

FEDERAL MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT NIGERIA

INVENTORY OF MERCURY RELEASES IN NIGERIA

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Table of Contents

- 1 Executive summary
- 2 Mercury release source types present
- 3 Summary of mercury inputs to society
- 4 Summary of mercury releases
- 5 Data and inventory on energy consumption and fuel production
- 6 Data and inventory on domestic production of metals and raw materials
- 7 Data and inventory on domestic production and processing with intentional mercury use
- 8 Data and inventory on waste handling and recycling
- 9 Data and inventory on general consumption of mercury in products, as metal mercury and as mercury containing substances
- 10 Data and inventory on crematoria and cemeteries
- 11 List of data gaps

Appendix 1 - Inventory Level 1 calculation spreadsheets

INVENTORY OF MERCURY RELEASES IN NIGERIA

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF MERCURY INVENTORY RESULTS

This report has been prepared for the Government of Nigeria for the objectives and to the scope set out in the report.

This report has inputs from relevant stakeholders that have submitted data on mercurycontaining materials and devices, and mercury in processes. The information being accepted as provided, has not been independently checked and could contain errors in estimates made. Stakeholders that made data available for the different sectors highlighted in the Toolkit inventory Level 1 are: Federal Ministry of Trade and Investment, Power Holding Company of Nigeria (PHCN), the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS), Abuja Environmental Protection Board (AEBP) and the Lagos Waste Management Authority (LAWMA).

Information on the use of mercury, and natural and anthropogenic fate and transport of mercury, in Nigeria is not readily available and in some cases incomplete.

The inadequacies experienced in comprehensivity of data may have resulted in over or under-estimates of particular sectors.

The table below summarises mercury releases from highlighted source categories.

This mercury release inventory was made with the use of the "Toolkit for identification and quantification of mercury releases" made available by the United Nations Environment Programme's Chemicals division (UNEP Chemicals). The Toolkit is available at UNEP Chemicals' website:

http://www.unep.org/hazardoussubstances/Mercury/MercuryPublications/GuidanceTrain ingMaterialToolkits/MercuryToolkit/tabid/4566/language/en-US/Default.aspx.

This inventory was developed on the Toolkit's Inventory Level 1. The Toolkit is based on mass balances for each mercury release source type. Inventory Level 1 works with predetermined factors used in the calculation of mercury inputs to society and releases, the so-called default input factors and default output distribution factors. These factors were derived from data on mercury inputs and releases from such mercury source types from available literature and other relevant data sources.

Results and discussion

An aggregated presentation of the results for main groups of mercury release sources is presented in Table 1.1 below.

INVENTORY LEVEL 1 -EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Source category	Estimated	Estimated Hg releases, standard estimates, Kg Hg/y					
	Kg Hg/y	Air	Water	Land	By- products and	General	Sector specific waste treatment
Coal combustion and other coal		7 11	Water	Land	impunites	Waste	/0100000
use	13.5	12.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0
Other fossil fuel and biomass							
combustion	1,780.8	1,780.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oil and gas production	49,502.3	148.6	9,806.8	0.0	50.9	133.3	0.0
Primary metal production (excl. gold production by amalgamation)	123 743 6	12,387,8	3.3	37 179 0	37 084 4	69	37 082 2
Gold extraction with mercury	120,7 10.0	12,007.0	0.0	07,170.0	07,001.1	0.0	01,002.2
amalgamation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other materials production	43,521.0	26,112.6	0.0	0.0	8,704.2	8,704.2	0.0
Chlor-alkali production with mercury-cells	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other production of chemicals							
and polymers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Production of products with mercury content	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Use and disposal of dental amalgam fillings	25,518.6	510.4	8,472.2	0.0	918.7	4,899.6	4,899.6
Use and disposal of other							
products	43,054.6	3,452.4	4,735.8	2,381.7	0.0	29,592.5	2,892.1
Production of recycled metals	1,198.6	395.5	0.0	407.5	0.0	395.5	0.0
Waste incineration and open waste burning*1	162,941.9	159,147.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,794.2
Waste deposition*1	16,425.0	164.3	1.6	0.0	-	-	-
Informal dumping of general waste *1*2	17,172.3	1,717.2	1,717.2	13,737.9	-	-	-
Waste water system/treatment *3	1,540.8	0.0	1,386.7	0.0	0.0	154.1	0.0
Crematoria and cemeteries	6,830.5	0.0	0.0	6,830.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTALS	314,820.0	205,830.0	24,740.0	46,800.0	46,760.0	43,890.0	48,670.0

Table 1.1: INVENTORY LEVEL 1 - EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

As shown in the Table 1.1, the following source groups contribute with the major mercury inputs: Use and disposal of other products, Waste Incineration and Open Waste Burning*1, Primary metal production (excl. gold production by amalgamation) Oil and Gas Production and other materials production.

