



Trade Facilitation & Poverty Reduction: Mechanism and research outlook

Laping Wu

Professor, College of Econ. & Management,

China Agricultural University

Email: wulp@cau.edu.cn

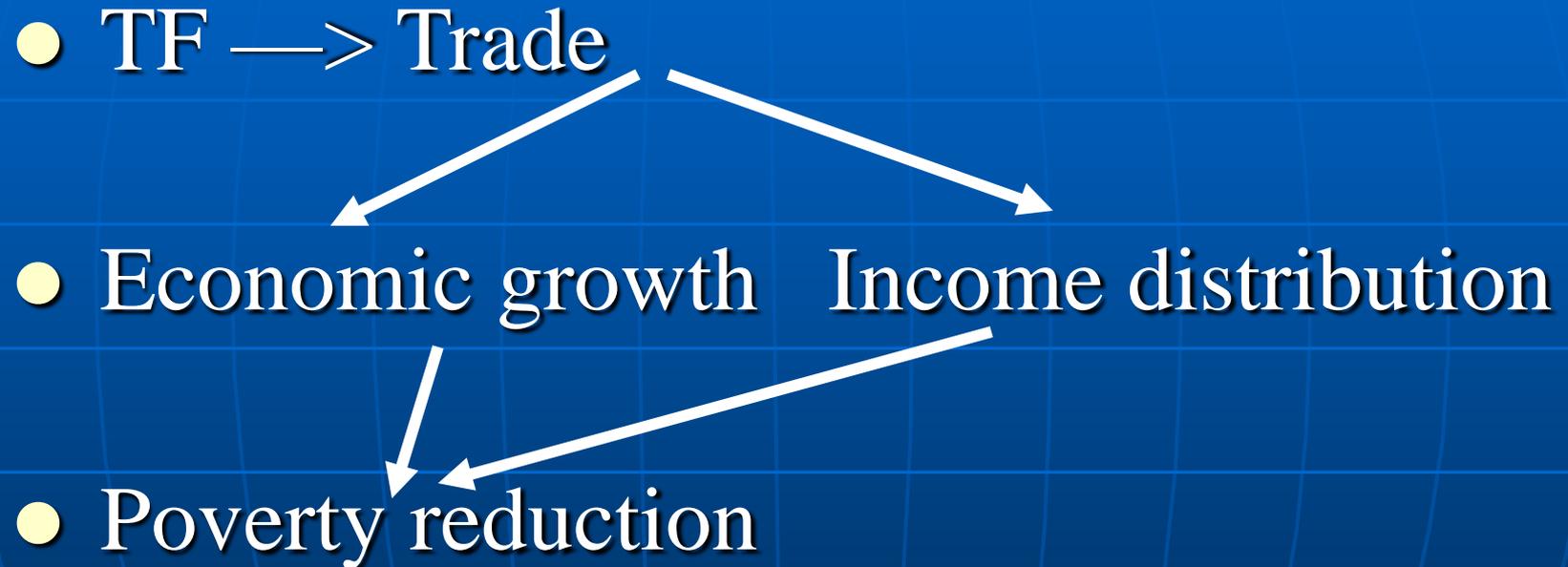
Outline

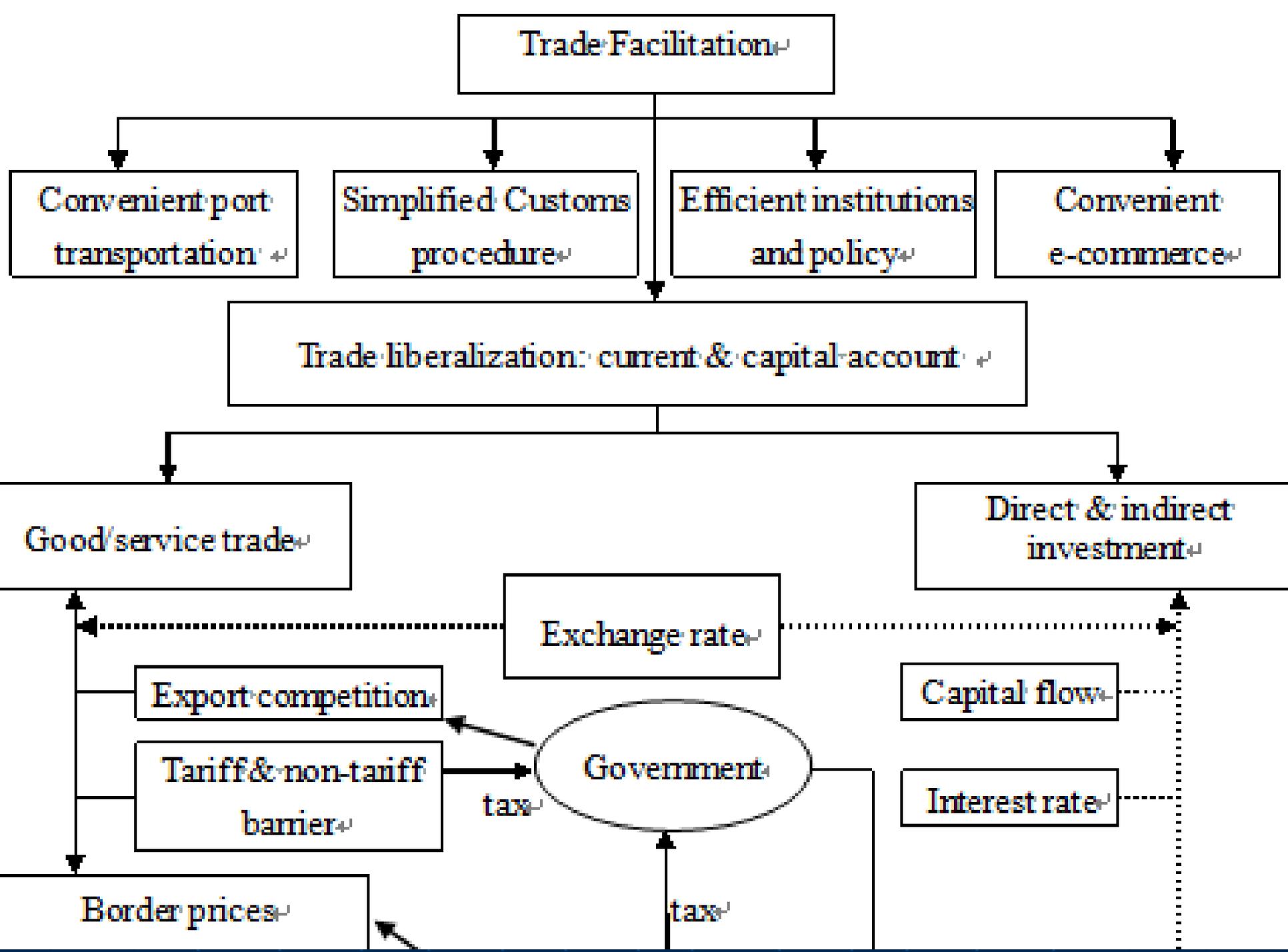
1. Background
2. Impacts of TF on poverty: mechanism
3. Empirical research
4. Research outlook

