INVESTMENT PROVISIONS IN ECONOMIC INTEGRATION AGREEMENTS



NOTE

As the focal point in the United Nations system for investment and technology, and building on 30 years of experience in these areas, UNCTAD, through DITE, promotes understanding of key issues, particularly matters related to foreign direct investment and transfer of technology. DITE also assists developing countries in attracting and benefiting from FDI and in building their productive capacities and international competitiveness. The emphasis is on an integrated policy approach to investment, technological capacity building and enterprise development.

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The following symbols have been used in the tables:

Two dots (..) indicate that data are not available or are not separately reported.

Rows in tables have been omitted in those cases where no data are available for any of the elements in the row.

A dash (-) indicates that the item is equal to zero or its value is negligible.

A blank in a table indicates that the item is not applicable.

A slash (/) between dates representing years, e.g. 1994/1995, indicates a financial year.

Use of a hyphen (-) between dates representing years, e.g. 1994-1995, signifies the full period involved, including the beginning and end years.

Reference to "dollars" (\$) means United States dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Annual rates of growth or change, unless otherwise stated, refer to annual compound rates.

Details and percentages in tables do not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

The material contained in this study may be freely quoted with appropriate acknowledgement.

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PREFACE

The secretariat of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) is implementing a programme on international investment arrangements. The programme seeks to help developing countries to participate as effectively as possible in international investment rule-making. It embraces research and policy analysis, including the preparation of a series of policy issues papers; human resources capacity-building and institution-building, including national seminars, regional symposia and training courses; and support to intergovernmental consensus-building. The programme is implemented by a team lead by James Zhan. The members of the team include Amare Bekele, Hamed El-Kady, Severine Excoffier-El Botout, Anna Joubin-Bret, Joachim Karl, Josephine Lamptey, Anca Radu, Marie-Estelle Rey and Jörg Weber. Khalil Hamdani provides overall guidance. The study entitled Investment Provisions in Economic Integration Agreements is part of the programme's research and policy analysis on international investment rules.

Besides bilateral investment treaties (BITs), international investment rules are increasingly being adopted as part of bilateral, regional, interregional and plurilateral agreements that address and seek to facilitate inter alia trade and investment, referred to in this study as "economic integration investment agreements" (EIIAs). The number of EIIAs has been growing steadily since the early 1990s, reaching 218 by June 2005. In 2004 and early 2005 alone, at least 32 EIIAs were concluded, and 66 others were under negotiation or consultation, thus promising further expansion. Recent EIIAs tend to address an expansive set of investment issues in provisions that are increasingly elaborate.

Given the growing significance of EIIAs for international investment rule-making, this study takes stock of these agreements, their incidence and geographical distribution, as well as their main characteristics related to their investment provisions. It is intended to serve as a comprehensive reference volume to help negotiators, policymakers, business executives, academics and other interested groups dealing with these treaties, and, in particular, to contribute to a better understanding of the issues involved in their negotiation, conclusion and application.

The study was prepared by Kenneth Vandevelde, Victoria Aranda and Hamed El-Kady. Comments were provided by Roberto Echanty, Anna Joubin-Bret, Mark Kantor, Joachim Karl, Samuel Laird, Padma Mallampally, Peter Muchlinski, Marie-Estelle Rey and Jörg Weber. Desktop publishing was done by Teresita Ventura.

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ABBREVIATIONS

AIA ASEAN Investment Area
AEC African Economic Community
ASEAN Association of East Asian Nations

BIMSTEC Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical and Economic Cooperation

BIT bilateral treaty for the promotion and protection of

investment (or bilateral investment treaty)

CARICOM Caribbean Common Market

CCIA COMESA Common Investment Area

COMESA Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa
DTT bilateral treaty for the avoidance of double taxation

(or double taxation treaty)

ECOWAS Economic Community of West African States

ECA economic cooperation agreement

ECCAS Economic Community of Central African States
ECGL Economic Community of the Great Lakes Countries

EPA economic partnership agreement

FDI foreign direct investment

FTA free trade area

GCC Gulf Cooperation Council

IIA international investment agreement

LDC least developed countries

PTIA preferential trade and investment agreement

RTA regional trade agreement

SAARC South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation

SADC Southern African Development Community

SDT special and differential treatment

TNC transnational corporation

TRIMs Agreement on Trade-Related Investment Measures
UDEAC Central African Customs and Economic Union
WAEMU West African Economic and Monetary Union

