

The Millennium Development Goals Report



UNITED NATIONS

2010

Goal 1

Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger

Target 1.A

Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than one dollar a day

Indicator 1.1

Proportion of population living below \$1 (PPP) per day

Percentage of people living on less than \$1.25 purchasing power parity (2005 PPP) per day ^{1/, 2/}			
	1990	1999	2005
Developing Regions	45.7	33.0	26.6
Northern Africa	4.5	4.4	2.6
Sub-Saharan Africa	57.5	58.3	50.9
Latin America and the Caribbean	11.3	10.9	8.2
Caribbean	28.8	25.4	25.8
Latin America	10.5	10.2	7.4
Eastern Asia	60.1	35.6	15.9
Southern Asia	49.5	42.2	38.6
Southern Asia excluding India	44.6	35.3	30.7
South-Eastern Asia	39.2	35.3	18.9
Western Asia	2.2	4.1	5.8
Oceania	-	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	2.7	7.8	5.3
CIS, Asia	6.3	22.3	19.2
CIS, Europe	1.6	3.0	0.3
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	0.1	1.9	0.5
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	63.3	60.4	53.4
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	49.1	50.7	42.8
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	32.4	27.7	27.5

^{1/} High-income economies, as defined by the World Bank, are excluded.

^{2/} Estimates by the World Bank, March 2010.

Indicator 1.2

Poverty gap ratio

Poverty gap ratio at \$1.25 a day (2005 PPP), percentage ^{1/, 2/}			
	1990	1999	2005
Developing Regions	15.6	11.6	8.0
Northern Africa	0.8	0.8	0.5
Sub-Saharan Africa	26.3	25.8	20.7
Latin America and the Caribbean	3.9	3.8	2.8
Caribbean	13.4	12.7	12.8
Latin America	3.5	3.4	2.3
Eastern Asia	20.7	11.1	4.0
Southern Asia	14.5	11.2	9.8
Southern Asia excluding India	14.2	9.9	8.1
South-Eastern Asia	11.1	9.6	4.2
Western Asia	0.6	1.0	1.5
Oceania	-	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	0.9	2.5	1.5
CIS, Asia	2.1	7.5	5.4
CIS, Europe	0.5	0.8	0.1
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	0.0	0.5	0.2
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	27.5	24.7	19.9
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	21.9	20.2	15.5
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	14.4	12.3	11.9

^{1/} The poverty gap ratio measures the magnitude of poverty. Expressed as a percentage of the poverty line, it is the result of multiplying the proportion of people who live below the poverty line by the difference between the poverty line and the average income of the population living under the poverty line.

^{2/} High-income economies, as defined by the World Bank, are excluded.

Indicator 1.3

Share of poorest quintile in national consumption

(No new global or regional data are available. Data presented are from 2008 report.)

Share of poorest quintile in national consumption ^{1/}	
	2005
Northern Africa	6.1
Sub-Saharan Africa	3.6
Latin America and the Caribbean	2.9
Eastern Asia	4.3
Southern Asia	7.4
South-Eastern Asia	5.7
Western Asia	6.2
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	7.0
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	8.2

^{1/} High-income economies, as defined by the World Bank, are excluded.

Target 1.B

Achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all, including women and young people

Indicator 1.4

Growth rate of GDP per person employed

(a) Annual growth rate

Annual growth rate of GDP per person employed, percentage		
	1998	2009 ^P
World	0.9	-2.1
Developing Regions	0.5	0.6
Northern Africa	1.3	1.0
Sub-Saharan Africa	-0.9	-1.8
Latin America and the Caribbean	0.2	-3.4
Eastern Asia	3.2	5.4
Southern Asia	2.3	1.9
South-Eastern Asia	-8.5	-1.7
Western Asia	0.0	-1.5
Oceania	-5.6	-1.3
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	-2.3	-5.2
CIS, Asia	0.5	-0.4
CIS, Europe	-2.1	-5.4
Developed Regions	1.7	-1.2
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	0.4	-3.2
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	1.3	0.7
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	-0.3	-0.9
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	-0.4	-2.8

^P Preliminary data.

