

No. 5950

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANISATION

Convention (No. 113) concerning the medical examination of fishermen. Adopted by the General Conference of the International Labour Organisation at its forty-third session, Geneva, 19 June 1959

Official texts: English and French.

Registered by the International Labour Organisation on 15 November 1961.

ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DU TRAVAIL

Convention (n° 113) concernant l'examen médical des pêcheurs. Adoptée par la Conférence générale de l'Organisation internationale du Travail à sa quarante-troisième session, Genève, 19 juin 1959

Textes officiels anglais et français.

Enregistrée par l'Organisation internationale du Travail le 15 novembre 1961.

No. 5950. CONVENTION (No. 113)¹ CONCERNING THE MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF FISHERMEN. ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANISATION AT ITS FORTY-THIRD SESSION, GENEVA, 19 JUNE 1959

The General Conference of the International Labour Organisation,

Having been convened at Geneva by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office, and having met in its Forty-third Session on 3 June 1959, and

Having decided upon the adoption of certain proposals with regard to the medical examination of fishermen, which is included in the fifth item on the agenda of the session and

Having determined that these proposals shall take the form of an international Convention,

adopts this nineteenth day of June of the year one thousand nine hundred and fifty-nine the following Convention, which may be cited as the Medical Examination (Fishermen) Convention, 1959 :

Article 1

1. For the purpose of this Convention the term "fishing vessel" includes all ships and boats, of any nature whatsoever, whether publicly or privately owned, which are engaged in maritime fishing in salt waters.

2. The competent authority may, after consultation with the fishingboat owners' and fishermen's organisations concerned, where such exist, grant exemptions from the application of the provisions of this Convention in respect of vessels which do not normally remain at sea for periods of more than three days.

3. This Convention shall not apply to fishing in ports and harbours or in estuaries of rivers, or to individuals fishing for sport or recreation.

¹ In accordance with article 7, the Convention came into force on 7 November 1961, twelve months after the date on which ratifications of two Members of the International Labour Organisation (Liberia and Guinea) had been registered with the Director-General of the International Labour Office. Thereafter, the Convention shall come into force for any Member twelve months after the date on which its ratification has been registered.

The ratifications of the following States were registered with the Director-General of the International Labour Office on the dates indicated :

Liberia	16 May	1960
Guinea	7 November	1960
Bulgaria	2 March	1961
Yugoslavia	26 May	1961
Guatemala	2 August	1961
Spain	7 August	1961