CONTENTS

PREFACE		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	111
CONTENTS			v
I.	INTR	ODUCTION	1
	A. Ba	ackground and Scope of the Study	1
		As: Nature, Types and Rationale	
II.	HIST	ORICAL EVOLUTION OF EIIAs: AN OVERVIEW	13
	A. El	IIAs before the 1990s	13
	1.	Europe	13
	2.	•	
	3.		
	4.	Africa	15
	5.	America	17
	6.	Asia	
	B. El	IIAs in the 1990s and Early 2000s	19
	1.	•	
		a. Europe	
		b. America	
		c. Asia	
		d. Africa	
	2.		
III.	THE	PRESENT UNIVERSE OF EIIAs	31
	A. G	eographical Distribution	31
	1.		
	2.	Intraregional Trends	33
	3.		
	4.		
	B. G	lobal Patterns in EIIA Approaches to Investment	41
		Coverage of Investment Issues	
		a. Investment cooperation EIIAs	41
		b. Investment liberalization EIIAs	
		c. Investment liberalization and protection EIIAs	45
		d. Investment protection and promotion EIIAs	
	2.		
	3.	•	
	4.	Distinction between Developed and Developing Country EIIAs	51

IV.		FFERENCES AND SIMILARITIES BETWEEN EIIAs ID WITH OTHER AGREEMENTS	55
	Α.	Overview	55
		Main Substantive Provisions on Investment in EIIAs: A Comparative Analysis	
	Σ.	1. Scope of the Agreement	
		a. Definitions	
		i. Investment	
		ii. Investor	
		b. General exceptions	
		c. Special exceptions	
		Investment Liberalization	
		a. Admission and establishment of investment	
		b. Market access for services	
		c. Transparencyd. Transfer of funds	
		e. Performance requirements	
		f. Employment of key personnel	
		3. Investment Protection	
		a. Non-discrimination	
		b. General protection provisions	
		c. Expropriation	
		i. Scope of the expropriation provision	
		ii. Conditions for lawful expropriation	
		d. Intellectual property	
		e. Investor-State dispute settlement	
		4. Investment Promotion	
		5. Investment Promotion	125
V.	IN'	TERACTIONS	129
	A.	Interactions between Provisions within EIIAs	129
		1. Interactions between Investment Provisions	129
		2. Interactions between Investment Provisions and Other Provisions	130
	R	Interactions between Agreements Dealing with Investment	132
	ъ.	Ensuring Consistency	
		a. Concluding another agreement	
		b. Reaffirming commitments under other treaties	
		c. Requiring observance of obligations under another agreement	
		d. Incorporating obligations from other agreements; MFN clause	
		2. Addressing Inconsistencies	
		a. Committing not to modify parties' obligations under other agreements	
		b. EIIA provisions to prevail over other agreements	
		c. Establishing a mechanism to resolve inconsistencies	
		d. Termination of a prior inconsistent agreement	
		e. Requiring the higher level of protection to prevail	
		f. Allowing the parties to choose	
		g. Including an exception to the MFN clause	137

VI.	POLICY CHALLENGES	139			
REFERENCES143					
	ANNEX TABLE. ECONOMIC INTEGRATION INVESTMENT AGREEMENTS, 1945-2004147				
	SELECTED UNCTAD PUBLICATIONS ON TNCS AND FDI15				
QUES	QUESTIONNAIRE165				
	Boxes				
I.1. I.2. III.1.	Types of agreements in relation to the depth of market integration they seek	46			
IV.1. IV.2.	The European Community's approach to regulatory takings Investment promotion provisions in the Cotonou Agreement				
т 1	Figures	10			
I.1. III.1.	The "Spaghetti bowl": multiple overlapping EIIAs, June 2005				
III.2.	Intra-regional and inter-regional EIIAs, by type, June 2005				
III.3.	Total EIIAs concluded by region, June 2005	33			
III.4.	Intra-regional EIIAs concluded, by region, by type, June 2005	33			
III.5.	Distribution of inter-regional EIIAs, June 2005				
III.6.	Inter-regional EIIAs between Asia and Europe, June 2005				
III.7.	Inter-regional EIIAs between America and Asia, June 2005				
III.8. III.9.	Inter-regional EIIAs between America and Europe, June 2005 Inter-regional EIIAs between Africa and America, June 2005				
III.9. III.10.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Areas of EIIA integration through sub-regional groups within and between Africa, Europe and the Middle East				
III.12.	•				
	Areas of EIIA integration through sub-regional groups within America				
	Tables				
I.1.	EIAs do not follow a clear integration pattern	4			
III.1.	Key investment issues addressed in selected EIIAs	42			



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