

Controlling disease due to helminth infections



edited by

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World Health Organization
Geneva

Additional reading

The attention of readers is drawn to the following recent publications, which are closely concerned with the control of disease due to helminth infections:

Crompton DWT et al., eds (2003) Preparing to control schistosomiasis and soil-transmitted helminthiasis in the twenty-first century. *Acta Tropica*, 86(2–3):121–347.

Drake L et al. (2002) School-age children: their nutrition and health. *SCN News*, 25:4–30.

Montresor A et al. (2002). *Helminth control in school-age children: a guide for managers of control programmes*. Geneva, World Health Organization.

Stephenson LS, Holland CV, Otteson EA, eds. (2000) *Controlling intestinal helminths while eliminating lymphatic filariasis*. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press (supplement to *Parasitology*, 121).

WHO (2002) *Prevention and control of schistosomiasis and soil-transmitted helminthiasis. Report of a WHO Expert Committee*. Geneva, World Health Organization (WHO Technical Report Series, No. 912).

WHO (2002) *Success in Africa: the Onchocerciasis Control Programme in West Africa, 1974–2002*. Geneva, World Health Organization.

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WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION
GENEVA
2003

WHO Library Cataloguing-in-Publication data

Controlling disease due to helminth infections / edited by
D. W. T. Crompton . . . [et al.].

1.Helminthiasis—prevention and control 2.Helminthiasis—drug therapy 3.Anthelmintics—
pharmacology 4.National health programs 5.Epidemiologic studies 6.Evaluation studies
I.Crompton, David W. T. II.Controlling Disease due to Helminth Infections (2000 : Bali,
Indonesia)

ISBN 92 4 156239 0

(NLM classification: WC 800)

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Designed by minimum graphics New Zealand

Typeset by SNP Best-set Typesetter Ltd., Hong Kong

Printed by Interpint, Malta

When Carlo Urbani took it upon himself to investigate the new and deadly disease we now know as SARS (severe acute respiratory syndrome) and so alert the world to this emerging danger, he did so without the slightest regard for his own health and safety. He died of SARS in Bangkok on 29 March 2003 aged 46, at the pinnacle of his career – first and foremost as a physician but also as an authority on the prevention and control of parasitic disease.

Carlo Urbani now stands shoulder to shoulder with Edward Jenner, Ignaz Semmelweis, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Rudolph Virchow, Matthew Lukwiya and other giants of public health whose efforts have relieved us from the burden of infectious disease.

Carlo contributed to this volume, which is dedicated to his memory with affection and admiration.

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