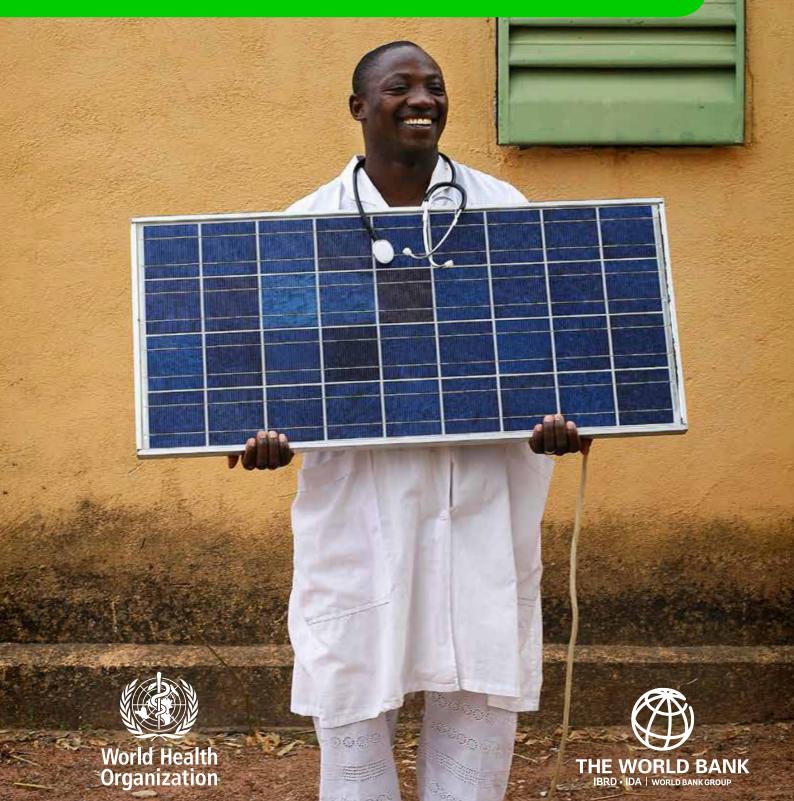
Access to Modern Energy Services for Health Facilities in Resource-Constrained Settings

A Review of Status, Significance, Challenges and Measurement



WHO Library Cataloguing-in-Publication Data:

Access to modern energy services for health facilities in resource-constrained settings: a review of status, significance, challenges and measurement.

1.Energy-Generating Resources. 2.Solar Energy. 3.Electricity. 4.Power Plants. 5.Health Facilities. 6.Delivery of Health Care. 7.Developing Countries. I.World Health Organization. II.World Bank.

ISBN 978 92 4 150764 6 (NLM classification: WX 147)

© World Health Organization 2014 Reprinted in 2015 with changes

All rights reserved. Publications of the World Health Organization are available on the WHO website (www.who.int) or can be purchased from WHO Press, World Health Organization, 20 Avenue Appia, 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland (tel.: +41 22 791 3264; fax: +41 22 791 4857; e-mail: bookorders@who.int).

Requests for permission to reproduce or translate WHO publications –whether for sale or for non-commercial distribution – should be addressed to WHO Press through the WHO website (www.who.int/about/licensing/copyright_form/en/index.html).

The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization or the World Bank and its affiliates concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by the World Health Organization in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters.

All reasonable precautions have been taken by the World Health Organization to verify the information contained in this publication. However, findings, interpretations, and conclusions expressed in this report are entirely those of the author(s) and should not be attributed in any manner to its co-sponsors or funders, including the World Bank, or its affiliated organizations, or to members of its board of executive directors for the countries they represent. The published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall the World Health Organization, the World Bank or their affiliates be liable for damages arising from its use.

Printed in Switzerland

Access to Modern Energy Services for Health Facilities in Resource-Constrained Settings

A Review of Status, Significance, Challenges and Measurement





Acknowledgements

This study is a joint effort by the World Health Organization (WHO), aimed at improving quality, safety and accessibility of health services in support of universal health coverage, and The World Bank in furtherance of the Energy Sector Management Assistance Program (ESMAP)-funded activity on Defining and Measuring Access to Energy for Socio-Economic Development. The WHO inputs are drawn from two years of comprehensive review of energy use in the health sector as part of the Health in the Green Economy series, for which the preliminary findings were published in 2011 and the full report is to be published in 2015. The study also draws upon the framework for measuring energy access developed by the World Bank in consultation with partner agencies to track progress under the Sustainable Energy for All (SE4All) initiative.