(b) GDP per person employed

GDP per person employed, in 2005 US dollars (PPP)		
	1998	2009 ^p
World	17,457	21,172
Developing Regions	7,816	11,559
Northern Africa	15,806	18,368
Sub-Saharan Africa	4,381	5,135
Latin America and the Caribbean	21,170	22,214
Eastern Asia	5,370	11,952
Southern Asia	5,030	7,794
South-Eastern Asia	6,744	9,089
Western Asia	33,084	39,559
Oceania	5,954	5,564
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	12,875	21,181
CIS, Asia	6,453	11,886
CIS, Europe	14,695	24,399
Developed Regions	61,156	69,841
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	15,490	25,150
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	2,062	2,974
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	3,519	4,828
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	20,926	23,846

^p Preliminary data.**Indicator 1.5**

Employment-to-population ratio

(a) Total

Employment-to-population ratio, percentage			
	1991	2000	2009 ^p
World	62.2	61.2	60.4
Developing Regions	64.2	62.9	61.7
Northern Africa	43.9	43.4	46.0
Sub-Saharan Africa	63.5	64.1	64.9
Latin America and the Caribbean	56.3	57.9	60.0
Eastern Asia	74.5	73.1	69.8
Southern Asia	57.6	56.0	55.4
South-Eastern Asia	68.0	66.5	65.6
Western Asia	48.6	46.4	44.3
Oceania	65.5	66.3	66.8
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	57.9	54.0	56.9
CIS, Asia	57.4	55.7	59.3
CIS, Europe	58.0	53.6	56.1
Developed Regions	56.5	56.5	55.3
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	53.4	51.9	47.7
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	70.7	69.3	69.0
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	66.1	66.0	68.3
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	54.8	56.6	57.7

^p Preliminary data.

(b) Men, women and youth

Employment-to-population ratio, percentage, 2009 ^p			
	Men	Women	Youth
World	72.8	48.0	44.2
Developing Regions	75.5	47.8	45.0
Northern Africa	70.1	22.2	29.4
Sub-Saharan Africa	74.5	55.5	49.0
Latin America and the Caribbean	74.3	46.5	43.6
Eastern Asia	75.4	64.0	53.9
Southern Asia	77.2	32.5	41.2
South-Eastern Asia	77.6	53.9	43.6
Western Asia	66.4	20.4	26.0
Oceania	71.2	62.4	52.8
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	62.9	51.8	34.9
CIS, Asia	65.6	53.4	38.6
CIS, Europe	61.9	51.3	32.8
Developed Regions	62.9	48.1	41.0
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	55.0	40.8	24.1
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	79.3	58.9	55.9
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	76.6	60.4	55.0
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	69.8	45.8	43.0

^p Preliminary data.**Indicator 1.6**

Proportion of employed people living below \$1 (PPP) per day

Employed people living below \$1.25 (PPP) per day, percentage of total employment			
	1991	2000	2009 ^f
World	42.9	32.6	24.8
Developing Regions	56.3	41.3	30.7
Northern Africa	6.4	5.5	4.3
Sub-Saharan Africa	66.8	66.1	63.5
Latin America and the Caribbean	12.7	12.9	8.5
Eastern Asia	67.4	36.5	12.6
Southern Asia	60.9	53.3	51.3
South-Eastern Asia	53.5	41.8	27.6
Western Asia	8.7	8.6	11.5
Oceania	51.6	47.4	49.7
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	4.6	7.7	5.6
CIS, Asia	16.2	25.5	21.3
CIS, Europe	1.7	2.6	0.2
Developed Regions	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	0.6	0.9	0.6
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	70.5	70.7	65.8
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	57.7	58.7	52.5
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	17.1	20.4	24.0

^f Forecast.

