

No. 6797

**UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN
AND NORTHERN IRELAND**

**and
ARGENTINA**

**Cultural Convention. Signed at Buenos Aires, on 19 June
1961**

Official texts: English and Spanish.

*Registered by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland on
1 July 1963.*

**ROYAUME-UNI DE GRANDE-BRETAGNE
ET D'IRLANDE DU NORD**

**et
ARGENTINE**

Convention culturelle. Signée à Buenos Aires, le 19 juin 1961

Textes officiels anglais et espagnol.

*Enregistrée par le Royaume-Uni de Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord le
1^{er} juillet 1963.*

No. 6797. CULTURAL CONVENTION¹ BETWEEN THE
GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.
SIGNED AT BUENOS AIRES, ON 19 JUNE 1961

The Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Argentine Republic;

Desiring to conclude a Convention for the purpose of promoting by friendly interchange and cooperation the fullest possible understanding in their respective countries of the intellectual, artistic and scientific activities as well as of the history and ways of life of the other country;

Have agreed as follows :

Article I

Each Contracting Government shall encourage the creation, at Universities and other educational institutions in its territory, of Professorial Chairs, other teaching posts and courses in the language, literature and history of the country of the other Contracting Government and in other subjects concerning that country.

Article II

Each Contracting Government shall be permitted to establish and assist cultural institutions in the territory of the other, provided that the requirements of the local law with regard to the establishment of such institutions are complied with. The expression "cultural institutions" shall include schools, libraries, cultural centres, British-Argentine associations and other organisations dedicated to the purpose of the present Convention.

Article III

The Contracting Governments shall encourage the interchange between their territories of university staff, school teachers, students, research workers and representatives of other professions and occupations.

¹ Came into force on 21 March 1963, the fifteenth day after the exchange of the instruments of ratification which took place at London on 6 March 1963, in accordance with article XX.

Article IV

Each Contracting Government shall encourage, in its own territory, the provision of scholarships to enable suitable candidates from the other country to pursue or undertake studies, technical training and research.

Article V

The Contracting Governments shall encourage closest cooperation between officially-recognised learned societies and educational and professional organisations of their respective territories for the purpose of giving effect to the present Convention.

Article VI

The Contracting Governments shall consider how far and under what conditions, degrees, diplomas and certificates issued in the territory of one of them may be accepted as equivalent to corresponding degrees, diplomas and certificates issued in the territory of the other, for academic purposes and, in appropriate cases, for professional purposes.

Article VII

The Contracting Governments shall encourage by invitation or subsidy visits of selected persons or groups for the purpose of developing cultural, technical and professional collaboration.

Article VIII

The Contracting Governments shall encourage cooperation between the youth, athletic and sports organisations and between the national adult educational organisations of their respective territories that are officially recognised in Great Britain and Northern Ireland or are legally constituted in Argentina.

Article IX

The Contracting Governments shall assist each other in making the culture of each country better known in the other country by means of :

- (a) books, periodicals and other publications;
- (b) lectures and concerts;
- (c) fine art and other exhibitions;
- (d) dramatic and musical performances;
- (e) radio, films, recordings and other mechanical means of reproduction.