

The background is a solid blue gradient. At the top, there are several wavy, horizontal lines in shades of blue and cyan. A single dotted line, also in a light blue/cyan color, curves across the upper portion of the slide, starting from the left and ending towards the right.

A new transition: Mongolia 2010 and beyond

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A country in transition

- **1990** –socialism to democracy & market economy
- **2010** –lower middle income to middle income and beyond

**But that what does that mean for
the people of Mongolia?**

Mongolia at glance

- **Population**- 2.7 Million; demographic window
- **Stable democracy**
- **Human Development Index** – ranked 100th in 2010 global HDR
- **Average GDP growth** of 9% in 2004 – 2008
- **Successful graduation from IMF** standby programme
- **Mineral wealth** –double digit GDP growth expected from 2013



But....

- GDP growth **dependent** mainly on mining sector
- **Landlocked**
- **Vulnerable** to external shocks
- High **poverty** and **unemployment**
- Persistent **disparities** (rural/urban; gender; regional)
- **Inadequate social and physical infrastructure**
- **Corruption**



Focus on MDGs

Good news: 6 out 9 goals likely to be achieved by 2015

Bad news: 3 goals *unlikely* to be achieved

- Poverty: at 35.2%, decrease by only 1.1% in last 10 years
- Women's representation in decision making: 3 female MPs out of 76
- Environment: 45% of population has access to safe water and 28% to adequate sanitation



UN response

UNDAF for 2012-2016 will focus on:

- Poverty reduction
- Basic social services
- Environment
- Governance



....to ensure... (1)

Economic growth is:

- pro-poor, job-rich and inclusive
- translated into social investment for basic services
- environmentally sustainable

ure... (2)

s prepared to mitigate:
e change
al and manmade disasters
crises

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_8036

