

Advanced issues of Gravity Model

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Outline

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Issue of zero trade flows

- There are evidences that show that, a large portion of international trade matrix consists zero trade.
- Haveman and Hummels (2004) find that about one-third of the bilateral trade matrix is missing.
- Helpman et al. (2008) find that about half of the country pairs in their sample do not trade with each other at all.
- Despite the existence of a large number of zero trade in the trade datasets, the gravity equation was almost invariably estimated using trade data sets converted into logs.

Issue of zero trade flows

- What happens if bilateral trade between countries is zero and we estimate them using conventional Log linear model?
- Taking logarithms of such observations effectively drops them from the sample as $\log(0)$ is undefined.
- Dropping these observations causes reduction of observations. Which also causes loss of information.
- Moreover, using truncated samples in logarithms may yield misleading results.

Issue of zero trade flows

- The problem of zero trade was rarely emphasized because (Martin and Pham, 2015):
 - trade theories were silent on their causes
 - lack of recognition of their frequency
 - due to the convenience of the log-linear estimation
- Recently there has been growing recognition among trade economists that zero trade flows do not occur randomly
- There are some recent developments to tackle the issue of zero trade.

Solution to the Zero trade problem

- The solution to the zero trade problem could be sought in three ways:
 - i) **Simplest way:**
 - One can add 1 to all the observations of the total trade flow. $\ln(0)$ is undefined but, $\ln(1)$ is zero. Hence, we may be able to recover some of the potential information.
 - However, a Tobit estimation is suggested as the OLS would provide biased results (distribution is censored at zero)
 - This approach does not have any theoretical basis. This is mostly used in the policy literature.

Solution to the Zero trade problem

ii) **Pseudo Poisson Maximum Likelihood estimator:**

- An alternative and theoretically more sound approach could be the use of Pseudo Poisson Maximum Likelihood (PPML) estimator.
- Santos Silva and Tenreyro (2006) suggest that, PPML can be a solution to the zero trade problem.
They also highlight that, in the presence of heteroskedasticity, the PPML is a robust approach.
- This method can be applied on the levels of trade, thus estimating directly the non-linear form of the gravity model and avoiding dropping zero trade.
- The dependent variable is trade, not log (trade) whereas, the explanatory variables are still may be in log forms.

Solution to the Zero trade problem

- **Pseudo Poisson Maximum Likelihood estimator (Cont..):**
- This approach has been used in a number of estimation of gravity equations.
- **Estimating in Stata:**
- Estimating PPML in Stata is fairly easy.

Stata command: `poisson dep_var exp_var, robust`

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_3339

