

**UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND
NORTHERN IRELAND
and
JORDAN**

Agreement (with appendices) between the Postal Administration of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Postal Administration of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan concerning the exchange of money orders. Signed at London, on 28 February 1962, and at Amman, on 5 May 1962

Official text: English.

Registered by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland on 16 May 1963.

**ROYAUME-UNI DE GRANDE BRETAGNE ET
D'IRLANDE DU NORD
et
JORDANIE**

Arrangement (avec appendices) entre l'Administration postale du Royaume-Uni de Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord et l'Administration postale du Royaume hachémite de Jordanie concernant l'échange de mandats-poste. Signé à Londres, le 28 février 1962, et à Amman, le 5 mai 1962

Texte officiel anglais.

Enregistré par le Royaume-Uni de Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord le 16 mai 1963.

No. 6748. AGREEMENT¹ BETWEEN THE POSTAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND AND THE POSTAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN CONCERNING THE EXCHANGE OF MONEY ORDERS. SIGNED AT LONDON, ON 28 FEBRUARY 1962, AND AT AMMAN, ON 5 MAY 1962

Article I

In this Agreement the expression "United Kingdom" includes Great Britain, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man.

Article II

Between the United Kingdom on the one hand and Jordan on the other hand there shall be established a regular exchange of Money Orders in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

Article III

The Money Order Service between the Postal Administrations shall be performed exclusively by the agency of Offices of Exchange. On the part of the United Kingdom the Office of Exchange shall be that of The Accountant General's Department, General Post Office, Bickley, Bromley, Kent, and on the part of Jordan that of Amman.

Article IV

(1) The conversion into the money of Jordan of sums advised under this Agreement for payment in Jordan and the conversion into the money of the United Kingdom of sums advised by Jordan for payment in the United Kingdom shall be effected by the Office of Exchange at Amman. The accounts in both directions shall be expressed in the money of the United Kingdom.

(2) The Postal Administration of Jordan shall have the power to fix, according to circumstances, the rate of conversion applicable to Money Orders issued by it. The rate of conversion applicable to Money Orders issued in the United Kingdom shall be in accordance with the rate of exchange of United Kingdom currency on the date of receipt at Amman of Advice Lists. In each case the Postal Administration

¹ Came into force on 1 May 1962, in accordance with the provisions of article XXVI.

of Jordan shall keep the Postal Administration of the United Kingdom regularly informed of the rates of conversion adopted.

Article V

Each Postal Administration shall have the power to fix the maximum amount for which it will issue a single Money Order. This maximum shall not exceed £40 or the nearest practical equivalent of that sum in the money of the country of issue.

Article VI

Each Postal Administration shall have the power to fix, according to circumstances, the rates of commission to be charged on the Money Orders which it may issue, provided that it shall communicate to the other its tariff of charges or rates of commission established under the present Agreement. The commission shall belong to the issuing Administration ; but the Postal Administration of the United Kingdom shall allow to the Postal Administration of Jordan one half of one per cent ($\frac{1}{2}$ per cent) on the amount of Money Orders issued in the United Kingdom and paid in Jordan and the Postal Administration of Jordan shall make a similar allowance to the Postal Administration of the United Kingdom for Money Orders issued in Jordan and paid in the United Kingdom.

Article VII

In the payment of Money Orders to the public no account shall be taken of any fraction of a penny or of five fils.

Article VIII

Every applicant for a Money Order shall be required to furnish, if possible, the full surname and Christian or personal name (or at least the initial of one Christian or personal name) both of the remitter and of the payee, or the name of the Firm or Company who are the remitters or payees, and the address of the remitter, and of the payee. If however, a Christian or personal name or initial cannot be given, an Order may nevertheless be issued at the remitter's risk.

Article IX

If a Money Order miscarries or is lost, a duplicate may be granted on a written application from the payee (containing the necessary particulars) to the Office of Exchange of the country in which the original Order was payable, and, unless there is reason to believe that the original Order was lost in transmission through the post, the Office issuing the duplicate shall be entitled to charge the same fee as would be chargeable under its own internal regulations.

On receipt from the remitter of an application containing similar particulars, instructions shall be given to stop payment of a Money Order.

Article X

When it is desired that an error in the name of a payee shall be corrected, or that the amount of a Money Order shall be repaid to the remitter, application must be made by the remitter to the Chief Office of the country in which the Order was issued.

Article XI

Repayment of a Money Order shall not, in any case, be made until it has been ascertained, through the Chief Office of the country in which such Order is payable, that the Order has not been paid, and that the said Office authorises the repayment.

Article XII

A Money Order shall remain payable for twelve months after the expiration of the month of issue, and the amount of every Order not paid within that period shall be returned to the Postal Administration of Issue to be dealt with in accordance with the regulations of that Administration.

Article XIII

(1) The remitter of a Money Order may obtain an advice of payment of the Order by paying in advance, to the exclusive profit of the Postal Administration of issue, a fixed charge equal to that which is made by that Administration for acknowledgements of receipt of registered correspondence.

(2) The advice of payment shall be on a form in accordance with or analagous to the annexed specimen (Appendix A).¹

(3) The address, as well as the name, of the remitter shall be entered in the relative Advice List at the Office of Exchange of the country of issue in the column reserved for the name of the remitter.

(4) The advice of payment shall be prepared by the paying office, and shall be transmitted direct to the remitter either by the office of payment or by the Exchange Office of the country of payment.

(5) Any application for an advice of payment made subsequent to the issue of the Order shall be sent through the Offices of Exchange of the two countries.

Article XIV

Money Orders sent from one country to the other shall be subject, as regards issue, to the regulations in force in the country of origin, and, as regards payment, to the regulations in force in the country of destination.

¹ See p. 262 of this volume.

Article XV

The Office of Exchange of Jordan shall communicate to the Office of Exchange of the United Kingdom the particulars of sums received for payment in the United Kingdom and the Office of Exchange of the United Kingdom shall communicate to the Office of Exchange of Jordan the particulars of sums received for payment in Jordan. Advice Lists similar to the annexed forms "B"¹ and "C"² shall be used for this purpose, and every such List shall be forwarded by the first available mail after the issue of the Money Orders to which it relates.

Article XVI

The items relating to particular Money Orders entered upon the Advice List shall be numbered serially, the series commencing each calendar month with No. 1. The number borne by an item in the List shall be known as its International Number. The Lists shall also be numbered serially, the series commencing each year with No. 1.

Article XVII

Any missing Advice List shall be immediately applied for by the Office of Exchange to which it should have been sent. The despatching Office of Exchange shall, in such a case, transmit without delay to the receiving Office of Exchange a duplicate List, duly certified as such.

Article XVIII

(1) Every Advice List shall be carefully verified by the Office of Exchange of destination, and shall be corrected if it contains a manifest error. Any correction shall be communicated to the despatching Office of Exchange.

(2) If a List shows other irregularities, the Office of Exchange of destination shall require an explanation from the despatching Office of Exchange, which shall give such explanation with as little delay as possible. In the meantime, the issue of an internal Money Order relating to any entry which is found to be irregular shall be suspended.

Article XIX

As soon as an Advice List reaches the receiving Office of Exchange, that Office shall, after verifying its contents, prepare internal Money Orders in favour of the payees for the amounts specified in the List as payable in the money of the country of payment, and shall then forward such internal Money Orders to the payees or to the paying Offices according to the arrangements existing in the country of payment.

¹ See p. 264 of this volume.

² See p. 266 of this volume.