

UNFPA Indonesia COVID-19 Response Situational Report



1 November - 31 December 2020

COMMITTED TO HELP: RESPONDING TO GBV AT THE FRONTLINE

Gender-based violence (GBV) is a pandemic that has victimized millions of women and girls. The COVID-19 pandemic has exacerbated existing gender inequality, making women and girls more vulnerable to GBV. UNFPA's latest study has predicted that there will be 31 million more GBV cases happening around the world if social restrictions last for six months or longer. This is where frontline GBV responders play a critical role. They work hard to provide the best services for survivors in a time when they also often need help to survive the pandemic. Read the stories of psychologist Ika Putri, forensic and medico legal specialist dr. Boge, and advocate Siti Mazumah who become the source of hope amid hardship with their commitment to help [here](#), and the story of dr. Athitah Pratiwi who is dedicated to serving GBV survivors at her public health center (puskesmas) in Donggala, Central Sulawesi, [here](#).

(Photo: Personal Doc)

SITUATION IN INDONESIA (As of 31 October 2020)

743,198
CONFIRMED CASES



109,963
TREATED
14,8% FROM
CONFIRMED CASES

611,097
RECOVERED
82.3% FROM
CONFIRMED CASES

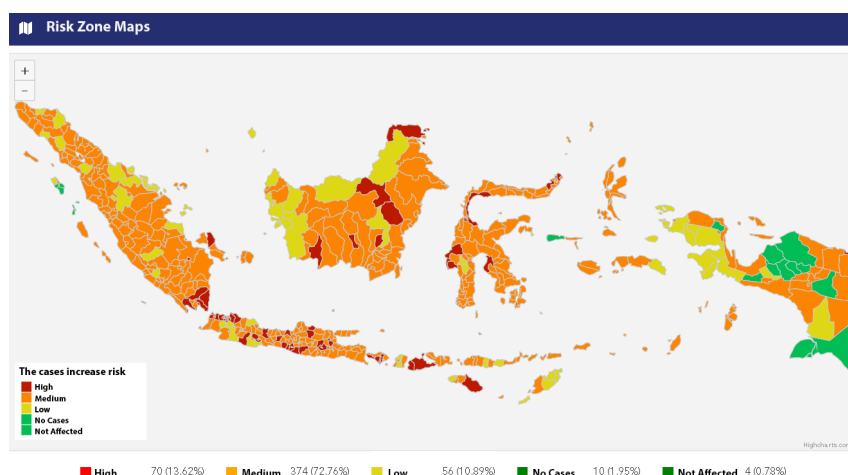


22,183
DEATHS
3.0% FROM
CONFIRMED
CASES

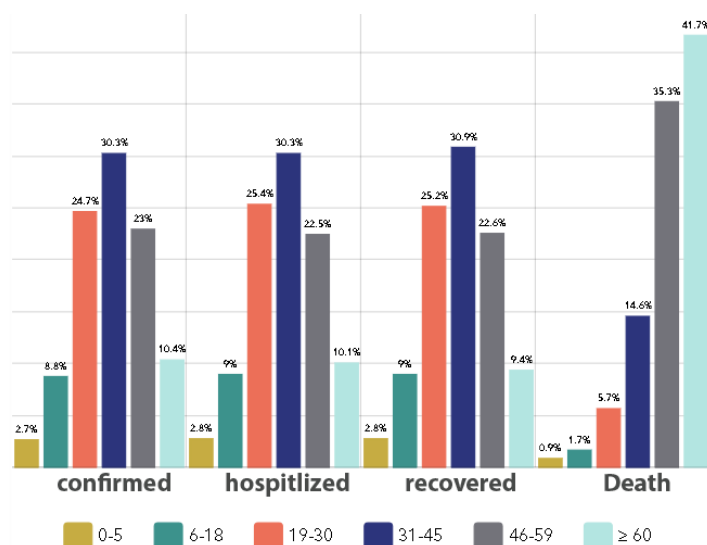
Interactive story map version of this report can be accessed [here](#).