The individual mercury release sub-categories contributing with the highest mercury inputs were Open fire waste burning (on landfills and informally), Production of Zinc from concentrates, Production of Lead from Concentrates, Oil Extraction and Cement Production.

The individual mercury release sub-categories contributing with the highest mercury releases to the atmosphere were Open fire waste burning (on landfills and informally), incineration of medical waste and Cement Production.

Detailed presentation of mercury inputs and releases for all mercury release source types present in the country are shown in the following report sections.

2. MERCURY RELEASE SOURCE TYPES PRESENT

Table 2-1 shows which mercury release sources were identified as present and absent, respectively, in the country. Only source types positively identified as present are included in the quantitative assessment.

It should be noted however, that the presumably minor mercury release source types shown in Table 2-2 were not included in the detailed source identification and quantification work.

Source category	Source present?
	Y/N/?
Energy consumption	
Coal combustion in large power plants	Y
Other coal uses	Y
Combustion/use of petroleum coke and heavy oil	Y
Combustion/use of diesel, gasoil, petroleum, kerosene	Y
Use of raw or pre-cleaned natural gas	Y
Use of pipeline gas (consumer quality)	Y
Biomass fired power and heat production	Y
Charcoal combustion	Y
Fuel production	
Oil extraction	Y
Oil refining	Y
Extraction and processing of natural gas	Y
Primary metal production	
Mercury (primary) extraction and initial processing	?
Production of zinc from concentrates	Y
Production of copper from concentrates	Y
Production of lead from concentrates	Y
Gold extraction by methods other than mercury	
amalgamation	Y
Alumina production from bauxite (aluminium production)	Y
Primary ferrous metal production (iron, steel production)	Y

INVENTORY LEVEL 1 - MERCURY SOURCES IDENTIFIED

Gold extraction with mercury amalgamation - without use of retort	Y
Gold extraction with mercury amalgamation - with use of retorts	?
Other materials production	
Cement production	Y
Pulp and paper production	Y
Production of chemicals	
Chlor-alkali production with mercury-cells	Ν
VCM production with mercury catalyst	Ν
Acetaldehyde production with mercury catalyst	Ν
Production of products with mercury content	
Hg thermometers (medical, air, lab, industrial etc.)	Ν
Electrical switches and relays with mercury	Ν
Light sources with mercury (fluorescent, compact,	
others: see guideline)	Ν
Batteries with mercury	Y
Manometers and gauges with mercury	Ν
Biocides and pesticides with mercury	Y
Paints with mercury	Y
Skin lightening creams and soaps with mercury	
chemicals	Y
Use and disposal of products with mercury content	
Dental amalgam fillings ("silver" fillings)	Y
Thermometers	Ŷ
Electrical switches and relays with mercury	Ŷ
Light sources with mercury	Ý
Batteries with mercury	Y
Polyurethane (PLL PLR) produced with mercury	
catalyst	Y
Paints with mercury preservatives	Y
Skin lightening creams and soaps with mercury	
chemicals	Y
Medical blood processor gauges (moreury)	
sphyamomanometers)	V
Other manometers and gauges with mercury	Y
Laboratory chemicals	<u>ү</u>
Other laboratory and medical equipment with mercury	Ŷ
Production of recycled of metals	•
Production of recycled mercury ("secondary	
production")	Y
Production of recycled ferrous metals (iron and steel)	Ŷ
Waste incineration	
Incineration of municipal/general waste	Y
Incineration of hazardous waste	Y
Incineration of medical waste	Y
Sewage sludge incineration	Y
Open fire waste burning (on landfills and informally)	Y
Waste deposition/landfilling and waste water	
treatment	

Controlled landfills/deposits	Y
Informal dumping of general waste *1	Y
Waste water system/treatment	Y
Crematoria and cemeteries	
Crematoria	?
Cemeteries	Y

Table 2-1Identification of mercury release sources in the country; sources present (Y), absent (N),and possible but not positively identified (?).

Miscellaneous mercury release sources not quantified on Inventory level 1

	Source
Source category	present?
	Y/N/?
Combustion of oil shale	
Combustion of peat	
Geothermal power production	
Production of other recycled metals	
Production of lime	
Production of light weight aggregates (burnt clay nuts for building purposes)	
Chloride and sodium hydroxide produced from mercury-cell technology	
Polyurethane production with mercury catalysts	
Seed dressing with mercury chemicals	
Infra red detection semiconductors	
Bougie tubes and Cantor tubes (medical)	
Educational uses	Y
Gyroscopes with mercury	
Vacuum pumps with mercury	
Mercury used in religious rituals (amulets and other uses)	
Mercury used in traditional medicines (ayurvedic and others) and	
homeopathic medicine	
Use of mercury as a refrigerant in certain cooling systems	
Light houses (levelling bearings in marine navigation lights)	
Mercury in large bearings of rotating mechanic parts in for example older	

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