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Independent evaluation
Partnerships and funding
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Preface

I am pleased to present this snapshot of the work of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) in 2018.

As guardian of bedrock UN conventions against crime and corruption, and as a lead provider of assistance to implement the drug conventions and the global counter-terrorism instruments, as well as UN standards and norms on crime prevention and criminal justice, UNODC helps countries address acute threats to peace and security and achieve progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals.

Our integrated approach is backed by research and put into action through our

global programmes and network of field offices around the world, to provide support where it is needed most.

This Annual Report offers a glimpse into the work our Office is doing to enable healthy lives and the enjoyment of rights, safer communities and prosperity. UNODC takes pride in our achievements even as we remain firmly focused on the future, always seeking to innovate and do better by the people we serve.

Yury Fedotov Executive Director, UNODC



WHAT IS UNODC?

For two decades, the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) has been helping make the world safer from drugs, organized crime, corruption and terrorism. We are committed to achieving health, security and justice for all by tackling these threats and promoting peace and sustainable well-being as deterrents to them.

Because the scale of these problems is often too great for states to confront alone, UNODC offers practical assistance and encourages transnational approaches to action. We do this in all regions of the world through our global programmes and network of field offices.

- By helping Member States implement the 19 international legal instruments against terrorism and enhance their policy and legislative responses
- helping states cooperate with one another to implement terrorism prevention measures
- · helping build the capacity of national criminal justice systems to effectively prevent and counter terrorism through field-oriented projects
- enhancing the provision of juvenile justice, effective prison management and rehab, and social reintegration to prevent terrorism

Countering TERRORISM

Strengthening Member States' capacities to confront threats from TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME

• By helping Member States ratify and implement the UN Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its Protocols

- promoting evidence-based policies to counter transnational organised crime and disseminating good practices • collecting and disseminating data, disaggregated by sex, for policy analysis
 - helping fight trafficking of illicit drugs, weapons, counterfeit goods, cultural property, humans, wildlife and other natural resources through field-oriented projects and programmes
 - addressing new and emerging forms of crime, such as cybercrime
 - raising awareness for human trafficking's victims and of its impact on society through the Blue Heart Campaign

UNODC'S WORK IS BASED AROUND FIVE NORMATIVE AREAS OF ACTIVITY

Tackling CORRUPTION and its catastrophic impact on societies

> • By helping Member States ratify and implement the UN Convention against Corruption and develop domestic legislation to prevent and counter corruption • helping to criminalise 11 different

HOW?

- corruption offenses enhancing international cooperation on
- extradition and mutual legal assistance • helping states recover assets stolen by
- corrupt officials promoting good governance, integrity
- and transparency enhancing States' anti-corruption capacities through technical cooperation

- By helping Member States implement the three major international drug control treaties, and develop policies consistent with
- prevention strategies with Member States supporting drug depend-

implementing drug use

- ence treatment, support, and rehabilitation ensuring access to controlled
- substances for medical purposes
- helping illicit drug farmers develop alternative sustainable livelihoods
- analyzing and reporting data on drug trafficking trends, including arrests, seizures, price and purity of illicit drugs, to increase knowledge and promote evidence-based programming

in implementing a balanced, comprehensive and evidence-based approach to the WORLD DRUG PROBLEM that addresses both supply and demand

Supporting Member States

Strengthening crime prevention and building effective CRIMINAL JUSTICE **SYSTEMS**

HOW?

projects

• By boosting the rule of law and reinforcing human rights through implementing the United Nations Standards and Norms in Crime Prevention and Criminal

• supporting UN standards promoting comprehensive crime prevention strategies and effective, fair and humane criminal justice systems, with a focus on specific challenges such as violence against women and children

- helping reform criminal justice structures and prisons through field-oriented technical cooperation
- · providing States with sex-disaggregated data and analysis on key categories of violent crime, like homicide

In pursuing its objectives, UNODC makes systematic efforts to increase GENDER EQUALITY in order to ensure that men and women, boys and girls have equal access to rights, resources and opportunities.

It also enlists the support of GOODWILL AMBASSADORS to amplify its messages, such as Nadia Murad, Nobel Peace Prize laureate and UNODC Goodwill Ambassador for the Dignity of Survivors of Human Trafficking.



Enabling SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

UNODC is committed to supporting Member States in implementing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) at its core. The 2030 Agenda clearly recognizes that the rule of law and fair, effective and humane justice systems, as well as health-oriented responses to drug use, are both enablers for and part of sustainable development.

¹The United Nations work against drugs, crime and terrorism has more than two decades of history and is older than the nominal creation of UNODC in 2002

² Namely: the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961; the Convention on Psychotropic Substances of 1971; and the Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (1988)

³ Namely: the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, especially Women and Children; the Protocol against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea and Air; and the Protocol against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, their Parts and Components and Ammunition

UNODC and the SDGs

In late 2015, under the auspices of the United Nations (UN), world leaders agreed upon 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to guide our development until 2030, in a new development framework named the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

The SDGs are divided into concrete targets, and then further into a framework of indicators that were agreed upon by the United Nations Statistical Commission in March 2017. UNODC acts as global custodian of 15 of these SDG indicators.

The 2030 Agenda helps us locate and communicate what we do in the larger context of national and global priorities on sustainable development. In addition, we recognize the universal and unified nature of the 2030 Agenda by actively pursuing initiatives that cut across goals and targets.

Throughout this report the SDG icons below appear alongside our key achievements, activities and operations to illustrate the contribution of our work in 2018 to one or more of the 17 SDGs.



End poverty in all its forms everywhere



End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture



Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages



Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all



Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls



Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all



Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all



Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all



Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation



Reduce inequality within and among countries



Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns





Take



Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development



Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels



Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development



UNODC's commitment to gender equality and women's empowerment



















UNODC is committed to the global goals of gender equality – Sustainable Development Goal 5 – and women's empowerment, both of which permeate the entire 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda. To ensure a systematic approach to implementing these goals, in 2017 we developed a Strategy for Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment (2018-2021). In 2018 this was complemented by an action plan for gender mainstreaming across activities and practices, which was developed with the participation of all divisions and relevant units of UNODC and the United Nations Office at Vienna (UNOV) and coordinated by a Global Programme for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women.

The action plan includes accountability elements for monitoring and evaluating implementation of the gender equality strategy. It enables us to report and tangibly demonstrate how UNOV and UNODC are advancing gender equality and women's empowerment commitments through our activities, and strengthening capacity and effectiveness to foster an enabling, inclusive and diverse work environment, as well as achieving gender parity in staffing.

The Global Programme for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women has set the foundations for promoting gender equality in a coordinated way, having:

- established a network of gender strategy focal points, comprised of staff from all divisions and relevant units of UNODC and UNOV;
- developed practical tools on systematically mainstreaming a gender perspective in programmes and projects;
- assessed training needs in the organization and started to build capacity of all staff;
- developed and maintained critical partnerships, including with the network of UN entities, specialized agencies, funds and programmes; and
- organized formal and informal briefing sessions for Member States and staff on the gender-related aspects of UNODC's mandate and areas of work.

Through the implementation of its gender equality strategy and action plan, UNODC recognizes that gender equality and women's empowerment are crucial in bringing the transformative change required to achieve the 2030 Agenda. We have made tangible progress in furthering gender equality commitments by, for instance, analyzing how gender aspects impact thematic areas such as terrorism and corruption, and publishing a report on femicide.



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