

Benchmarks for training in traditional/complementary and alternative medicine



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Benchmarks for Training in Unani medicine



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## **Contents**

Con	ntents	111
Ack	knowledgements	v
Foreword		vii
Pref	face	ix
Intr	oduction	1
1.	Origin and principles of Unani medicine	3
1.1	Concepts of the stages of digestion	
1.2	States of the human body (Haalaat al-jism)	4
1.3	Physical temperament (Mizaj)	4
1.4	Prevention of disease	4
1.5	Faculties/Powers (Quwa)	5
2.	Training of Unani medicine practitioners	7
2.1	Type I programme	
2.2	Type II programme	8
2.3	Type III programme	
3.	Safety issues	11
Sele	ected bibliography	13
Annex 1: Glossary		
	nex 2: WHO Consultation on Phytotherapy, Milan, Italy,	
20 - 2	23 November 2006: list of participants	17

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### **Foreword**

The oldest existing therapeutic systems used by humanity for health and well-being are called Traditional Medicine or Complementary and Alternative Medicine (TM/CAM).

Increasingly, TM/CAM is being formally used within existing health-care systems. When practised correctly, TM/CAM can help protect and improve citizens' health and well-being. The appropriate use of TM/CAM therapies and products, however, requires consideration of issues of safety, efficacy and quality. This is the basis of consumer protection and is no different, in principle, from what underpins modern medical practice. Upholding basic requirements for the modern practice of TM/CAM therapies can support national health authorities in the establishment of adequate laws, rules, and licensing practices.

These considerations have guided the work of the Regional Government of Lombardy in TM/CAM which was first included in the Regional Health Plan 2002-2004. Clinical and observational studies in the region of Lombardy have provided a crucial step in the evaluation of TM/CAM. With the help of data from these studies, a series of governmental provisions have been used to create a framework for the protection of consumers and providers. The cornerstone of this process was the first Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for the Quadrennial Cooperation Plan which was signed between the Regional Government of Lombardy and the World Health Organization. The MOU highlighted the need for certain criteria to be met including: the rational use of TM/CAM by consumers; good practice; quality; safety; and the promotion of clinical and observational studies of TM/CAM. When they were published in 2004, the WHO guidelines for developing consumer information on proper use of traditional, complementary, and alternative medicine were incorporated into this first MOU.

In the region of Lombardy, citizens currently play an active role in their health-care choices. The awareness of the advantages as well as of the risks of every type of care is therefore critical, also when a citizen actively chooses to use TM/CAM.

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