# ASSESSING COUNTRY HEALTH FINANCING SYSTEMS: THE HEALTH FINANCING PROGRESS MATRIX



Matthew Jowett
Joseph Kutzin
Soonman Kwon
Justine Hsu
Julia Sallaku
Juan Gregorio Solano



HEALTH FINANCING GUIDANCE NO 8

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#### **AUTHORS**

Matthew Jowett, WHO Geneva\*
Joseph Kutzin, WHO Geneva
Soonman Kwon, Seoul National University
Justine Hsu, WHO Geneva
Julia Sallaku, WHO Geneva
Juan Gregorio Solano, WHO Geneva

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<sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author

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#### **TIMELINE**

Initial conceptual development of the assessment took place during the first half of 2018, with revisions following an expert review meeting<sup>1</sup>. Country implementation of Version 1 as part of "proof-of-concept" testing followed in Afghanistan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Myanmar, Peru and United Republic of Tanzania through the second half of 2018. Initial experience from these countries was presented at the WHO Symposium on Health Financing for UHC 2018, Liverpool UK. A further seventeen countries then implemented Version 1, with the experience of Uganda and Tanzania presented at the African Health Economics Association 2019 Conference, in Accra, Ghana. The assessment tool was presented in numerous inter-agency meetings throughout 2019. Starting in early 2020, a systematic process of revising both the content of the assessment, and the development of detailed implementation guidance, were conducted. Edition 1 of the HFPM Country Assessment Guide, and a dashboard of publicly available quantitative indicators to support the assessment process, as well as a global knowledge database of country assessments, were also developed through 2020.

<sup>1</sup> The report from this meeting is available upon request. Organizations represented at the meeting were: World Bank, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, The Global Fund, R4D, USAID Tanzania, Instituto de Estudios Peruanos (Peru), Abt Associates, LSHTM, Queen Margaret University (UK), KEMRO-Welcome Trust, P4H, Thinkwell, Seoul National University.

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

AfHEA The African Health Economics and Policy Association

AFRO WHO Regional Office for Africa

AMRO WHO Regional Office for the Americas

BR Benefits and conditions of access
CHE Current Health Expenditure

DFID UK Department for International Development of the United Kingdom

DRG Diagnosis Related Groups

EMRO WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean GV Health Financing Policy, Process and Governance

HF Health Financing

HFPM Health Financing Progress Matrix HSS Health System Strengthening

LSHTM London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

MoH Ministry of Health

OOPs Out-of-pocket payments
PFM Public Financial Management

PHC Primary Health Care
PR Pooling Revenues

PS Purchasing and Provider Payment

RR Revenue Raising

SDG Sustainable Development Goals

SEARO WHO Regional Office for South East Asia

SHA System of Health Accounts

SSK Shastho Surokhsma Karmasuchi, Health Protection Scheme

UCS Universal Coverage Scheme
UHC Universal Health Coverage
WHO World Health Organization

WPRO WHO Regional Office for the Western Pacific

### 1. INTRODUCTION, MOTIVATION AND OBJECTIVES

This paper outlines the background to and design of the Health Financing Progress Matrix (HFPM), WHO's standardized qualitative approach to assessing country health financing systems. Primarily qualitative in nature, the HFPM assesses a country's health financing institutions, processes, policies and their implementation, benchmarked against good practice in the context of universal health coverage (UHC). The paper also details processes which ensure that country assessments are credible. While health financing is only one of the core functions of a health system, it significantly influences both the extent to which the population accesses health services, and the extent to which they face financial hardship in the process. Through a forward-looking assessment process the HFPM contributes to building resilience within health systems, which also contributes directly to improved emergency preparedness and response.

Most countries have official policy statements on health financing which address issues such as the level and mix of revenues for the health sector, and how those funds are allocated for both individual and population-based health services. Policies may be in the form of a system in terms of the quality of its institutions, processes, policies, and their implementation, which is explicitly based on evidence about what works in health financing to make progress towards UHC. A number of international agencies have developed health financing assessments, some extremely thorough and comprehensive, invaluable information. providing requiring considerable time and money, and hence conducted less frequently. Others are developed primarily for internal purposes and are not always publicly available; the HFPM aims to complement and build on these assessments, but is being developed as a global public good.

Quantitative indicators, such as Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) indicators 3.8.1 and 3.8.2, as well as detailed National Health Accounts studies, have a number of limitations. First, data are available with a minimum of two years delay, given the time lag in data collection, analysis and verification; secondly, data are often only available as national averages limiting their usefulness for the development of policy, although progress is being made on this front; thirdly,

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