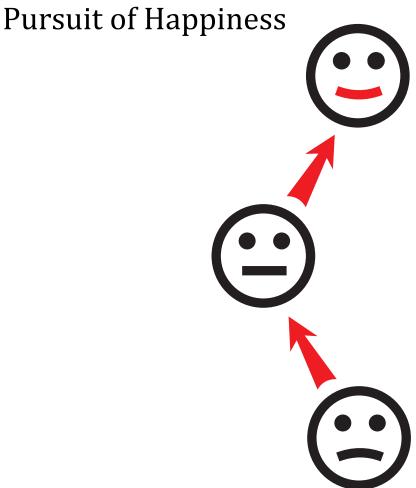


pursuit of happiness

Promotion of Mental Well-being





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Contents

Pre	eface		v	
Ex	ecutiv	e summary	1	
1.	Bacl	kground	3	
2.	Defi	initions and descriptions	5	
3.	Prog	grammes promoting mental well-being	9	
	3.1	European Union	10	
	3.2	Governments	10	
	3.3	United Nations organizations	14	
	3.4	Global initiatives	16	
	3.5	Related programmes of other organizations	16	
4.	Reg	Regional initiatives on mental well-being		
	4.1	Initial steps	20	
	4.2	Regional meeting of experts on promotion of mental well-being	20	
	4.3	Regional workshop on promotion of mental well-being	21	
5.	App	Approaches to promote mental well-being		
	5.1	Health promotion	24	
	5.2	Macroeconomic approaches	24	
	5.3	Addressing inequality, stigmatization and social exclusion	25	
	5.4	Addressing the determinants	26	
	5.5	Spiritual approaches	27	
	5.6	Cultural approaches	28	
6.	Sett	Settings to promote mental well-being		
	6.1	Countries	30	
	6.2	Communities	31	
	6.3	Workplaces	32	
	6.4	Schools	33	
	6 5	Families	9.1	

PROMOTION OF MENTAL WELL-BEING

7.	Cour	ntry programmes and activities	37
	7.1	Bhutan	38
	7.2	Sri Lanka	38
	7.3	Thailand	44
8.	Aspe	ects of interventions to promote mental	
	well-	-being	47
	8.1	Developing programmes aimed at primordial prevention	48
	8.2	Population-level application and public health approaches	48
	8.3	Operationalizing programmes	49
	8.4	Implementation of programmes	49
	8.5	Evaluation of interventions	
	8.6	Sustaining change	51
9.		ponents of interventions to improve	-0
		tal well-being	
	9.1	Early childhood interventions	
	9.2	Addressing violence and aggression	
	9.3	Addressing harm from alcohol use	
	9.4	Improving the physical environment	
	9.5	Economic issues	
	9.6	Strengthening formal and informal networks	
	9.7	Specific interventions for the elderly	
	9.8	Improving mental health literacy	
	9.9	Promoting media awareness	
	9.10	Promoting community resilience	59
10.	Strat	tegies to improve mental well-being	61
	10.1	Developing a regional plan to scale up interventions	62
	10.2	Creating a framework for cooperation among Member States	62
Con	clusic	on	64
Anr	nexes		
1.	Exar	mples of indicators for community	
		ventions to reduce domestic violence	66
2.		tal well-being in schools of Punakha	
	Dist	rict, Bhutan	67
Refe	erence	es	68

IV PURSUIT OF HAPPINESS

Preface



The World Health Organization (WHO) defines health as a 'state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity'. In addition, WHO qualifies mental well-being as 'a state of well-being in which the individual realizes his or her own abilities, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to his or her community'.

WHO's definition of health clearly emphasizes well-being; however, the mental well-being component of the definition has not been operationalized widely as a public health strategy. To address this, the WHO Regional Office for South-East Asia has taken the initiative to develop programmes to promote mental well-being as summarized in this document.

Mental well-being should be interpreted in the sociocultural context of individuals, families and communities. It should be considered as a continuum or spectrum, rather than a state that is either present or absent. Clearly, multiple sectors of government and civil society must work together if we wish to assure the mental well-being of our society.

In programmes on promotion of mental well-being, the concept of 'primordial prevention' should be used; that is, preventing the penetration of risk factors into populations. For example, if we implement a programme on stress management, it implies that stress has already occurred, and may lead to mental illness. Through primordial prevention, we wish to prevent stress from occurring in the first place and enable people to be happy and content in their daily lives.

Although the promotion of mental well-being seems to focus on the individual, it should be noted that an individual's well-being contributes to family well-being which, in turn, influences community well-being. The reverse is also true – community and family well-being translate to individual well-being. Evidence from the WHO South-East Asia Region suggests that such public health approaches to promoting the well-being of populations can be implemented through practical community-based programmes, with community participation.

This publication, it is hoped, will be found useful by those interested in promoting the mental well-being of people in the South-East Asia Region.

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Regional Director

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