Indicator 1.7

Proportion of own-account and contributing family workers in total employment

(a) Both sexes

Own-account and contributing family workers, percentage of total employment			
	1991	2000	2009 ^f
World	55.4	52.8	50.6
Developing Regions	69.2	64.0	60.2
Northern Africa	36.7	31.5	33.9
Sub-Saharan Africa	82.7	81.0	76.6
Latin America and the Caribbean	35.4	34.4	31.9
Eastern Asia	69.2	59.0	53.3
Southern Asia	81.5	79.8	76.6
South-Eastern Asia	68.9	64.8	61.3
Western Asia	42.4	33.2	28.5
Oceania	72.4	74.1	78.6
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	13.0	20.5	18.7
CIS, Asia	43.0	49.8	44.0
CIS, Europe	5.3	12.0	10.0
Developed Regions	12.1	11.0	10.6
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	23.3	34.1	28.5
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	87.2	85.0	82.9
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	74.2	76.9	73.6
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	33.5	37.3	39.6

^f Forecast.

(b) Men

Own-account and contributing family workers, percentage of total employment			
	1991	2000	2009 ^f
World	53.0	51.3	49.4
Developing Regions	64.7	60.8	57.3
Northern Africa	32.9	28.2	27.7
Sub-Saharan Africa	78.1	76.4	70.6
Latin America and the Caribbean	34.8	34.6	32.3
Eastern Asia	63.1	54.4	49.5
Southern Asia	77.8	76.7	73.6
South-Eastern Asia	64.3	61.1	58.3
Western Asia	36.2	29.3	26.1
Oceania	67.3	68.4	73.1
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	14.7	21.2	20.2
CIS, Asia	46.9	50.6	45.2
CIS, Europe	6.0	12.3	11.0
Developed Regions	12.0	11.6	11.8
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	21.6	33.2	30.2
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	83.0	80.4	79.2
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	71.9	73.9	70.0
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	32.4	36.9	39.8

^f Forecast.

(c) Women

Own-account and contributing family workers, percentage of total employment			
	1991	2000	2009 ^f
World	59.2	55.1	52.3
Developing Regions	76.7	69.3	64.7
Northern Africa	49.9	42.3	53.3
Sub-Saharan Africa	89.0	87.3	84.3
Latin America and the Caribbean	36.5	34.1	31.3
Eastern Asia	76.7	64.7	57.8
Southern Asia	90.9	88.1	83.9
South-Eastern Asia	75.1	69.9	65.4
Western Asia	62.9	47.3	36.8
Oceania	79.1	80.9	84.9
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	11.1	19.7	17.2
CIS, Asia	38.4	48.8	42.6
CIS, Europe	4.5	11.7	8.9
Developed Regions	12.3	10.2	9.1
Transition countries in South-Eastern Europe	25.4	35.1	26.4
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	92.9	91.2	87.7
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	77.2	80.7	78.0
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	35.5	37.8	39.2

^f Forecast.

Target 1.C

Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger

Indicator 1.8

Prevalence of underweight children under-five years of age

(a) Total

Children under-five years of age who are underweight ¹ , percentage		
	1990	2008
Developing Regions	31	26
Northern Africa	11	7
Sub-Saharan Africa	31	27
Latin America and the Caribbean	11	6
Eastern Asia	17	7
Eastern Asia excluding China	12	6
Southern Asia	51	46
Southern Asia excluding India	49	35
South-Eastern Asia	37	25
Western Asia	14	14
Oceania	-	-

¹ Compared to NCHS reference population.

(b) By sex

Children under-five years of age who are underweight, 2003-2008, percentage			
	Boys	Girls	Boys/Girls Ratio
Developing Regions	28	29	0.97
Northern Africa	-	-	-
Sub-Saharan Africa	28	26	1.08
Latin America and the Caribbean	8	7	1.14
Eastern Asia	-	-	-
Eastern Asia excluding China	10	11	0.93
Southern Asia	46	49	0.94
Southern Asia excluding India	42	46	0.92
South-Eastern Asia	25	25	1.00
Western Asia	20	19	1.05
Oceania	-	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	5	5	1.00
CIS, Asia	7	7	1.00
CIS, Europe	-	-	-
Transition countries of South-Eastern Europe	3	3	1.13

[#] Compared to NCHS reference population.

