- The cotton moth (*Pectinophora gossypiella* Saund.)
- The California beetle (*Aspidiotus perniciosus* Comst.)
- The potato moth (*Phthorimaea operculella* Zell.)
- Potato canker (*Synchytrium endobioticum* Schilb. Perc.)

- Powdery scab (*Spongospora subterranea* Wallr. Johnson)
- Chestnut blight (*Endothia parasitica* Murr.)
- The Colorado beetle (*Leptinotarsa decemlineata*)
- The potato nematode (*Heterodera Rostochiensis*)
- The American fall webworm (*Hyphantria cunea*)

The Contracting Parties may, by agreement, add other dangerous plant diseases and pests to the above list.

The Contracting Parties undertake to inform each other, through their plant protection services, of any appearance of the plant diseases or pests referred to above or of any other disease or pest subject to quarantine, and of those the outbreak of which is particularly dangerous. This information shall be furnished imme-

¹ Came into force on 14 December 1965, the date of the exchange of the instruments of ratification at Belgrade, in accordance with article 16.

diately upon the appearance of the disease or pest and shall include particulars of the place—commune and district—in which it has appeared.

Article 2

The Contracting Parties undertake to organize measures in their frontier zones to control the plant diseases and pests referred to in article 1 of this Convention so as to prevent them from spreading from the territory of one Contracting Party to the territory of the other.

Article 3

The Contracting Parties shall co-operate in taking measures to control locusts in the frontier zones so as to eliminate the danger of their passing or flying from the territory of one Contracting Party to the territory of the other.

The Contracting Parties shall, as part of the co-operation provided for in the first paragraph of this article, render each other technical and material assistance subject to prior agreement in each specific case.

Article 4

The Contracting Parties reserve the right to exercise joint supervision, through their plant protection officials, over protective measures taken in the frontier zones under the provisions of this Convention.

Article 5

The Contracting Parties undertake to report to each other annually, by not later than 1 March, on major plant diseases and pests that have appeared anywhere in their territories in the previous year and on the areas of their occurrence.

The Contracting Parties agree to report once a year, by not later than the end of March, on the results of the inspection carried out in the previous year for the purpose of discovering outbreaks of plant diseases and pests subject to quarantine, the areas affected, the damage sustained, and the control measures taken and results obtained.

Article 6

All consignments of plants intended for export from the territory of one Contracting Party to that of the other must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the official plant protection service of the exporting country in accordance