Authors and contributors

The lead authors are Mikul Bhatia, Nicolina Angelou, Ruchi Soni and Elisa Portale of the World Bank, and Elaine R. Fletcher, Susan Wilburn, Heather Adair-Rohani and Carlos Dora of WHO's Department of Public Health, Social and Environmental Determinants of Health (PHE). Significant contributions were provided by Michaela Pfeiffer of WHO/PHE and by World Bank consultants Mary Willcox, Drew Corbyn and Rebecca Gunning of Practical Action Consulting. Technical contributions were also made by Vincent Anayochukwu Ani of the Department of Electronic Engineering, University of Nigeria, Nsukka, Nigeria, particularly with regard to hybrid solar/diesel case studies; by Bertrand Klaiber and Klaus Schönenberger of the EssentialTech initiative of the Cooperation & Development Centre at Ecole Polytechnique Féderale de Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland, particularly with regard to refinement of the table of electricity requirements for medical devices and appliances. Claire Preaud, Marina Takane, and Kavitha Viswanathan of WHO's Service Availability and Readiness Assessment (SARA) team in WHO's Results

Monitoring and Evaluation unit, Department of Health Statistics and Information Systems, provided inputs to this report in light of their experiences with health infrastructure surveys.

The work benefitted from the overall guidance provided by Vivien Foster of the World Bank and Maria Neira, director of WHO's Department of Public Health, Environmental and Social Determinants of Health.

Peer reviewers

The study was peer-reviewed by Anne M. Pierre-Louis (lead health specialist), Brent Gary Hampton (senior energy specialist), Mohua Mukherjee (senior energy specialist) and Istvan Dobozi (consultant) of the World Bank. WHO reviewers included: Annette C. Kuesel (scientist, UNDP/UNICEF/World Bank / WHO Special Programme for Research and Training in Tropical Diseases); Kathryn O'Neill (coordinator, Results Monitoring and Evaluation, Department of Health Statistics and Information Systems); and Adriana Velazquez (coordinator, Essential Medicines and Health Products (EMP)). The table of electricity requirements was reviewed and refined with the support of Jennifer Barragan and Alejandra Velez Ruiz Gaitan, both of WHO's unit for Essential Medicines and Health Products, Denis Maire (scientist, Department of Immunization, Vaccines & Biologicals) and Miriam Mikhail, diagnostic radiologist consultant, PHE and EMP. Hal Aronson and Brent Moellenberg, of WE CARE Solar (Berkeley, CA, USA), also reviewed the table of medical device energy requirements.

External review of the entire document was further provided by Steven McCarney, director of cold chain solutions, Solar Electric Light Fund (SELF); Dr. Brahmanand Mohanty, Visiting Professor (energy), Asian Institute for Technology; and Walter Vernon PE, LEED®AP (M+NLB, San Francisco, CA, USA). Copy editor Vallaurie Crawford

Graphic design

Aaron Andrade, Inís Communication

Proofreading and production support

Ariel Charney, Madeleine Pawlowski, Zia Saleh, Megan Smith and Maxwell Tucker

Financial and technical support

Financial and technical support by the Energy Sector Management Assistance Program (ESMAP) is gratefully acknowledged. ESMAP is a global knowledge and technical assistance trust fund initiative administered by the World Bank, which assists low- and middle-income countries to increase know-how and institutional capacity to achieve environmentally sustainable energy solutions for poverty reduction and economic growth.

Photos

- Cover: Dr. Sidiki Toe with a new solar panel capable of powering a fridge and electric lights at the Kaara health centre, Mali (Photo: Abbie Trayler-Smith, Panos).
- Chapter 1 cover: Masougbo Chiefdom Primary Health Unit, Bombali District, Sierra Leone: During the rainy season and at night, the work of midwife Zainab Manserray is facilitated through the use of solar lighting (Photo: Abbie Trayler-Smith/H4+/Panos).
- Chapter 2 cover: An Ugandan nurse vaccinates a woman shortly after giving birth in a room illuminated by a solar-powered electric light affixed to the ceiling (Photo: Sam Wamani/Innovation Africa).
- Chapter 3 cover, top: Health worker performs a check-up at a newly-electrified health clinic in Ban Nongbuakham, Thakek District, Khammouane Province, Lao PDR (Photo: Bart Verweij / World Bank).

