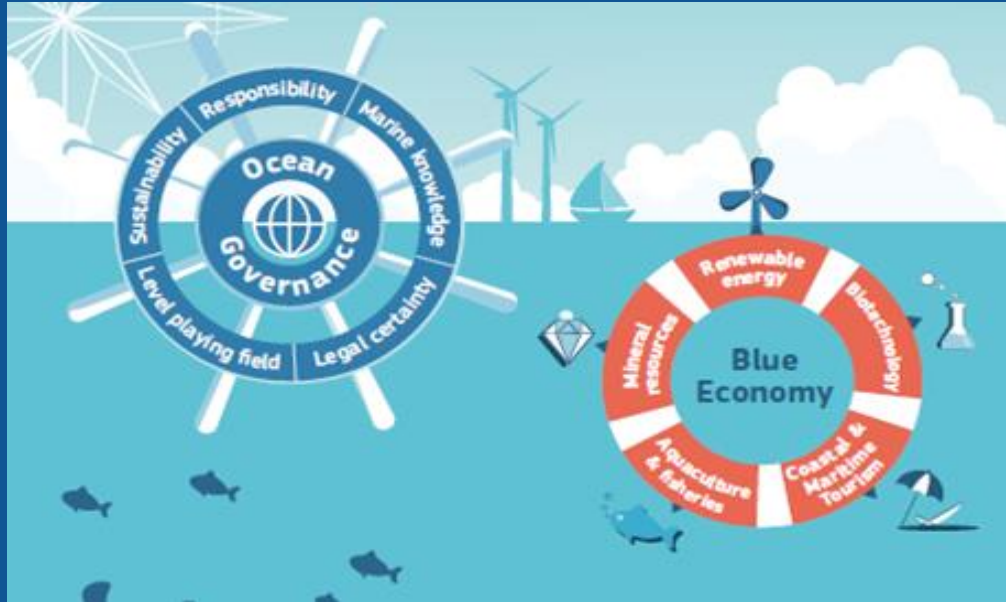


EU and Ocean Governance



Matjaž MALGAJ

European Commission
DG Environment

Ocean governance consultation

Hosted in association with



"If our oceans are not healthy, our economy falls ill. Global maritime challenges require global solutions. I am committed to working intensively to define Europe's role in international ocean governance, for a sustainable blue economy and blue growth."

Mr Karmenu Vella, EU Commissioner for the Environment, Maritime Affairs and Fisheries



@KarmenuVella

http://ec.europa.eu/commission/2014-2019/vella_en



@EU_MARE

#EUOceanGov



20m km²
is the total area of the combined
Exclusive Economic Zone of the EU Member States.
This marine territory is around 380% larger than its land counterpart, and is the world's largest.



The EU has
the world's
largest EEZ.



400m
passengers pass
through
EU PORTS
EVERY YEAR.



90% of
international and
40% of
internal EU trade
is **MARITIME**.



€350m/y
of EU investment
funds dedicated
to marine and
MARITIME
RESEARCH.



The maritime
economy
contributes up to
4m JOBS and
€500bn/y
to the EU economy,
a strategic area
with scope for large
and **SUSTAINABLE**
GROWTH.



€52.2bn/y
The EU is the
world's largest
SEAFOOD
MARKET IN
VALUE.



European
Commission

Impacts on ecosystems

DECLINE OF FISHERIES



90% OF GLOBAL FISH STOCKS ARE OVER-EXPLOITED OR FULLY EXPLOITED



PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA NUMBERS HAVE DROPPED 96% FROM UNFISHED LEVELS

DECLINE OF MARINE SPECIES



THE MARINE LIVING PLANET INDEX* SHOWS A DECLINE OF 39% BETWEEN 1970 AND 2010

*The marine Living Planet Index is an indicator of the state of global biological diversity, based on trends in more than 900 marine species of mammals, birds, reptiles and fish.

