Regional Consultation on Nutrition and HIV/AIDS: Evidence, lessons and recommendations for action in South-East Asia

Bangkok, Thailand, 8-11 October 2007



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Abbreviations

AIDS Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome

ART Antiretroviral Therapy

AFASS Acceptable, feasible, affordable, sustainable and safe

BFHI Baby-Friendly Hospital Initiative

BMI Body Mass Index

FANTA Food and Nutrition Technical Assistance

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization

GFATM Global Fund to fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria

HAART Highly active antiretroviral therapy

HIV Human immunodeficiency virus

IAEA International Atomic Energy Agency

IATT Inter-agency Task Team

ICDDR,B The International Centre for Diarrhoeal Disease Research,

Bangladesh

ICN International Conference on Nutrition

IYCF Infant and Young Child Feeding

KHANA Khamar HIV/AIDS NGO Alliance

MI Micronutrient Initiative

NICHD National Institute of Child Health and Human Development

NIH National Institutes of Health

OVC Other vulnerable children

PEPFAR President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief

PLWHAs People living with HIV/AIDS

PMTCT Prevention of mother-to-child transmission

RUTF Ready to use therapeutic foods

SAM Severe acute malnutrition

SCN Standing Committee on Nutrition

SEAR South-East Asia Region

TRC Tuberculosis Research Centre

UNAIDS Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS

UNHCR United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

USAID United States Agency for International Development

VCT Voluntary Counselling and Testing

WFP World Food Programme

WHA World Health Assembly

Executive summary

1. Introduction

An estimated 39.5 million people were living with HIV/AIDS at the end of 2006, of which 4 million were in the South-East Asia Region. The HIV/AIDS epidemic continues to have a devastating impact on health, nutrition, food security and overall socioeconomic development of the population affected by the disease. HIV and nutrition are strongly related to each other. Immune deficiency as a result of HIV infection leads to malnutrition which in turn, leads to immune deficiency, worsens the effect of HIV and contributes to more rapid progression to AIDS. Malnutrition rates are also high in the South-East Asia Region. Good nutrition for people living with HIV increases resistance to infection, maintains weight, improves the quality of life as well as drug compliance and efficacy.

This joint regional consultation was proposed as a direct response to the 2006 World Health Assembly resolution WHA 59.11 on Nutrition and HIV/AIDS whereby the Member States requested the Director-General to strengthen technical guidance to Member States for incorporating HIV/AIDS issues in national nutrition policies and programmes; and to support the development and dissemination of science-based recommendations, guidelines and tools on nutritional care and

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