HIGHLIGHTS

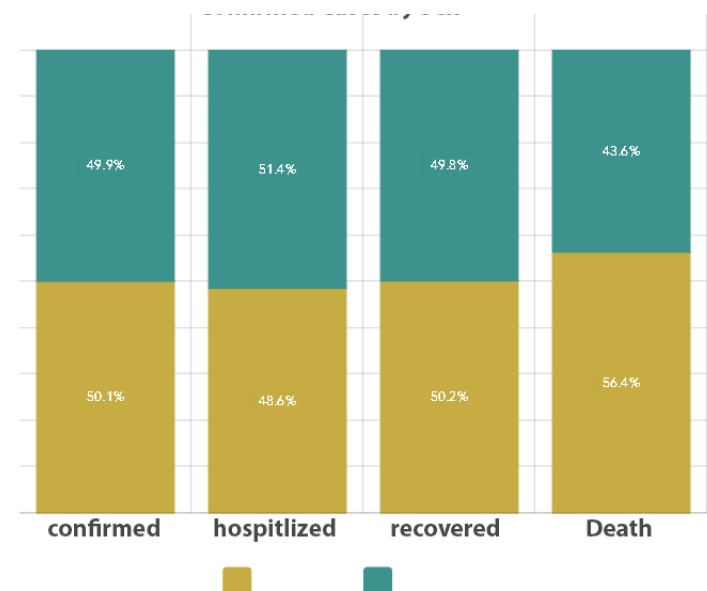
- As of 31 December 2020, the Government of Indonesia announced 743,198 confirmed cases of COVID-19, 22,183 deaths, and 611,097 recovered cases.
- Completed Analysis on Impact on Covid-19 Pandemic on Reproductive Health Services (you may see the results under “Unmet needs for family planning” section).
- UNFPA Indonesia co-facilitated the first [National Conference of Reproductive Health](#) and launch of Knowledge Hub for Reproductive Health, an interactive platform and scientific forum to develop evidence-based studies, with Bappenas and University of Indonesia’s Faculty of Public Health (FKMUI) on 25-26 November with the theme of “Innovation and Community Empowerment and Strengthening Reproductive Health Services in Adaptation to New Normal under COVID-19.”
- UNFPA in collaboration with young people, including Youth Advisory Panel (YAP) members conducted rapid assessment to document the impact of the pandemic on young people.
- With global solidarity and shared responsibility, we can make sure that key populations can still access reproductive health, including HIV, services during the COVID-19 pandemic. Watch our World AIDS Day event with the Ministry of Health (MOH) and National Network of Sex Workers (OPSI) Network [here](#).
- UNFPA, National Population and Family Planning Board (BKKBN) and Fatayat Nahdlatul Ulama (NU) facilitated an education session on continuation of SRH services, prevention and management of Gender Based Violence and prevention of COVID-19 transmission to 7,761 member of faith based organization and religious leaders; and awareness session on Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH) reached 11,527 people.
- As part of 16 Days of Activism against GBV, we hosted a webinar entitled [Young People against Sexual Violence](#) and launched the the Guidelines for the Protection of Women’s Rights from Discrimination and Gender-based Violence during Pandemic Situation with the Ministry of Women’s Empowerment and Child Protection (MOWECP) and UN Women. Watch the virtual event [here](#). Download the guidelines [here](#).



