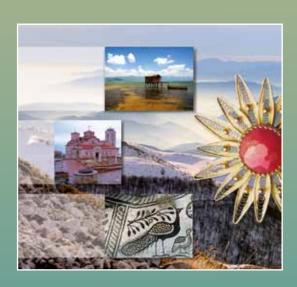
INVESTMENT POLICY REVIEW

The former Yugoslav Republic of MACEDONIA





United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

Investment Policy Review The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia



NOTE

The United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) serves as the focal point within the United Nations Secretariat for all matters related to foreign direct investment, as part of its work on trade and development. This function was formerly carried out by the United Nations Centre on Transnational Corporations (1975–1992). UNCTAD's work is carried out through intergovernmental deliberations, research and analysis, technical assistance activities, seminars, workshops and conferences.

The term "country" as used in this study also refers, as appropriate, to territories or areas; the designations employed and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the United Nations Secretariat concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. In addition, the designations of country groups are intended solely for statistical or analytical convenience and do not necessarily express a judgement about the stage of development reached by a particular country or area in the development process.

The following symbols have been used in the tables:

Two dots (..) indicate that data are not available or not separately reported. Rows in tables have been omitted in those cases where no data are available for any of the elements in the row.

A hyphen (-) indicates that the item is equal to zero or its value is negligible.

A blank in a table indicates that the item is not applicable.

A slash (/) between dates representing years – for example, 2004/05, indicates a financial year.

Use of a dash (-) between dates representing years - for example, 2004–2005 - signifies the full period involved, including the beginning and end years.

Reference to "dollars" (\$) means United States dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Annual rates of growth or change, unless otherwise stated, refer to annual compound rates.

Details and percentages in tables do not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

The material contained in this study may be freely quoted with appropriate acknowledgement.

UNCTAD/DIAE/PCB/2011/3

UNITED NATIONS PUBLICATION

Sales E.II.II.D.I3

ISBN 978-92-1-112823-9

© Copyright United Nations, 2012

All rights reserved

PREFACE

The UNCTAD *Investment Policy Reviews* (IPRs) are intended to help countries improve their investment policies and to familiarize Governments and the international private sector with an individual country's investment environment. The reviews are considered by UNCTAD's Investment, Enterprise and Development Commission. The IPR recommendations are then implemented with the technical assistance of UNCTAD. The support to beneficiary countries is delivered through a series of activities which can span over several years (more information about the IPR programme in annex I).

The Investment Policy Review of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, initiated at the request of the Government of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, was carried out through a fact-finding mission in February and March 2010. The mission received the full cooperation of the relevant ministries and agencies, in particular the Ministry of Economy and its Department for Stimulating Investments and Social Responsibility. The mission also had the benefit of the views of the private sector, foreign and domestic, and the resident international community, particularly bilateral donors and development agencies. A preliminary version of this report was discussed with government officials in Skopje in December 2010. Comments were also gathered during a workshop organized by the Ministry of Economy. The final report reflects written comments from various Ministries of the Government of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, as collected by the Ministry of Economy. The report also benefited from discussions with the UNDP Office in the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and the Delegation of the European Union to the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

The relevance and effectiveness of the regulatory regime are assessed against several related criteria: (a) whether regulations adequately promote and protect the public interest; (b) whether regulations adequately promote investment and sustainable socio-economic development; and (c) whether the methods employed are effective and well-administered, given their public interest and development objectives and the legitimate concerns of investors that rules and procedures do not unduly burden their competitiveness. International benchmarks and best policy practices are taken into account in making the assessment and recommendations in this report.

The strategic focus of this review is on the elaboration of an investment policy programme, namely the "Programme for Stimulating Investment in the Republic of Macedonia 2011–2014". The choice of focus follows a specific request from the Government of the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, showing its commitment to the creation of a sound investment climate, thereby contributing to creating an improved business climate, a more competitive economy and, ultimately, generating greater wealth and employment. The Government's commitment has already been demonstrated by the creation and implementation of three programmes of far-reaching reforms, the latest of which being the "Programme for Stimulating Investment in the Republic of Macedonia 2007–2010".

