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TECHNICAL MEETING REPORT

STRENGTHENING NCD SERVICE DELIVERY THROUGH UHC BENEFIT PACKAGE

14-15 JULY 2020, GENEVA, SWITZERLAND





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Strengthening NCD service delivery through UHC benefit package: technical meeting report, Geneva, Switzerland, 14-15 July 2020

ISBN 978-92-4-001752-8 (electronic version)

ISBN 978-92-4-001753-5 (print version)

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Suggested citation. Strengthening NCD service delivery through UHC benefit package: technical meeting report, Geneva, Switzerland, 14-15 July 2020. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2020. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Cataloguing-in-Publication (CIP) data. CIP data are available at <http://apps.who.int/iris>.

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Design and layout by Phoenix Design Aid

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This meeting report was prepared by Dr Temo Waqanivalu, Dr Melanie Bertram and Ms Martyna Hogendorf.

Meeting participants, as well as colleagues in the WHO Regional Offices and from the WHO departments of Noncommunicable Diseases, Health Systems Governance and Financing, and Integrated Health Services, provided valuable contributions to the meeting report.

A special thanks to Dr Ala Alwan for guiding the meeting and report preparation. His long-standing commitment to getting health systems to respond to noncommunicable diseases is inspiring.

Thank you to Dr Agnes Soucat, Director of the Department of Health Systems Governance and Financing, for the great collaboration.

Thanks to Dr Bente Mikkelsen for her overall leadership and focus as Director of the Department of Noncommunicable Diseases and especially for linking these issues to the disruption of essential health service delivery during COVID-19, their inclusion in UHC, and as an important part of the Building Back Better agenda.

This report is supported by the UHC Partnership, which assists 115 countries in accelerating progress to achieve universal health coverage (UHC) through funding provided by the European Union (EU), the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Irish Aid, the Government of Japan, the French Ministry for Europe and Foreign Affairs, the UK Department for International Development and Belgium. The Partnership's work includes a special focus on health security and noncommunicable diseases.

ABBREVIATIONS

CEA	Cost-effectiveness analyses
EPHS	Essential Package of Health Services
EHSP	Essential Health Service Package
EUHC	Essential universal health coverage
GAP	Global Action Plan
HBP	Health benefit package
HTA	Health technology assessment
LMICs	Low and middle-income countries
NCD	Noncommunicable disease
NHS	National Health Service
OOP	Out of pocket payment
PBF	Performance-based financing
PHC	Primary health care
PLWNCD	People living with noncommunicable diseases
R/UHC-PBP	Regional UHC Public Benefit Package
SSB	Sugar-sweetened beverage
WHO	World Health Organization

GLOSSARY

DATA SPACE

Data space refers to the complete set of available data from different sources that pertain to a given topic.

EQUITY

Equity is the absence of avoidable or remediable differences among groups of people, whether those groups are defined socially, economically, demographically, or geographically. *Health inequities* therefore involve more than inequality with respect to health determinants, access to the resources needed to improve and maintain health or health outcomes. They also entail a failure to avoid or overcome inequalities that infringe on fairness and human rights norms.

FISCAL SPACE FOR HEALTH

Fiscal space is the set of available financial resources within the government that can be used to pay for health.

HEALTH TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT (HTA)

HTA is a systematic and multidisciplinary evaluation of the properties, effects, and/or impacts of a given health technology or intervention. HTA reviews the technology for social, economic, organizational and/or ethical impacts to inform policy decision-making.

IMPLICIT RATIONING

Implicit rationing refers to non-transparent mechanisms of service rationing that occur when promised benefits exceed the resources that are actually available. In this situation, services and medicines may become unavailable, resulting in the use of private resources by patients making payments in order to get access to them.

NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES (NCDs)

Noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) are conditions that are not passed from person-to-person. The four main types of NCDs are: cardiovascular diseases (such as heart attack and stroke); cancers; chronic respiratory diseases (such as chronic obstructed pulmonary disease and asthma); and diabetes. Most NCDs are chronic, of long duration, and progress slowly.

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