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***Pre-stems*:
Suffixes used in the selection of INN
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Programme on International Nonproprietary Names (INN)

Technologies Standards and Norms (TSN)

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*The prestems given have been flagged because they may be selected as official stems ("The use of stems in the selection of International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances", 2013, WHO/EMP /RHT/TSN/2013.1). At present, they are made available for information and potential guidance to the applicants.

*stem**-suffix**-infix-***In bold:** new pre-stems selected during the 57th INN Consultation.**In bold and underlined:** Pre-stems newly promoted to Stems status*definition*

<i>-algron</i>	α_1 -adrenoreceptor agonists
<i>-ampator</i>	amino-hydroxymethyl-isoxazole-propionic acid (AMPA) receptor modulators
<i>-apt-</i>	aptamers, classical and mirror ones
<i>-ast</i>	<i>antiasthmatics, antiallergics, not acting primarily as antihistaminics</i>
<u>-tegr-</u>	<u>integrin antagonists</u>
<i>-asvir</i>	see <i>vir</i>
<i>-axomab</i>	see <i>mab</i>
<i>-berel</i>	beta estrogen receptor agonists
<i>-brutinib</i>	see <i>tinib</i>
<i>-calcet/-calcet-</i>	Calcium-Sensing Receptors (CaSR) agonists
<i>-camra</i>	intracellular adhesion molecule, ICAM-1 derivatives
<i>-casan</i>	caspase (interleukin-1b) converting enzyme inhibitors
<i>-caserin</i>	serotonin receptor agonists (mostly 5-HT ₂)
<i>-catib</i>	cathepsin inhibitors
<u>-ciclib</u>	<u>cyclin dependant kinase inhibitors</u>
<u>-citinib</u>	see <i>-tinib</i>
<i>-ciclosporin</i>	ciclosporin derivatives
<i>-codar</i>	see <i>dar</i>
<i>-corat</i>	<i>glucocorticoid receptor agonists</i>
<i>-cridar</i>	see <i>dar</i>

<i>dar</i>	<i>drugs used in multidrug resistance</i>
- <i>cri</i> -	acridinecarboxamide derivatives
- <i>co</i> -	pipecolate derivatives
- <i>spo</i> -	ciclosporin D derivatives
- <i>degib</i>	SMO receptor antagonists
- <i>depsin</i>	depsipeptide derivatives
- <i>domide</i>	antineoplastics, thalidomide derivatives
- <i>dotin</i>	synthetic derivatives of dolastatin series
- <i>ectedin</i>	ecteinascidin derivatives
- <i>estrant</i>	estrogen antagonists
- <i>farnib</i>	farnesyl transferase inhibitors
- <i>fensine</i>	norepinephrine, serotonin, dopamine reuptake inhibitors
- <i>fibatide</i>	see <i>tide</i>
- <i>fulven</i>	antineoplastic, acylfulven derivatives
- <i>gacestat</i>	see <i>-stat</i>
- <i>ganan</i>	antimicrobial, bactericidal permeability increasing polypeptides
- <i>gepant</i>	calcitonin gene-related peptide receptor antagonists
- <i>glurant</i>	metabotropic glutamate receptors antagonists / negative
- <i>gapil</i>	neuronal apoptosis inhibitors, GAPDH
- <i>imepodib</i>	inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase inhibitors
- <i>isant</i>	histamine H ₃ receptor antagonists
- <i>kalner</i>	openers of calcium-activated (maxi-K) K ⁺ -channels

-laner	antagonists of GABA (gamma-aminobutyric acid) regulated chloride channels, antiparasitic agents
<i>-leptin(e)</i>	leptin derivatives
<i>mab</i>	<i>monoclonal antibodies</i>
<i>-axo-</i>	rat-murine hybrid antibodies
<i>-metinib</i>	see <i>tinib</i>
<i>-moren</i>	non-peptidic growth hormone secretagogues
<i>-nepag</i>	prostaglandins receptors agonists, non-prostanoids
<i>-nesib</i>	kinesin inhibitors
<i>-neurin</i>	neurotrophins
<i>nil</i>	<i>benzodiazepine receptor antagonists/agonists</i>
<i>-punil</i>	mitochondrial benzodiazepine receptor (MBR)- selective agonists also partial or inverse (purine derivatives)
<i>-opran</i>	μ -opioid receptors antagonists
<i>-orexant</i>	orexin receptor antagonists
<i>-osuran</i>	urotensin receptor antagonists
<i>-otilate</i>	hepatoprotectants, diisopropyl-1,3-dithiol-malonate derivatives
<i>-patril/-patrilat</i>	see <i>tril/trilat</i>
<i>-paxar</i>	protease activated receptor type 1 (PAR1) antagonists
<u>-piprant</u>	<u>prostaglandins receptors antagonists, non-prostanoids</u>

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_28055