(c) By residence

Children under-five years of age who are underweight, 2003-2008, percentage		
	Rural	Urban
Developing Regions	32	18
Northern Africa	8	6
Sub-Saharan Africa	30	19
Latin America and the Caribbean	12	5
Eastern Asia	9	2
Eastern Asia excluding China	6	7
Southern Asia	50	39
Southern Asia excluding India	39	47
South-Eastern Asia	27	21
Western Asia	21	8
Oceania	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	-	-
CIS, Asia	8	5
Transition countries of South-Eastern Europe	3	3

[#] Compared to NCHS reference population.

(c) By household wealth

Children under-five years of age who are underweight, 2003-2008, percentage		
	Poorest quintile	Richest quintile
Developing Regions	43	19
Northern Africa	10	5
Sub-Saharan Africa	34	17
Latin America and the Caribbean	-	-
Eastern Asia	-	-
Eastern Asia excluding China	8	4
Southern Asia	60	26
Southern Asia excluding India	54	29
South-Eastern Asia	-	-
Western Asia	-	-
Oceania	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	-	-
CIS, Asia	9	4

[#] Compared to NCHS reference population.

Indicator 1.9

Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption

Percentage of undernourished in total population			
	1990-92	2000-02	2005-07
World ^{1/}	16	14	13
Developing Regions ^{1/}	20	16	16
Northern Africa	<5	<5	<5
Sub-Saharan Africa	31	30	26
Latin America and the Caribbean	12	10	9
Eastern Asia	18	10	10
Eastern Asia excluding China	8	13	12
Southern Asia	21	20	21
Southern Asia excluding India	26	23	23
South-Eastern Asia	24	17	14
Western Asia	5	8	7
Oceania	-	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	6 ^{2/}	7	<5
CIS, Asia	16 ^{2/}	17	9
CIS, Europe	<5 ^{2/}	<5	<5
Developed Regions	<5	<5	<5
Transition countries of South-Eastern Europe	<5	<5	<5
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	40	36	32
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	34	30	26
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	24	21	21

^{1/} Includes countries/territories from Oceania.

^{2/} Refers to 1993-95.

Goal 2

Achieve universal primary education

Target 2.A

Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling

Indicator 2.1

Net enrolment ratio in primary education

(a) Total

Primary- and secondary-level enrollees of official primary school age per 100 children of the same age ^{1/}			
	1991	2000	2008
World	82.2	84.3	89.6
Developing Regions	79.9	82.6	88.8
Northern Africa	80.2	88.0	94.4
Sub-Saharan Africa	53.4	60.3	76.4
Latin America and the Caribbean	85.8	94.1	94.9
Eastern Asia	97.5	94.4	96.0
Eastern Asia excluding China	98.1	97.6	98.0
Southern Asia	75.3	80.0	89.7
Southern Asia excluding India	64.1	68.5	76.3
South-Eastern Asia	94.0	93.6	94.7
Western Asia	82.1	83.3	88.0
Oceania	-	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	90.3	90.5	93.4
CIS, Asia	85.9	95.2	94.0
CIS, Europe	92.5	86.8	93.0
Developed Regions	97.1	97.5	96.1
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	52.3	59.5	78.8
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	55.1	65.4	81.6
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	71.2	80.1	75.8

(b) By sex

Primary- and secondary-level enrollees of official primary school age per 100 children of the same age ^{1/}						
	1991		2000		2008	
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
World	86.1	78.0	87.0	81.5	90.6	88.6
Developing Regions	84.4	75.1	85.6	79.4	89.9	87.6
Northern Africa	86.9	73.3	90.7	85.2	96.3	92.5
Sub-Saharan Africa	58.0	48.8	63.9	56.6	78.3	74.5
Latin America and the Caribbean	85.4	86.3	93.7	94.4	95.1	94.8
Eastern Asia	99.9	94.9	93.4	95.4	94.2	98.1
Eastern Asia excluding China	98.1	98.2	98.1	97.0	98.3	97.7
Southern Asia	83.4	66.7	86.7	72.8	91.7	87.5
Southern Asia excluding India	71.7	56.2	73.7	63.1	78.8	73.7
South-Eastern Asia	96.0	91.9	94.9	92.2	95.5	93.8
Western Asia	87.1	76.9	87.8	78.6	90.7	85.3
Oceania	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	91.0	89.7	90.8	90.1	93.5	93.4
CIS, Asia	87.6	84.2	95.5	95.0	94.7	93.3
CIS, Europe	92.7	92.4	87.2	86.3	92.6	93.5
Developed Regions	97.3	96.8	97.5	97.5	95.8	96.4
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	57.8	46.8	63.0	56.0	80.7	76.7
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	60.9	49.2	69.9	60.7	84.2	79.1
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	71.9	70.4	81.2	79.0	76.3	75.1