39%

DECLINE OF HABITATS

DEFORESTATION RATE OF MANGROVES EXCEEDS EVEN THE LOSS OF FORESTS BY 3-5 TIMES

3-5x



50% OF THE WORLD'S CORALS HAVE DISAPPEARED



ALMOST ONE-THIRD OF ALL SEAGRASSES HAVE BEEN LOST

29%

50%

61% FULLY EXPLOITED

29% OVER-EXPLOITED

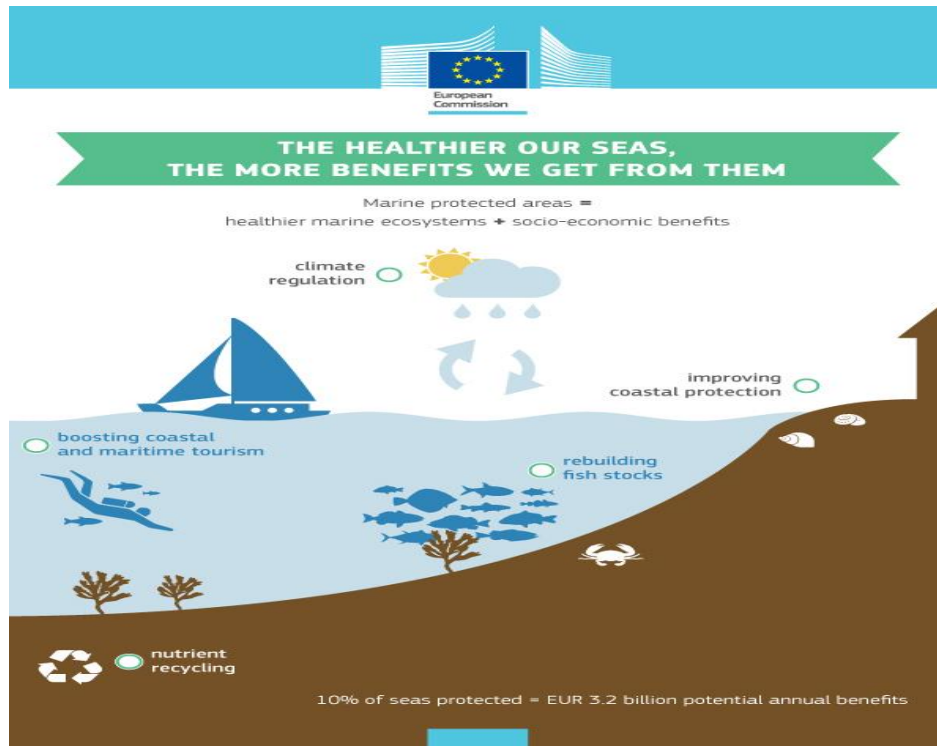
90%

96% DECLINE

2050

AT CURRENT RATES OF TEMPERATURE RISE, CORAL REEFS WILL DISAPPEAR BY 2050

Sustainable future: healthy environment and economic growth



Oceans on the global agenda

- 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Sustainable Development Goal 14:
*Conserve and sustainably use the oceans,
seas and marine resources*

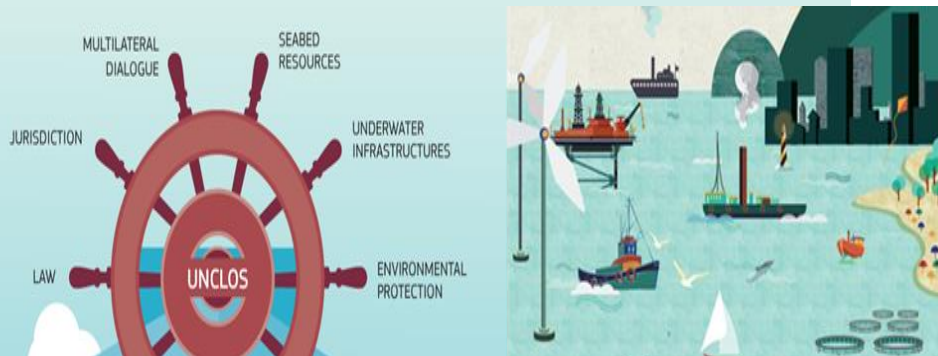
- Climate Change negotiations
- Implementing Agreement on Biodiversity Beyond National Jurisdiction

14 LIFE
BELOW WATER



International ocean governance

UN CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA (UNCLOS)



- Give impetus for implementation of the SDG 14
- Better governance would improve ecosystem health on which oceans' benefits for future generations depend.
- Agree rules on EIA economic activities and exploitation of the ocean resources, area based management in international waters.

预览已结束，完整报告链接和二维码如下：

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_11649

