# DELIVERING GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY THROUGH SUSTAINABLE FINANCING













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Cataloguing-in-Publication (CIP) data. CIP data are available at http://apps.who.int/iris.

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Design: crayonbleu.com - +33 (0)47 261 0999 Printed in Geneva. Switzerland

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### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The high-level meeting on Delivering global health security through sustainable financing was jointly convened by the World Health Organization (WHO) and the Government of the Republic of Korea.

WHO wishes to thank the Government of the Republic of Korea for its warm and generous hospitality and for the exceptional organization of the meeting.

WHO would also like to thank the German Government for its generous financial contributions to the meeting.

The success of the meeting would not have been possible without the outstanding contributions of all participating countries, partner organisations and invited experts.

Report and editing by Mark Nunn.

### LIST OF ACRONYMS & ABBREVIATIONS

AFRO WHO Regional Office for Africa

AMR Antimicrobial resistance

APSED Asia-Pacific Strategy for Emerging Diseases
BRAC Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee

CAT DDO Catastrophe deferred drawdown option (World Bank)
CEPI Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (WEF)

DRM Disaster risk management
DRR Disaster risk reduction

**ECOWAS** Economic Community Of West African States

**EOC** Emergency operations centre

**FAO** UN Food and Agriculture Organization **FETP(s)** Field epidemiology training programme(s)

GHSA Global Health Security Agenda

HSFAT Health Security Financing Assessment Tool (World Bank)

International Bank for Reconstruction and Development

ICRC International Committee of the Red Cross

**IDA** International Development Association (World Bank)

IFRC International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

IHR International Health Regulations

IHR MEF International Health Regulations monitoring & evaluation framework

IPC Infection prevention and control
IPU Inter-Parliamentary Union
JEE Joint external evaluation

**KOICA** Korea International Cooperation Agency

M&E Monitoring & evaluationMCH Maternal and child healthMP(s) Member(s) of parliament

NAPHS National action plan(s) for health security

NHSP(s) National health strategic plan(s)
OIE World Organisation for Animal Health

PEF Pandemic Emergency Financing Facility (World Bank)

**PVS** Performance of veterinary services (PVS Tool)

SARS Severe acute respiratory syndrome SDG(s) Sustainable Development Goal(s)

SEARO WHO Regional Office for South East Asia

**SOP(s)** Standard operating procedure(s)

**UN** United Nations

UNISDR UN International Strategy for Disaster Reduction

USD United States Dollars
WEF World Economic Forum

WHE WHO Health Emergencies Programme

WHO World Health Organization

WPRO WHO Regional Office for the Western Pacific Region

### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The meeting on "Delivering Global Health Security through Sustainable Financing" was convened by the World Health Organization (WHO) and the Government of the Republic of Korea in Seoul on 26-27 July 2017, to identify sustainable financing mechanisms and ways to increase and improve the efficiency of domestic and global financing for health security.

Over120 participants from countries, parliaments, international organizations and financial institutions reviewed progress in implementing the International Health Regulations Monitoring and Evaluation Framework (IHR MEF) and national and sub-national planning processes for health security. They discussed how countries can shape national plans to contribute to regional and global health security and mobilize domestic and international resources.

This was the third global health security meeting organized by WHO since 2015. The first, held in Cape Town, South Africa in 2015<sup>1</sup>, emphasized Member States' commitments to build global health security beyond Ebola. The second, held in Bali, Indonesia in 2016<sup>2</sup>, underscored the importance of a sustainable and long-term mechanism for financing country preparedness. This third meeting focused on ways to improve the efficiency of domestic and global financing for health security.

Multisectoral and multi-disciplinary health security stakeholders agreed that investment in preparedness must be underpinned by strong national ownership and leadership at the highest level. Multisectoral national action plans important gap underlines the value of the National Action Plans for Health Security (NAPHS) as a means of building that coordination.

Planning is not an academic exercise, but a matter of utmost importance for building sustainable capacities to serve vulnerable people affected by health emergencies. Sustainable domestic financing across sectors responsible for health must be multisectoral and flexible enough to allow countries to take action in the most appropriate manner. Investment in preparedness is not a onetime investment, but an ongoing effort and sustainability the key issue discussed in this meeting.

## Securing domestic resources for sustainable health security

Country ownership of national preparedness is crucial to sustainable financing. It is important that countries determine their own solutions to national needs and regional/global obligations. One clear way to do this is for countries to commit to domestic investments in their multisectoral national plans.

Parliamentarians have an important role to play in achieving this, providing oversight, championing health security, and advocating for budgets for domestic funding. As countries embrace responsibility for global health security, they will be better equipped to engage with donors and international organizations as full and equal partners.

Investment in preparedness: epic solutions for epic problems

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