This report was prepared by the Investment Policy Review team, under the supervision of Chantal Dupasquier. James Zhan, Director of the Investment and Enterprise Division, provided overall guidance. The report was written by Kalman Kalotay, Isabel Maria Marcin, Massimo Meloni, Ricardo Pinto and Matija Rojec. Substantive contributions from Alexandre de Crombrugghe, Hamed El-Kady, Astrit Sulstarova and Lorenzo Tosini are also acknowledged. The report benefited from comments and suggestions from UNCTAD colleagues, including Kiyoshi Adachi, Yoseph Asmelash, Hans Baumgarten, Richard Bolwijn, Quentin Dupriez, Anna Joubin-Bret, Joachim Karl, Natalia Guerra and Elisabeth Tuerk, as well as from Stephen Young, under a peer review process. Irina Stanyukova and Juan José Maqueda provided research and statistical assistance. This report was funded by the Government of Sweden.

It is hoped that the analysis and recommendations of this review will help the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia achieve its development goals, contribute to improved policies, promote dialogue among stakeholders and catalyze investment and the beneficial impact of foreign direct investment.



CONTENTS

PR	EFACE		iii			
CC	NTEN	ıтs				
ΑB	BREVI	IATIONS	ix			
IN.	TRODI	UCTION	xiii			
I.	FDI TRENDS AND PERFORMANCE					
••		onomic background				
	I.	-				
	2.					
	3.					
	4.	•				
	5.	Infrastructure	9			
	6.	Demographic structure and human resources	10			
		OI trends				
	I.					
	2.	Composition of FDI	15			
		2.I. FDI by components				
		2.2. Sectoral composition				
		2.3. Origin of FDI				
	C. Im	21				
	I.	Employment and output	21			
	2.	Linkages and technology transfer	23			
	3.	Trade	23			
	4.	Impact by types of investors	23			
		4.1. FDI in selected services	23			
		4.2. Efficiency-seeking FDI	24			
		4.3. FDI in natural resources				
	D. As	ssessment	25			
II.	THE INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK					
	A. Introduction					
	B. Specific FDI measures					
	l.	FDI entry and establishment	28			
	2.	Treatment and protection of FDI	29			
		2.1. Treatment	29			
		2.2. Transfer of funds	29			
		2.3. Expropriation	31			
		2.4. Other issues related to treatment and protection	31			

В.	Ass	sessing the implementation of past programmes	. 62
		roduction	
DE	SIC	GNING A NEW PROGRAMME FOR STIMULATING INVESTMENT	. 61
D.	Ass	sessment	. 59
	12.	Protection of intellectual property	
		II.4. Public-private partnerships	
		11.3. Government policies conducive to corporate social responsibility	
		II.2. Transparency	
	- • •	II.I. Commercial justice	
		Governance and institutional capacities	
		Competition policy	
	9.	Environment.	
		8.4. Land-related fees	
		8.3. Construction permits	
		8.2. Land acquisition	
	o.	8.1. Cadastral records	
		Land and construction permits	
	o. 7.	Employment and residence of foreigners	
	5. 6.		
	7 . 5.	Customs administration	
	4.	Accounting and auditing	
		3.3. Tax administration. 3.4. Assessment and recommendations	
		3.2. Incentives and special regimes	
		3.1. Tax rates	
	3.	Taxation	
	_	2.2. Registration	
		2.1. Legal forms a business can take	
	2.	Business registration, documentation, conditions and procedures	
	I. Adjusting national regulations to the acquis		
C.	General measures regulating business		
		Assessment of FDI-specific measures	
		3.3. International agreements containing investment provisions	
		3.2. Double taxation treaties	. 34
		3.1. Bilateral investment treaties	. 33
	3.	International framework for FDI	. 33

III.

	C.	De	eveloping a new programme for stimulating investment	63
		I.	Achieving global excellence in the investment framework	65
		2.	Creating synergies between FDI and industrial policy	65
	3.	Str	rengthening policymaking in the area of investment and competitiveness	70
			3.1. Current institutional setting	70
			3.2. Enhancing the efficiency of the institutional framework	71
		4.	Rationalizing the investment promotion effort	74
			4.1. Current structure	74
			4.2. Proposed structure	75
		5.	Ensuring effective policy implementation	78
	D.	Со	onclusion	80
IV.	SL	ıMı	MARY OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	81
	A.	Ac	hieving global excellence in the investment framework	82
	В.	Cr	eating synergies between FDI and industrial policy	82
	C.	Str	rengthening policymaking in the area of investment and competitiveness	82
	D.	Ra	tionalizing the investment promotion effort	83
	E.	Ens	suring effective policy implementation	83
Anı	nex	I. I	PRs – an integrated assistance approach	85
Anı	nex	2. I	Regulatory reforms in the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	87
Anı	nex	3. 1	Methodology of international tax comparisons	89
Anı	nex	4. I	Inputs for the implementation of the programme for stimulating investment	91
REI	ER	FN	ICES	105

TADIEC

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二

https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?re