

The journey towards comprehensive

sexuality education













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SHORT SUMMARY

How are countries advancing towards comprehensive sexuality education for all?

Comprehensive sexuality education (CSE) is central to children and young people's well-being, equipping them with the knowledge and skills they need to make healthy and responsible choices in their lives.

This report draws on multiple data sources to provide analysis of countries' progress towards delivering good quality school-based CSE to all learners. 85 per cent of 155 countries surveyed have policies or laws relating to sexuality education, with considerably more countries reporting policies to mandate delivery at

secondary education level than at primary level. However, the existence of policy and legal frameworks do not always equate to comprehensive content or strong implementation.

Most countries report that they have some curricula in place but more detailed analysis suggests that it often lacks the breadth of topics needed to make sexuality education effective and relevant. Moreover, while efforts to scale-up teacher training are evident in a range of settings, research with teachers shows that many feel they lack confidence to deliver sexuality education. Surveys show that students frequently feel that they received information too late and would have preferred sexuality education to have started earlier in their schooling.

In a recent survey of young people (aged 15-24) from Asia and the Pacific,

fewer than 1 in 3

believed that their school taught them sexuality education well.

There is evidence of opposition to CSE across a range of settings, often reflecting misinformation about the content, purpose or impact of such education. However, in many countries involvement of communities, including parents, school officials, religious leaders, media and young people themselves, has created a favourable environment for CSE.

Recommendations to countries in this report include:

- Clear mandates and budgets to ensure implementation of policies and programmes that support the availability of good quality comprehensive sexuality education for all learners.
- Invest in quality curriculum reform and teacher training.
- Strengthen monitoring of the implementation of CSE.





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Global status report











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List of Acronyms

AIDS	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome	LAC	Latin America and the Caribbean
ASFE	Annual Survey of Formal Education	LGBTI	Lesbian Gay Bisexual Transgender Intersex
ASRH	Adolescent sexual and reproductive	LMIC	Low-to-middle-income country
	health	MENA	Middle East and North Africa
	German Federal Centre for Health Education	META	(We're All in Action), Young Latin American
CRPD	UN Convention on the Rights of Persons		Activists for Inclusive Development)
660	with Disabilities	M&E	
	civil society organization		National Health Service (UK)
	Caribbean Community	NCPI	National Commitments
	Comprehensive sexuality education	NGO	and Policy Instrument
	Europe and Central Asia		Non-governmental organization
DBE	Department of Basic Education (South Africa)	OFSTED	Office for Standards in Education, Children's Services and Skills (UK)
DREAMS	Determined, Resilient, Empowered, AIDS-free, Mentored, and Safe	PEPFAR	The President's Emergency Plan For AIDS Relief
EMIS	Education Management Information Systems	RSHP	Relationships, Sexual Health and Parenthood
ESA	Eastern and Southern Africa	SADC	Southern African Development
ESHA	Estonian Sexual Health Association		Community
GBV	Gender-based violence	SDG	Sustainable Development Goal
FBO	faith-based organization	SEL	Social and Emotional Learning
	Family Life Education	SERAT	Sexuality Education Review
FP	Family Planning		and Assessment Tool
GFATM	Global Fund to end AIDS, TB	SRE	Sex and Relationships Education
	and Malaria	SRH	Sexual and reproductive health
HFLE	Health and Family Life Education	SRHR	Sexual and reproductive health
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus		and rights
HWB	Health and well-being		sub-Saharan Africa
IATT	Inter-Agency Task Force		Sexually transmitted infection
ICPD	International Conference on Population		Technical Cooperation Group
	and Development	UBRAF	Unified Budget, Results and
ICT	Information and communication		Accountability Framework (UNAIDS)
	technology		United Nations
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