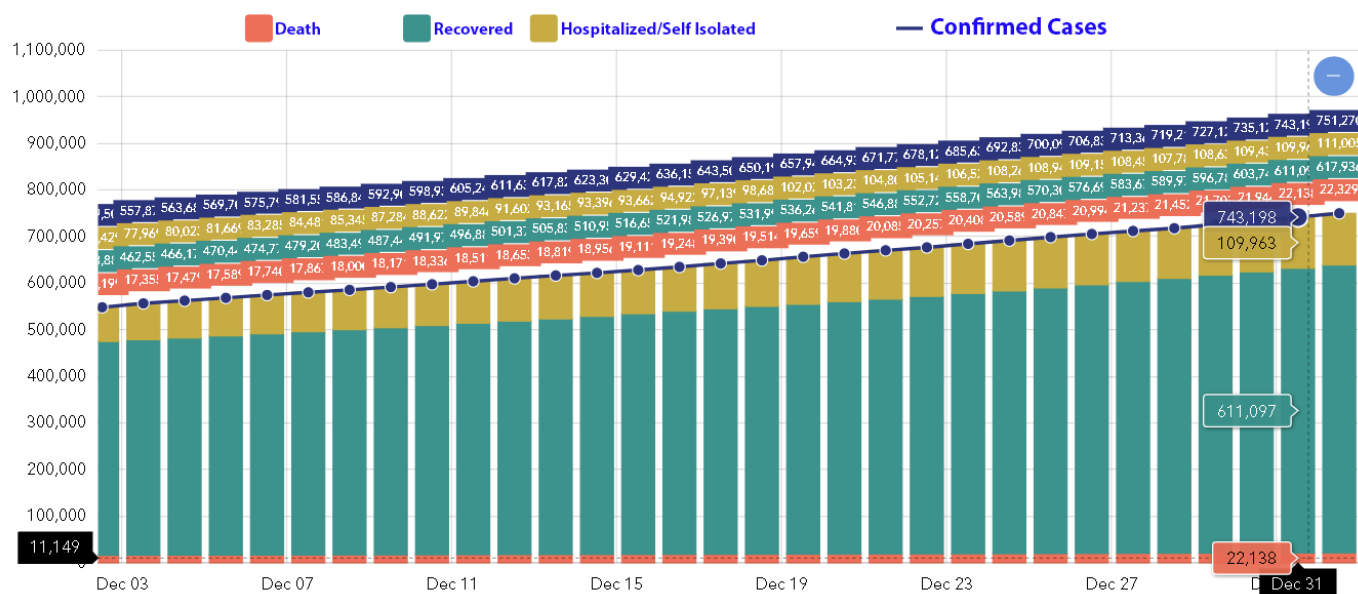
CONFIRMED CASES BY AGE GROUP:



CONFIRMED CASES BY SEX:



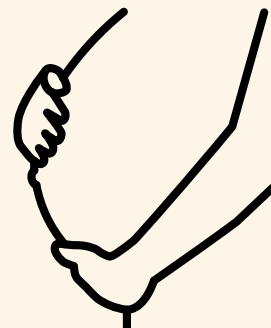
National Trend (Data Accumulation)



EXPECTED IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE “3 ZEROES” IN INDONESIA

MATERNAL MORTALITY: IMPROVEMENTS IN REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH (RH) SERVICES AFTER SETBACKS

- Amid the disruption of RH service provision experienced by 75% of health facilities between March and June 2020, **visits to maternal health services started to increase** in the third quarter of 2020.¹



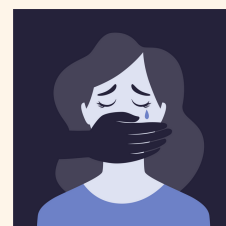
UNMET NEEDS FOR FAMILY PLANNING: IMPROVEMENTS IN RH COMMODITY SUPPLIES AFTER SETBACKS

- After delays and limited supplies of contraceptives and essential medicines experienced by 13% of health centers, 40% of private clinics, and 48% of private practicing midwives practice until May, the **RH commodities stocking situation has improved**, reducing the figures to 7% of health centers, 11% private clinics and 18% of private practicing midwives between July-September.



GENDER BASED VIOLENCE: POTENTIAL INCREASE IN LACK OF ACCESS TO SERVICES FOR SURVIVORS

- There has been an increase in rape and sexual harassment cases reported** to the police, with 122 cases reported in January-May 2020 compared to a total of 175 cases in 2019.²
- Other assessments imply potential delay in case reporting, increased ratio of intimate partner violence (IPV), and emergence of cyber violence (technology-facilitated GBV).³



¹ COVID-19 Impact on Reproductive Health Services in Indonesia Cycle 1, September 2020 (University of Indonesia, Bappenas, UNFPA), analyzing national data as well as a specific study on Jakarta province and 8 districts (Kota Surabaya, Kota Makassar, Kab. Lombok, Kota Balikpapan, Kab. Lahat, Kab. Aceh Barat, Kab. Minahasa, Kota Manokwari)