^{1/} The net enrolment ratios in primary education correspond to school years ending in the years displayed.

Indicator 2.2

Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach last grade of primary

Gross intake rate at last grade of primary ^{1/}			
	1991 ^{2/}	2000 ^{2/}	2008 ^{2/}
World	79.6	82.1	88.1
Developing Regions	77.0	79.5	86.7
Northern Africa	72.2	81.1	96.3
Sub-Saharan Africa	50.5	52.0	63.8
Latin America and the Caribbean	84.2	97.5	101.0
Eastern Asia	106.2	97.9	96.0
Eastern Asia excluding China	94.5	97.8	96.9
Southern Asia	64.4	69.3	85.4
Southern Asia excluding India	55.2	62.3	66.2
South-Eastern Asia	85.7	92.4	98.7
Western Asia	77.6	78.9	88.2
Oceania	61.1	63.7	67.0
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	82.8	94.3	97.3
CIS, Asia	61.7	94.8	99.1
CIS, Europe	92.5	94.0	96.0
Developed Regions	97.8	99.1	97.8
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	39.5	45.8	58.7
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	43.4	54.9	64.5
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	66.3	76.0	78.9

(b) By sex

Gross intake rate at last grade of primary ^{1/}						
	1991 ^{2/}		2000 ^{2/}		2008 ^{2/}	
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
World	82.0	74.1	84.9	79.2	89.6	86.9
Developing Regions	79.5	69.8	82.8	76.2	88.6	85.3
Northern Africa	80.1	64.6	84.2	77.9	99.4	93.0
Sub-Saharan Africa	55.8	45.9	57.0	47.9	69.3	59.8
Latin America and the Caribbean	84.5	86.1	97.1	97.8	101.8	103.0
Eastern Asia	96.1	91.5	97.9	97.8	94.6	97.8
Eastern Asia excluding China	93.9	94.0	97.8	97.6	97.9	95.8
Southern Asia	73.5	54.6	75.8	62.3	87.3	83.4
Southern Asia excluding India	60.5	49.7	66.4	58.1	68.2	64.2
South-Eastern Asia	89.3	87.9	92.7	92.1	98.8	98.7
Western Asia	83.0	72.6	83.5	74.1	92.6	83.7
Oceania	63.4	55.8	65.9	59.0	70.1	61.4
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	91.4	91.3	94.0	93.4	95.7	95.1
CIS, Asia	85.7	85.0	97.4	96.1	99.4	97.9
CIS, Europe	94.0	94.2	92.0	91.8	92.9	92.9
Developed Regions	96.5	98.0	99.3	98.9	97.2	98.2
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	45.0	34.6	50.4	42.1	62.8	56.1
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	53.7	44.5	60.5	49.9	68.1	60.7
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	64.8	64.7	75.8	75.8	79.3	78.1

^{1/} Since there are no regional averages for the official indicator the table displays the gross intake ratio at last grade of primary, which corresponds to the "total number of new entrants in the last grade of primary education, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the population of the theoretical entrance age to the last grade". Global Education Digest 2009 (page 255) - Comparing Education Statistics Across the World, UNESCO Institute for Statistics.

^{2/} The primary completion rates correspond to school years ending in the years displayed.

