

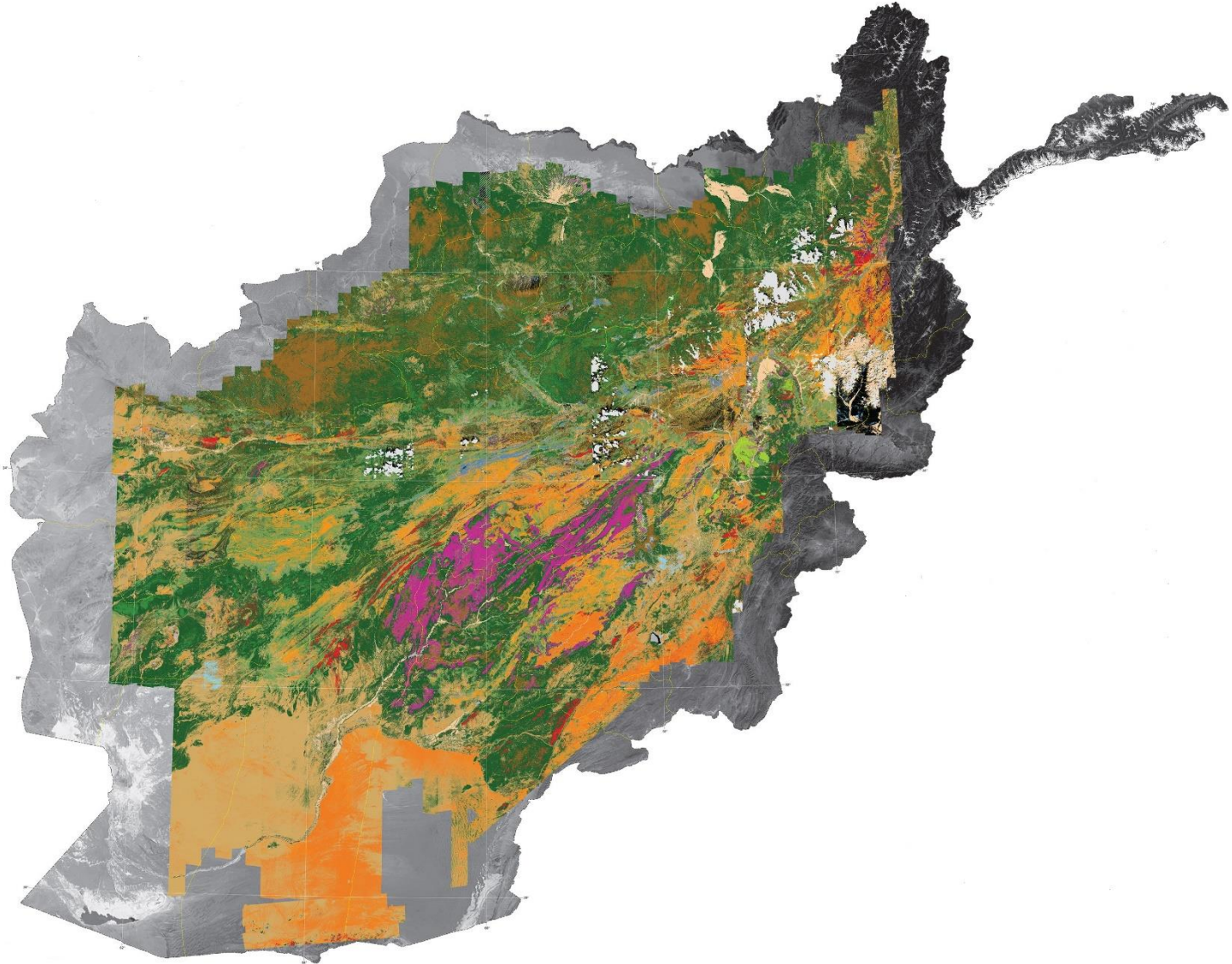
Regional Capacity Development Workshop:
*Mainstreaming DRR in Sustainable
Development Planning*
Afghanistan
Country Presentation

13-16 September 2016
New Delhi, India

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Afghanistan





Key Disaster Impacts: Overview

- Earthquakes, flooding, drought, landslides, and avalanches & man-made disasters are most common disasters in the country
- It is estimated that at least 6,000 families (over 42,000 individuals) across 21 provinces have been affected by avalanches, flooding, landslides and heavy snowfall since February 2014
- 200 to 350 Afghans have been buried (killed) many families have been displaced along with loss of agriculture land and regular income in rain induced landslides in 2014 in Aab-e Barik District of Badakhshan
- Out of 34 provinces, 32 provinces are prone to one more disaster.



Current Status Mainstreaming DRR in Sustainable Development Planning

- Afghanistan is in the process of elaborating SDGs into National Strategic Planning.
- The idea of enabling environment is created among policy and decision makers as a result of their participation in regional and international processes.
- Afghanistan being a member of HFA and SFDRR Process, has strongly felt to make development resilient to disaster. Some processes have already been initiated.
- A MoU had been signed among ANDMA, MRRD, FOCUS and ADPC to start the process of mainstreaming back in 2014.
- The MoU helps government to facilitate the mainstreaming in development planning process with stakeholders.
- 2-3 National Level workshops and conferences were organized in country on mainstreaming to enhance the engagement of stakeholders in mainstreaming process.



Efforts to Mainstream DRR in Sustainable Development Planning

- Afghanistan has created the environment for disaster resilient development by promulgating disaster management act in 2012, creating the institutions for disaster management on a National to sub-national levels.
- GIRoA has started the process of Mainstreaming DRR in development planning in 2012 by organizing National Level conference on Mainstreaming and created a Political will among key decision making stakeholders on it.
- A MoU was signed among ANDMA, MRRD, FOCUS and ADPC Bangkok for starting the process of Mainstreaming.



Efforts to Mainstream DRR in Sustainable Development Planning

- Current development planning process was reviewed by the technical support of ADPC, Bangkok with local facilitation of Focus Humanitarian Assistance.
- A status report was prepared to understand the process of planning and find the entry point for mainstreaming in different key development sectors.
- A Mainstreaming guidebook was prepared on mainstreaming process and awareness in Afghanistan.
- A decision maker's conference was organized in Dubai to share the steps of mainstreaming in Afghanistan. It was jointly facilitated by FOCUS and ADPC to see the way forward for implementation of mainstreaming process in Afghanistan.



Challenges in Mainstreaming DRR in Development Planning

Challenges:

- Afghanistan has the weak institutional and governance mechanism for disaster management.
- National legislative and sector policies does not support or contain the element of risk reduction process as policy statement to be implemented.
- There are other priorities in the country such as; security, unemployment, food insecurity. Hence the focus is not much on the issue of disaster management
- There is no proper assessment and documentation process for calculating the disaster losses to project in the national process and budget loss.

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

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