WHO Immunological Basis for Immunization Series

Module 7: Measles Update 2020

Immunization, Vaccines and Biologicals



WHO Immunological Basis for Immunization Series

Module 7: Measles Update 2020

Immunization, Vaccines and Biologicals



The immunological basis for immunization series: module 7: measles. Update 2020 (Immunological basis for immunization series; module 7)

ISBN 978-92-4-151665-5

© World Health Organization 2020

Some rights reserved. This work is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-Non Commercial-ShareAlike 3.0 IGO licence (CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO; https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/igo).

Under the terms of this licence, you may copy, redistribute and adapt the work for non-commercial purposes, provided the work is appropriately cited, as indicated below. In any use of this work, there should be no suggestion that WHO endorses any specific organization, products or services. The use of the WHO logo is not permitted. If you adapt the work, then you must license your work under the same or equivalent Creative Commons licence. If you create a translation of this work, you should add the following disclaimer along with the suggested citation: "This translation was not created by the World Health Organization (WHO). WHO is not responsible for the content or accuracy of this translation. The original English edition shall be the binding and authentic edition".

Any mediation relating to disputes arising under the licence shall be conducted in accordance with the mediation rules of the World Intellectual Property Organization.

Suggested citation. The immunological basis for immunization series: module 7: measles. Update 2020. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2020 (Immunological basis for immunization series; module 7). Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Cataloguing-in-Publication (CIP) data. CIP data are available at http://apps.who.int/iris.

Sales, rights and licensing. To purchase WHO publications, see http://apps.who.int/bookorders.

To submit requests for commercial use and queries on rights and licensing, see http://www.who.int/about/licensing.

Third-party materials. If you wish to reuse material from this work that is attributed to a third party, such as tables, figures or images, it is your responsibility to determine whether permission is needed for that reuse and to obtain permission from the copyright holder. The risk of claims resulting from infringement of any third-party-owned component in the work rests solely with the user.

General disclaimers. The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters.

All reasonable precautions have been taken by WHO to verify the information contained in this publication. However, the published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall WHO be liable for damages arising from its use.

Contents

Ab	brevu	ations and acronyms	v
Pre	face .		vii
Aci	know	ledgements	viii
Co	nflict	of interest	ix
1.	The	organism, disease and vaccines	1
	1.1	Measles	2
	1.2	Measles virus	
	1.3	Measles virus vaccines	
2.	Immunological responses to natural infection		9
	2.1	Innate immune responses	
	2.2	Antibody responses	
	2.3	Cellular immune responses	
	2.4	Immunological memory	
	2.5	Immune suppression	
3.	Immunological responses to immunization		12
	3.1	Immunological basis for measles immunization	12
	3.2	Immunological basis for two doses of measles-containing vaccine	12
	3.3	Immunological basis for the optimal age of measles immunization	
	3.4	Co-infections, nutritional status and host factors	
	3.5	Measurement of protection after immunization	
	3.6	Duration of protection and waning immunity	
	3.7	Unintended immunological consequences of measles vaccination	
4.	Imn	nunological basis for measles elimination	23
Re	feren	ces	25

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADEM Acute demyelinating encephalomyelitis

BCG Bacillus Calmette-Guérin vaccine

CD Cluster of differentiation

DTH Delayed-type hypersensitivity

EIA Enzyme immunoassay

ELISA Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay

EPI Expanded Programme on Immunization

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

FI-RSV Formalin-inactivated respiratory syncytial virus vaccine

F protein Fusion protein

H protein Haemagglutinin protein

HAART Highly active antiretroviral therapy

HI Hemagglutination inhibition

HIV Human immunodeficiency virus

HLA Human leukocyte antigen

IFN Interferon

Ig Immunoglobulin

IL Interleukin

IQR Interquartile range

MCV Measles-containing vaccine

MIBE Measles inclusion body encephalitis

MMR Measles, mumps and rubella

MR Measles and rubella

MV Measles virus

٧

N Nucleoprotein

NIBSC National Institute for Biological Standards and Control

NK cells Natural killer cells

PFU Plaque-forming units

 R° Basic reproductive number

RNA Ribonucleic acid

SNPs Single-nucleotide polymorphisms

SSPE Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis

TCID Tissue culture infective dose

WHO World Health Organization

Preface

This module is part of the World Health Organization (WHO) series *The immunological basis for immunization*, which was initially developed in 1993 as a set of eight modules, comprising one module on general immunology and seven modules each devoted to one of the vaccines recommended for the Expanded Programme on Immunization – i.e. vaccines against diphtheria, measles, pertussis, polio, tetanus, tuberculosis and yellow fever. Since then, this series has been updated and extended to include other vaccines of international importance. The main purpose of the modules is to provide national immunization managers and vaccination professionals with an overview of the scientific basis of vaccination against a range of important infectious diseases. The modules developed since 1993 continue to be vaccine-specific, reflecting the biological differences in immune responses to the individual pathogens and the differing strategies employed to create the best possible level of protection that can be provided by vaccination. The modules also serve as a record of the immunological basis for the WHO recommendations on vaccine use, as published in the WHO vaccine position papers.¹

预览已结束,完整报告链接和二维码如下:

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5 24747

