

Effectiveness of knowledge hubs in empowerment of rural poor: service, relevance and ownership

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Next Step**

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By Guennadi Fedorov

UNESCAP

Consultant



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Introduction



Definition of public internet access centers (PIACs)

PIAC is a site location, or centre of instruction at which internet access is made available to the public, on a full-time or part time basis. PIACs include telecentres, digital community centres, internet cafes, libraries, education centre and other similar establishments, whenever they offer internet access to the general public. All such centres should have at least one public computer for internet access.

Partnership for measuring ICT for development

1. Members: ITU, UNCTAD, OECD, UIS, Eurostat,, World Bank and five RCs
2. Identify a set of core indicators, harmonized and agreed internationally
3. Core indicator: ICT infrastructure and access, ICT by households, ICT by businesses, ICT sector and trade in ICT
4. PIACs in core infrastructure and Community Internet access facility in core households

Poor groups in rural areas

1. Low income people
2. People with disabilities
3. Senior people
4. Rural people



Relevance of knowledge hubs to selected groups of poor



I divide and level of use indexes

consists accessibility (30%), capacity of use (20), utilization (50)

ability sub index: possibility to access ability of relevant tools (20), use of computers (20)

capacity sub index: capability to use computers (50), capability to use Internet (50)

frequency sub index: frequency of use (60), intensity of use (40)

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_8096