- Chapter 3 cover, middle: In Port-au-Prince, Haiti, technicians prepare to analyze stained sputum smears for TB diagnosis using new, low-energy LED microscope technology (Photo ©FIND/M-C Gutierrez).
- Chapter 3 cover, bottom: A portable generator is readied to power equipment at the Fond Parisien Field Hospital, Haiti, established after the 2010 earthquake. Such generators are often the only power source off-grid or in emergency response (Photo: Marshall Segal).
- Chapter 4 cover, top: Transformers at a grid transmission station (Photo: Sozaijiten).
- Chapter 4 cover, middle: Construction workers adjust equipment for the photovoltaic solar power system on the roof of University Hospital of Mirebalais, Haiti (Photo: Jon Chew / Partners In Health).
- Chapter 4 cover, bottom: In Aloha, Nepal, nurses and a midwife test the LED light powered by their new modular PV solar system, dubbed the "solar suitcase" (Photo: Dr. Bradley Wong/We Care Solar).
- Chapter 5 cover: Industrial electrical control panel (Photo: iStock).
- Chapter 6 cover, top: Midwife student Sahr Philip Sheku examines a patient with the help of a small solar-powered light in Bombali District, Sierra Leone (Photo: Abbie Trayler-Smith /Panos).
- Chapter 6 cover, middle: Natural ventilation design of a new South African health facility aims to curb cross-infection of patients with drug-resistant TB (Photo: Geoff Abbott, Council for Scientific and Industrial Research [CSIR] in South Africa).
- Chapter 6 cover, bottom: At Rikshospitalet in Norway, skylights provide daylighting in the recovery room for post-operative patients, reducing electricity requirements (Photo: Joel Loveland, University of Washington Integrated Design Lab).
- Chapter 7 cover: Women wait to vaccinate their babies at a health clinic in Mali (Photo: Dominic Chavez/ WB/Flickr).

List of abbreviations and acronyms

T

AFREA	Africa Renewable Energy Access
	programme
AC	Alternating current
BCG	Bacillus Calmette-Guérin
CD4	Cluster of differentiation 4
CFL	Compact florescent light
СНР	Co-generation of heat and power
DC	Direct current
D&C	Dilation (or dilatation) and curettage
DECRG	Development Economics Research Group
DOTS	Directly Observed Treatment, Short-course (for tuberculosis)
DHS	Demographic and health surveys
EC	European Commission
ELISA	Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay
GHO	Global Health Observatory
GTF	Global Tracking Framework for Sustainable Energy for All initiative

IEA	International Energy Agency
kWp	Kilowatt-peak
LED	Light-emitting diode
LSMS	Living Standards Measurement Study
MDG	Millennium Development Goal
NRHM	National Rural Health Mission
РМ	Particulate matter
PV	Photovoltaic
SARA	Service Availability and Readiness Assessment
SE4All	Sustainable Energy for All
SPA	Service provision assessment
ТВ	Tuberculosis
TERI	The Energy and Resources Institute
UHFWC	Union Health and Family Welfare Centre
USAID	United States of America Agency for International Development

Table of contents

5. Improving measurement of electricity access in health facilities	45
Needs and benefits of a monitoring metric	45
Attributes of electricity supply	46
Enhanced health clinic surveys and data collection tools	50
6. A 'multi-tier metric' for electricity access	53
Electricity access tier ratings for health facilities	54
Electricity access index: aggregation of tiers into a single value.	57
Disaggregated data analysis	58
Limitations of the proposed methodology.	59
Assessing supply in relation to demand: the 'electricity access gap'	59
7. Way forward	63
Next steps	63
Conclusions	66
Annex 1: A proposed SARA energy module: sample survey questions for multi-ti measurement	
Annex 2: Compendium of existing health services surveys	73
Annex 3: Categorization of health care facilities	79
Annex 4: Comparing Costs and Emissions of Alternative Energy Strategies in a Scenario Using Conventional Medical Devices and Energy-Efficient Dev	vices 80
Annex 5: Links to sources of values on indicative electricity demand for applianc and devices	
References	97

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:



https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_27503