# The impact of COVID-19 on mental, neurological and substance use services:

## results of a rapid assessment





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The impact of COVID-19 on mental, neurological and substance use services: results of a rapid assessment ISBN 978-92-4-001245-5 (electronic version) ISBN 978-92-4-001246-2 (print version)

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### Acknowledgements

The survey was implemented by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Use, World Health Organization, Geneva. The guidance and conceptualization for the rapid assessment were provided by Dévora Kestel; Tarun Dua coordinated the overall implementation; and Fahmy Hanna and Jorge Castro led the questionnaire design, data management, statistical analysis and preparation of the final report.

The following colleagues from WHO headquarters provided significant inputs and support in the development of the survey and its implementation, and/or reviewed the final report: Natacha Carragher, Ken Carswell, Neerja Chowdhary, Melanie Cowan, Nathalie Drew, Batool Fatima, Stefanie Freel, Michelle Funk, Jennifer Hall, Zee Han, Kavitha Kolappa, Dzmitry Krupchanka, Leanne Margaret, Maria Grazia Motturi, Kathryn O'Neill, Vladimir Poznyak, Briana Rivas, Nicoline Schiess, Katrin Seeher, Chiara Servili, Yuka Sumi, Diana Suzuki and Mark van Ommeren.

The following colleagues from the WHO regional offices supported the development and coordination of the rapid assessment: Florence Baingana from the WHO Regional Office from Africa; Andrea Bruni, Claudina Cayetano, Martha Koev, Carmen Martinez and Renato Oliveira from the WHO Regional Office from the Americas; Daniel Chisholm and Elena Shevkun from the WHO Regional Office from Europe; Wafaa Elsawy and Khalid Saeed for the WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean; Nazneen Anwar for the WHO Regional Office for South-East Asia; and Joanne Bisquera, Jennifer Hall, Yutaro Setoya and Martin Vandendyck from the WHO Regional Office from the Western Pacific. Special thanks go to staff in numerous WHO country offices who provided invaluable support in communication with Member States.

WHO thanks Marcel Minke who developed the web-based data collection tool and provided technical support, Georges Boussingault, who translated the questionnaire, David Wilson as the editor of this report, and Kellie Hopley for the design and layout of the report.

Finally, WHO thanks all Member States that took part in the rapid assessment, allowing for the analysis and completion of this report.

# Abbreviations

AFR	WHO African Region
AMR	WHO Region for the Americas
EMR	WHO Eastern Mediterranean Region
EUR	WHO European Region
IASC	Inter-Agency Standing Committee
MHPSS	Mental health and psychosocial support
MNS	Mental, neurological and substance use
NCD	Noncommunicable disease
NGO	Nongovernmental organization
PPE	Personal protective equipment
SEAR	WHO South-East Asia Region
WB	World Bank
WHO	World Health Organization
WPR	WHO Western Pacific Region

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#### Executive summary

The World Health Organization (WHO) has identified mental health as an integral component of the COVID-19 response. Its rapid assessment of service delivery for mental, neurological and substance use (MNS) disorders during the COVID-19 pandemic, on which this report is based, is the first attempt to measure the impact of the pandemic on such services at a global level. The data were collected through a web-based survey completed by mental health focal points at ministries of health between June and August 2020. The questionnaire covered the existence and funding of mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) plans, the presence and composition of MHPSS coordination platforms, the degree of continuation and causes of disruption of different MNS services, the approaches used to overcome these disruptions, and surveillance mechanisms and research on MNS data.

In total, 130 (67%) WHO Member States, across all WHO regions, submitted answers to the survey. Data were disaggregated by region, income group and stage of transmission of COVID-19.

The vast majority, 116 or 89% of responding countries, reported that MHPSS response is part of their national COVID-19 response plans. However, only 17% of these countries have ensured full additional funding for MHPSS covering all activities.

Two-thirds (65%) of responding countries have a multisectoral MHPSS coordination platform for COVID-19 response, and more than 65% of these countries include the ministries of health, social/family affairs and education and also nongovernmental organizations as part of these platforms.

Almost half (51%) of responding countries reported that ensuring the continuity of all MNS services was included in the list of essential health services in their national COVID-19 response plan, while 40% of countries reported the inclusion of some MNS services in the list of essential health services in their national response plan.

To understand government policies on access to a range of MNS services, the status of closure of existing services was checked across different categories and settings. A total of 10 types of services for MNS disorders were included, such as inpatient and outpatient services at mental hospitals; outpatient services, inpatient psychiatric and neurological units as well as treatment of substance use disorders at general hospitals; and services for MNS disorders at primary health care, residential, home and day care services at community level. No country reported a full closure of all services; but in only 7% of responding countries were all services fully open, with 93% of countries reported disruptions in one or more of their services for MNS disorders.

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