

SESSION 2. DISCUSSION: THE MDGS LOCALIZATION IN THE PHILIPPINES

National Economic and Development Authority Philippines

> 23 June 2014 Sub-regional Advocacy Workshop on MDGs for South East Asia Lao Plaza Hotel, Lao People's Democratic Republic



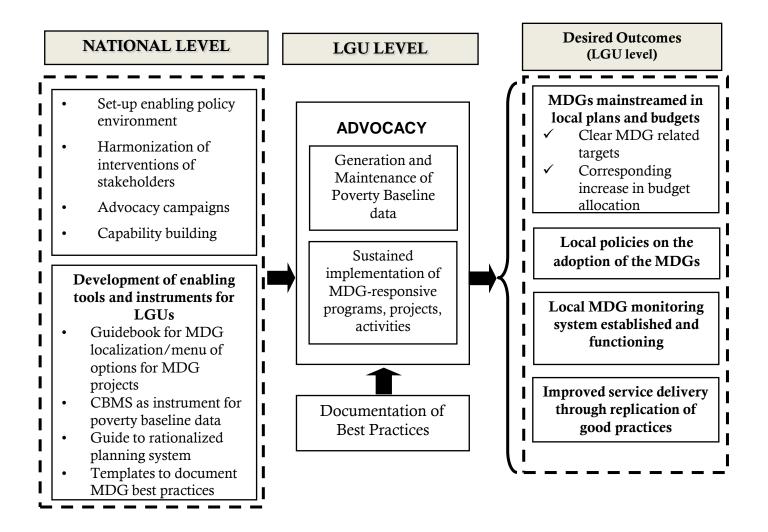
NEDA Board Social Development Council Resolution No.1 Series of 2003

 Tasked the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG) to establish mechanisms to monitor and provide impetus for LGUs to contribute to the achievement of national MDG targets through the provision of appropriate services

NEDA – National Economic and Development Authority (Philippines highest socioeconomic planning agency)



Strategic Framework for MDG Localization





MDG-Fund Facility

- Lead: DILG and Department of Finance's Municipal Development Fund Office
- Why: Limited resources of low-income class LGUs to finance local socio-economic development sub-projects in line with the MDGs
- How: Provides concessional loan financing opportunities to 4th to 6th income class LGUs; PhP500 million (USD12m) capitalization
- Progress: 35 sub-projects by 30 LGUs within the period from FY 2009-2012; 99.5% fund utilization



MDG-Fund Facility (cont'd)

- Funded Projects: Water supply systems; heavy equipment for solid waste management, farming and road maintenance; Public Markets/ Trading Posts; Health infrastructure/equipment; Ecotourism and Economic Enterprise Development project; Ecological Solid Waste Management project; and construction of Day Care Centers
- The high availment rate reflects LGU appreciation and prioritization for socio-economic projects to improve basic services
- This partnership between the DILG and the DOF was deemed strategic: DOF provided financing and while the Department provided technical assistance in the LGU sub-project implementation.



Promotion of Child-Friendly Local Governance

- 6 of the 8 MDGs are directly related to children
- Partnership among DILG, local governments leagues, Commission on the Welfare of Children and UNICEF
- Local government units prioritize bringing positive results for children and building a "Child-Sensitive and Child-Friendly Society through planning, budgeting, legislation and delivery of social services; and assures that the needs and rights of children classified as survival, development, protection and participation are realized



Strengthening of the Local Council for the Protection of Children (LCPC)

- The LCPC is responsible in planning and spearheading programs for children at the local level with the end view of making the locality child-friendly.
- MC 2002-121: Revised Guidelines on the Organization and Strengthening of the Local Council for the Protection of Children
- MC 2008-126: Revised Guidelines in Monitoring the Functionality of the Local Council for the Protection of Children, and
- MC 2012-121: Allocation of One Percent (1%) Internal Revenue Allotment for the Strengthening and Implementation of the Programs, Projects and Activities of LCPCs.

Community Based Monitoring System (CBMS)

Purpose: Provides policymakers and program implementers with a regular source of necessary disaggregated data for :

Determining the nature and extent of poverty in multiple dimensions

Formulating appropriate policies and programs



