

Human Health Risk Assessment by Mercury Exposure in SSGM: a Study Case in Brazil

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SUMMARY

•PART I-•HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT: Conceptual Model

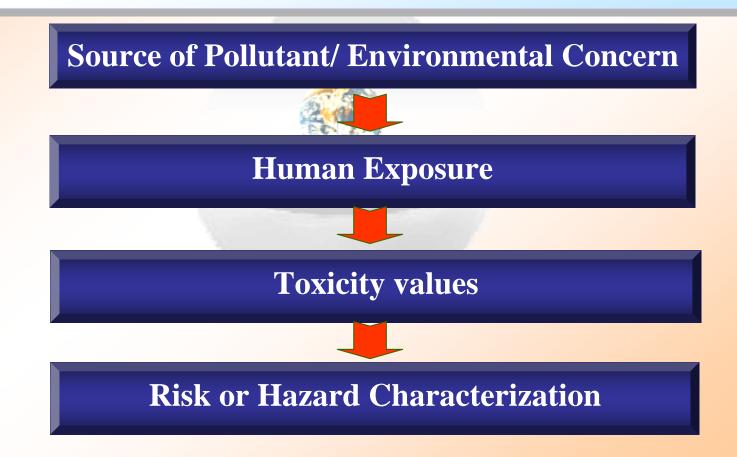


•EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDY AT SSGM IN BRAZIL

(São Chico SSGM at Tapajós SSGM Reservoir, Para State, Brazil)



HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT (USEPA, 1989) 4 basic steps





1- HOW is SSGM a source of mercury to the environment?

2- Which are the mercury CHEMICAL FORMS involved in distintc steps of SSGM processing?

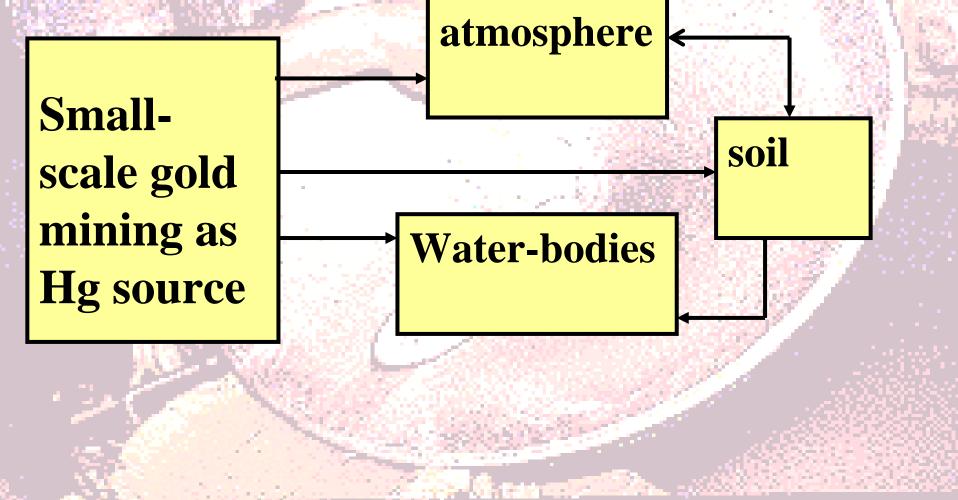
3- Which are the EXPOSURE kinds involved when it comes SSGM? Occupational vs Environmental exposure or both.

4- What are about cumulative risks considering biological VULNERABILITY (additional health problems) of SSGM communities?

SSGM AS A SOURCE OF Hg TO THE ENVIRONMENT: 37% of the anthropogenic mercury (UNEP)



SGM as Hg source to the environment: waste discharge: tailing ponds or directly in waterbodies Primary gold ore: Hg associated to Cyanide Amalgam burning: in the field or gold shops to the atmosphere





Hg chemical forms, environmental compartments, exposure pathways, tissues absorption and adverse effects

are interconnected and show RELATIONSHIPS.

What does it means?

Integration of Hg biogeochemical cycle in the environment with toxicokinetics (the biological fate) and toxicodynamics (the adverse effects) of Hg in the human bodies.

