

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY



THE POLICIES ON INTERMODAL TRANSPORTATION CONNECTIVITY IN INDONESIA









Seminar on Integrated Intermodal Transport Connectivity 8-9 September 2015, Yogyakarta

Outline

1 Introduction

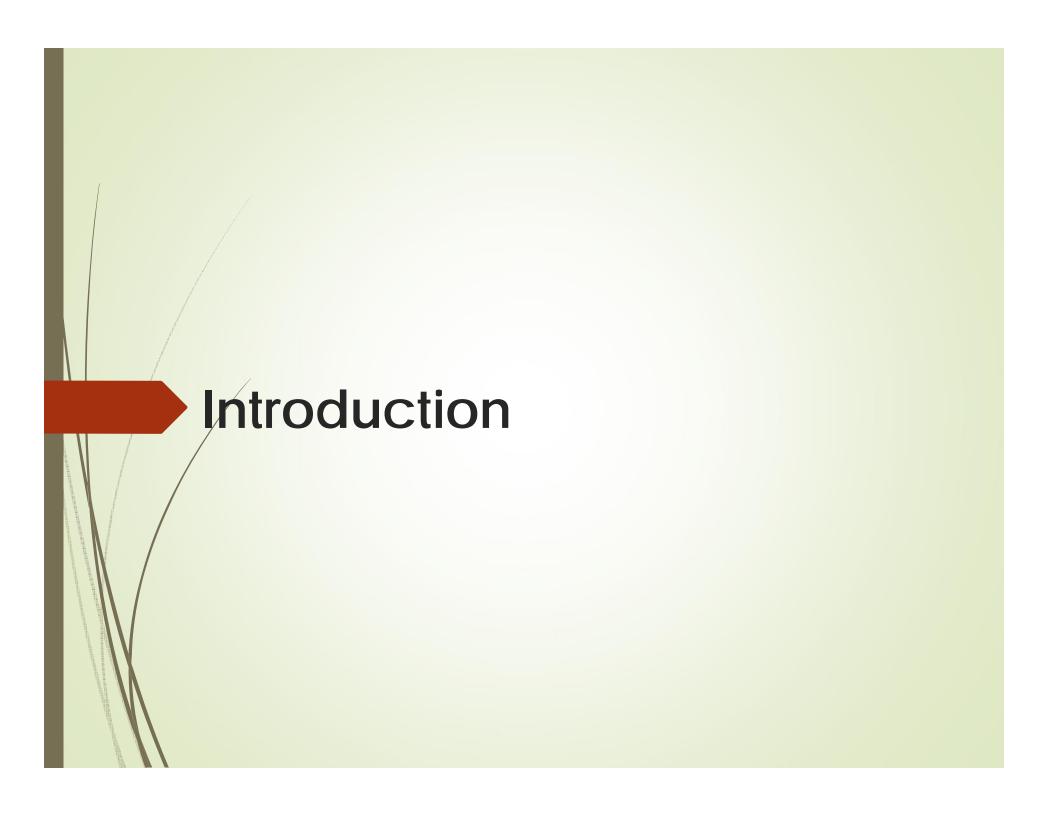
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Current Conditions of Intermodal/Multimodal Transportation Integration

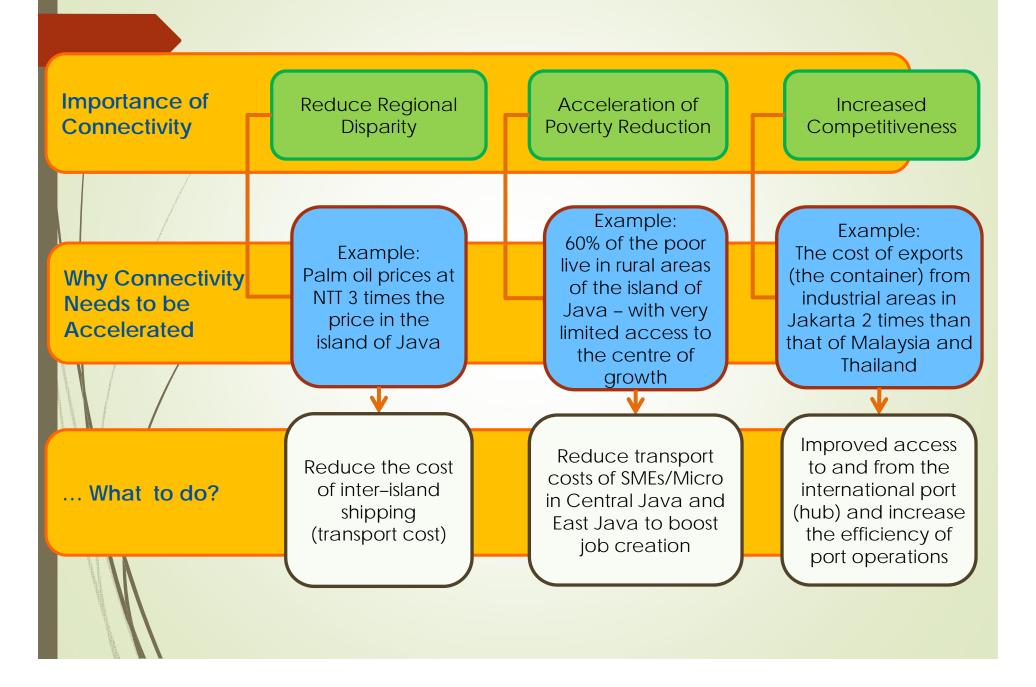
Overview of Policies on Integrated Transport

Integration of National Transportation

Master Plan



The Importance of Connectivity



Intermodal/Multimodal Transportation

National Transportation System (Sistranas) defines Intermodal Transportation as:

Transportation of passengers and/or goods using more than one mode of transport in one continuous journey

Realising one stop service to passengers and goods transport

single ticket for passenger transport

single seamless service (s3) i.e. single operator, single tariff, and single document for goods transport

The Role of Intermodal/Multimodal Transportation

- □ As the main drivers of freight in Indonesia so as to increase the competitiveness of national products both in the domestic, regional and global market
- With intermodal/multimodal transportation movement of goods can be more efficient so as to ensure the availability of goods at affordable prices and stable as well as low disparity among regions in Indonesia
- ☐ Driver of all logistics activities



Current Conditions of Intermodal/Multimodal Transportation Integration

f Intermodal/Multimodal Transportation Integration

ration of transport infrastructure and services network is not fully

ssenger transport services between the modes causes passengers to ehicle several times and not yet served by continuous transport.

dal shift both within the city as well as inter-city can not be done ylasiup t

ration of the network infrastructure such as port, terminal, airport **chedule setting** is still not satisfactory.