² Initial Rapid Assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on Gender-based Violence (MOWECP, Bappenas, UNFPA)

³ 1. LAPORAN KAJIAN CEPAT DAMPAK PANDEMI COVID-19 TERHADAP KEKERASAN BERBASIS GENDER DI JAKARTA DAN SEKITARNYA - Kementerian PPN/Bappenas – UNFPA/Indonesia

2. Kajian Komnas Perempuan tentang Perubahan Dinamika Rumah Tangga dalam Masa Pandemi Covid-19: Urgensi Perspektif HAM dengan Perhatian Khusus Pada Kerentanan Perempuan dalam Kebijakan dan Penerapan Normal Baru

UNFPA STORIES

HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S COMMITMENT TO RESPOND TO GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE: DR. PRATIWI'S STORY

31 DECEMBER 2020



"I never thought there was a role for me to play in providing support to gender-based violence (GBV) survivors," said dr Athitah Pratiwi, who works as the only doctor at the public health center (puskesmas) in Tompe, Donggala district, Central Sulawesi region, as she reflects her experience working with GBV survivors in the past. Her perspective changed dramatically after joining a

Clinical Management of Rape Survivors (CMR) training session in October 2020. "During the training, I learned the many ways I can contribute to the handling of GBV cases. For example, I can conduct a physical examination and collect forensic evidence."

STOPPING SEXUAL ABUSE IN HUMANITARIAN WORK

29 DECEMBER 2020



When home is not a safe place, survivors of gender-based violence (GBV) may turn to services that provide protection through counseling and safe spaces. Unfortunately, the people who are supposed to help can sometimes harm them further. Following recent cases of sexual abuse and exploitation of a rape survivor and a child by service providers, Center of Integrated Services

for the Empowerment of Women and Children (P2TP2A) Jakarta has made and planned institutional changes to prevent similar cases in the future. The Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA) training provided direction.

COMMITTED TO HELP: STORIES OF FRONTLINE GBV RESPONDERS

11 DECEMBER 2020



Gender-based violence (GBV) is a pandemic that has victimized millions of women and girls. The COVID-19 pandemic has exacerbated existing gender inequality, making women and girls more vulnerable to GBV. Our latest study has predicted that there will be 31 million more GBV cases happening around the world if social restrictions last for six months or longer. This is where

frontline GBV responders play a critical role. They work hard to provide the best services for victims and survivors in a time when they also often need help to survive the pandemic.

RESULTS RECAP: UNFPA'S CONTRIBUTION TO INDONESIA'S MULTISECTORAL RESPONSE PLAN

- **712 midwives** provided with Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).
- **12,896 adolescents and young people** reached Adolescent Sexual Reproductive Health (ASRH) information and services during the COVID-19 pandemic through online engagement.
- **8 protection and referral mechanisms** established or strengthened on GBV prevention and referral mechanism during COVID-19 (GBV prevention and management protocols during COVID-19 situations - produced by UNFPA, MOWECP, P2TP2A, and Yayasan Pulih).
- **4 policy briefs** with concrete strategic and programmatic recommendations developed with and disseminated to relevant policy-makers and stakeholders to improve policies and programmes that respond to women's needs, reduce risks, and mitigate adverse effects during and after the pandemic.
- **35,670 targeted beneficiaries** including women, older persons, and persons with disability received direct assistance during COVID-19.
- **8 Indonesia guidance development, revision and update** that were supported on contraceptive services, protection of women from GBV, clinical management of rape survivors, adolescent SRH, and protection of older persons.

PROGRAMME HIGHLIGHTS

SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

- Continued technical support and capacity building for the Indonesian Midwives Association (IBI) to strengthen **family planning and SRH services** during the pandemic, including prevention and control of infection and management of medical waste.
- Completed the second round of mapping exercise on **available sexual and reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent health (SRMNCAH) services** with World Health Organization (WHO) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).
- Developed videos on **Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP) for SRH in Crisis**

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_19570