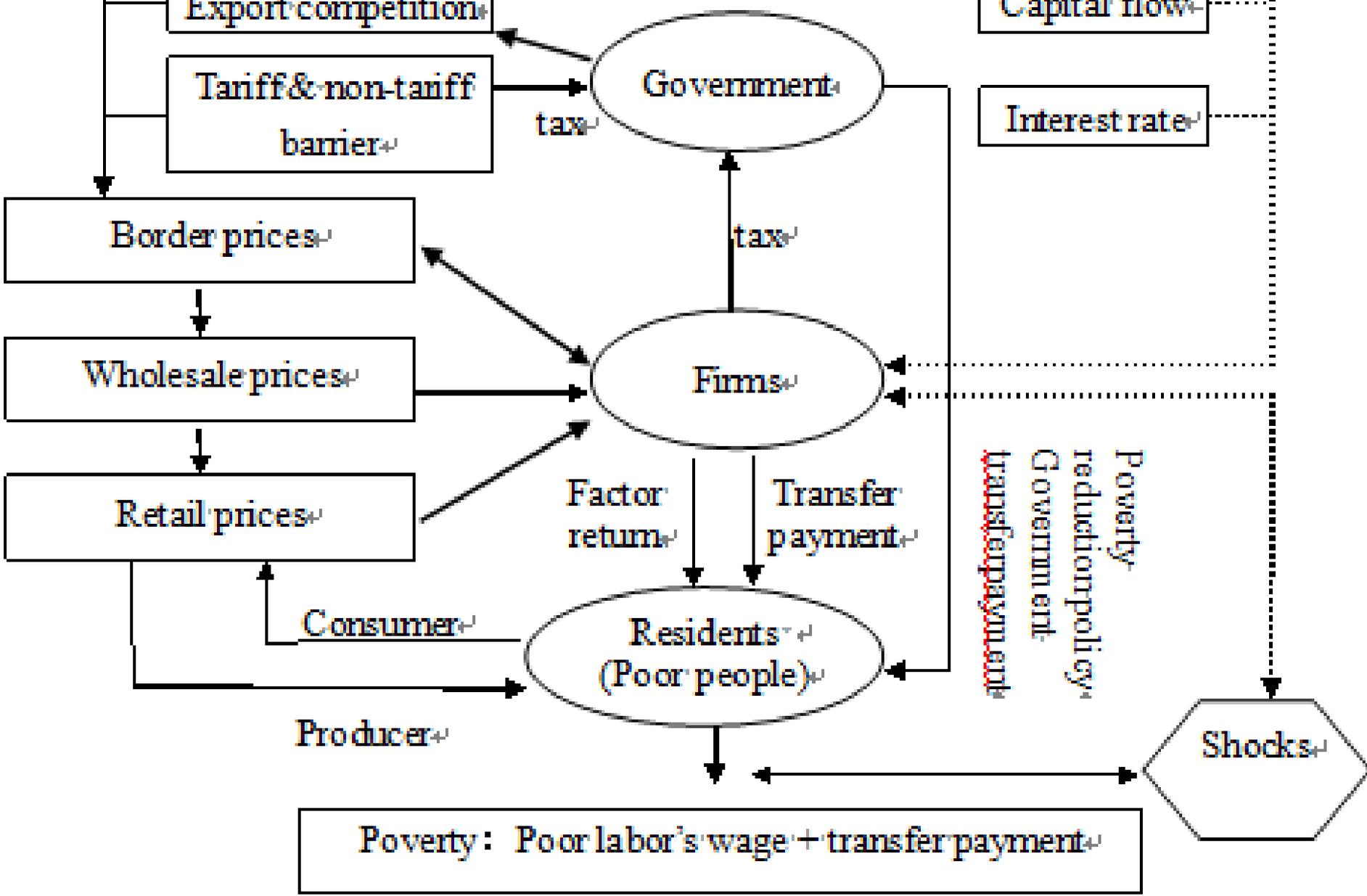
1. Background: Why trade facilitation now?

- Tariff has been reduced greatly through WTO negotiation.
- Traditional NTBs also reduced or removed, eg. quota, TBT, SPS
- Free trade/modern trade need further remove the barriers by new techniques and advanced infrastructure so as to achieve fast transportation and low cost

2. Impacts of TF on poverty: mechanism







3. Impacts of TF on poverty: empirical research

Table1: elasticity of port of poverty

	import	export	Overall
<u>Port elasticity of trade</u>	1.02	1.07	-
<u>Trade elasticity of poverty</u>	Ag. import	Ag. export	
<u>National</u>	-0.05	1.03	0.9800
<u>Elasticity of port on poverty</u>			
<u>National</u>	-0.0510	1.1021	1.0511
Eastern area	-0.0570	0.4044	0.3473
Middle area	-0.1483	2.2641	2.1158
Western area	-0.0233	0.6335	0.6103

research results

- 1 % increase in port efficiency causes 1.051% decrease of poverty.
- For the middle area, the elasticity reaches 2.116%; it is smaller for eastern or western

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_6721