Indicator 2.3

Literacy rate of 15-24 year-olds, women and men

(a) Total

Percentage of the population aged 15–24 years who can both read and write			
	1985-94 ^{1/}	1995-04 ^{1/}	2005-08 ^{1/}
World	83.3	87.1	89.0
Developing Regions	79.8	84.6	87.2
Northern Africa	67.8	79.3	86.1
Sub-Saharan Africa	65.4	68.6	71.9
Latin America and the Caribbean	91.8	96.2	96.9
Eastern Asia	94.6	98.9	99.3
Eastern Asia excluding China	99.4	99.4	99.5
Southern Asia	60.3	73.7	79.3
Southern Asia excluding India	56.4	67.3	75.4
South-Eastern Asia	94.5	96.3	96.1
Western Asia	87.8	91.9	92.7
Oceania	71.4	73.9	73.0
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	99.8	99.8	99.8
CIS, Asia	99.8	99.8	99.8
CIS, Europe	99.7	99.7	99.7
Developed Regions	99.6	99.6	99.6
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	55.7	65.3	69.9
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	61.6	68.1	71.8
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	85.3	87.1	87.4

(b) By sex

Percentage of the population aged 15–24 years who can both read and write						
	1985-94 ^{1/}		1995-04 ^{1/}		2005-08 ^{1/}	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
World	87.7	78.6	90.2	83.8	91.7	86.4
Developing Regions	85.3	74.2	88.5	80.6	90.3	84.1
Northern Africa	77.4	57.7	85.2	73.3	89.8	82.2
Sub-Saharan Africa	72.9	58.3	75.6	62.3	76.8	67.1
Latin America and the Caribbean	91.5	92.0	95.8	96.5	96.7	97.2
Eastern Asia	97.1	91.9	99.2	98.6	99.4	99.2
Eastern Asia excluding China	99.3	99.5	99.2	99.5	99.3	99.7
Southern Asia	71.6	48.3	81.1	65.6	85.7	73.3
Southern Asia excluding India	66.9	46.0	73.9	60.8	79.7	71.0
South-Eastern Asia	95.5	93.5	96.6	96.1	96.3	95.8
Western Asia	93.6	81.6	95.6	88.1	95.6	89.8
Oceania	76.6	66.1	76.1	71.5	72.0	74.1
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.8
CIS, Asia	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.9	99.8	99.8
CIS, Europe	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.8	99.6	99.8
Developed Regions	99.1	99.6	99.0	99.6	99.5	99.6
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	64.2	47.6	72.2	58.9	74.5	65.5
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	67.6	56.1	74.6	62.2	77.6	66.3
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	87.3	83.3	88.0	86.2	87.2	87.7

^{1/} The regional averages presented in this table are calculated using a weighted average of the latest available observed data point for each country or territory for the reference period. UIS estimates have been used for countries with missing data.

Goal 3

Promote gender equality and empower women

Target 3.A

Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels of education no later than 2015

Indicator 3.1

Ratios of girls to boys in primary, secondary and tertiary education

(a) Primary education

Ratio of girls to boys gross enrolment ratios			
	1991	2000	2008
World	0.89	0.92	0.97
Developing Regions	0.87	0.91	0.96
Northern Africa	0.82	0.91	0.94
Sub-Saharan Africa	0.84	0.85	0.91
Latin America and the Caribbean	0.98	0.97	0.97
Eastern Asia	0.92	1.02	1.04
Eastern Asia excluding China	1.00	0.99	0.99
Southern Asia	0.76	0.83	0.96
Southern Asia excluding India	0.74	0.80	0.96
South-Eastern Asia	0.97	0.97	0.97
Western Asia	0.87	0.88	0.92
Oceania	0.90	0.90	0.89
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	1.00	0.99	0.99
CIS, Asia	0.99	0.99	0.98
CIS, Europe	1.00	0.99	1.00
Developed Regions	0.99	0.99	1.00
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	0.80	0.84	0.92
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	0.83	0.83	0.92
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	0.96	0.96	0.95

(b) Secondary education

Ratio of girls to boys gross enrolment ratios			
	1991	2000	2008
World	0.84	0.92	0.96
Developing Regions	0.76	0.89	0.95
Northern Africa	0.79	0.94	0.98
Sub-Saharan Africa	0.77	0.81	0.79
Latin America and the Caribbean	1.07	1.07	1.08
Eastern Asia	0.77	0.94	1.05
Eastern Asia excluding China	0.96	0.99	0.99
Southern Asia	0.60	0.76	0.87
Southern Asia excluding India	0.63	0.88	0.91
South-Eastern Asia	0.90	0.97	1.03
Western Asia	0.70	0.78	0.86
Oceania	0.84	0.91	0.87
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	1.02	1.01	0.98
CIS, Asia	0.96	0.98	0.98
CIS, Europe	1.05	1.02	0.98
Developed Regions	1.01	1.01	1.00
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	0.58	0.80	0.81
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	0.84	0.84	0.85
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	1.07	1.04	1.02

(c) Tertiary education

Ratio of girls to boys gross enrolment ratios				
	1991	2000	2008	
World	0.90	0.99	1.08	
Developing Regions	0.67	0.83	0.97	
Northern Africa	0.57	0.76	0.95	
Sub-Saharan Africa	0.50	0.70	0.67	
Latin America and the Caribbean	0.95	1.16	1.25	
Eastern Asia	0.51	0.70	1.00	
Eastern Asia excluding China	0.54	0.63	0.75	
Southern Asia	0.49	0.67	0.76	
Southern Asia excluding India	0.34	0.71	0.92	
South-Eastern Asia	0.85	0.98	1.07	
Western Asia	0.67	0.82	0.92	
Oceania	0.54	0.83	0.84	
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	1.22	1.22	1.30	
CIS, Asia	1.01	0.92	1.07	
CIS, Europe	1.28	1.28	1.34	
Developed Regions	1.07	1.19	1.29	
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	0.36	0.60	0.58	
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	0.84	0.78	0.85	
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	1.17	1.30	1.56	

Indicator 3.2

Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector

Percentage of employees in non-agricultural wage employment who are women				
	1990	2000	2005	2008
World	35.2	37.6	38.5	39.2
Developing Regions	31.2	33.8	34.7	35.5
Northern Africa	19.3	19.0	18.7	19.2
Sub-Saharan Africa	23.5	28.2	30.5	32.4
Latin America and the Caribbean	36.3	40.3	41.4	42.4
Eastern Asia	38.1	39.6	40.6	41.2
Eastern Asia excluding China	40.1	42.3	43.2	44.0
Southern Asia	13.2	17.2	18.0	19.2
Southern Asia excluding India	14.5	18.4	17.9	19.1
South-Eastern Asia	35.5	37.3	37.1	38.1
Western Asia	16.5	18.8	19.5	20.1
Oceania	33.3	35.6	35.1	36.0
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	48.7	50.1	50.9	50.6
CIS, Asia	44.3	44.7	45.5	45.2

Indicator 3.3

Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament

Percentage of parliamentary seats occupied by women (Single or Lower House only) ^{1/}				
	1990	2000	2005	2010
World	12.8	12.5	15.6	19.0
Developing Regions	10.4	10.8	13.9	17.6
Northern Africa	2.6	2.1	5.4	9.0
Sub-Saharan Africa	7.2	9.1	14.2	18.4
Latin America and the Caribbean	11.9	14.8	19.0	22.7
Caribbean	22.1	19.9	26.0	29.4
Latin America	8.6	12.9	16.4	20.1
Eastern Asia	20.2	19.9	19.4	19.5
Eastern Asia excluding China	17.8	14.6	17.2	14.5
Southern Asia	5.7	6.7	8.8	18.2
Southern Asia excluding India	5.9	5.6	9.0	20.1
South-Eastern Asia	10.4	9.7	15.5	19.3
Western Asia	4.6	4.7	5.0	9.4
Oceania	1.2	3.4	3.0	2.5
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	-	7.3	10.2	14.6
CIS, Asia	-	7.1	9.9	15.1
CIS, Europe	-	7.5	10.5	14.2
Developed Regions	16.3	17.5	20.9	23.5
Transition countries of South-Eastern Europe	27.8	8.4	15.0	18.3
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)	7.2	7.3	13.0	19.1
Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs)	14.0	7.7	13.4	21.6
Small Island Developing States (SIDS)	15.2	13.1	17.8	21.0

^{1/} As of 31 January 2010.

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_180