MAKING REGIONAL INTEGRATION WORK Company perspectives on non-tariff measures in Arab States





TRADE IMPACT FOR GOOD

© International Trade Centre 2015

The International Trade Centre (ITC) is the joint agency of the World Trade Organization and the United Nations.

Street address:	ITC 54-56, rue de Montbrillant 1202 Geneva, Switzerland
Postal address:	ITC Palais des Nations 1211 Geneva 10, Switzerland
Telephone:	+41-22 730 0111
Fax:	+41-22 733 4439
E-mail:	itcreg@intracen.org
Internet:	http://www.intracen.org

MAKING REGIONAL INTEGRATION WORK

COMPANY PERSPECTIVES ON NON-TARIFF MEASURES IN ARAB STATES

ABSTRACT FOR TRADE INFORMATION SERVICES

ID= 43162

2015

C-00 000 MAK

International Trade Centre (ITC)

Making regional integration work – Company perspectives on non-tariff measures in Arab States Geneva: ITC, 2015. XIV, 56 pages.

This report forms part of an ITC series of developing-country survey projects on non-tariff measures (NTMs), for which 25 reports have been issued to date. This is the first report to look at country surveys in a regional context. It analyses four business surveys conducted by ITC in Egypt, Morocco, the State of Palestine and Tunisia, giving governments a glimpse into what businesses perceive as their main challenges to trade, within and beyond the region, and offers insights into the major bottlenecks hampering international and regional trade in the Arab region, by sharing the perspectives of exporters and importers in the region. The surveys focus on NTMs that governments impose; procedures that make compliance difficult; and inefficiencies in the trade-related business environment.

Descriptors: Arab States, Non-Tariff Measures, Regional Integration, Intraregional Trade, Market Surveys.

For further information on this publication, contact Ursula Hermelink (ntm@intracen.org).

English

The International Trade Centre (ITC) is the joint agency of the World Trade Organization and the United Nations.

ITC, Palais des Nations, 1211 Geneva 10, Switzerland (www.intracen.org)

The designations employed do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Trade Centre concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Digital image(s) on the cover: © Shutterstock.com

Doc. No. P259.E/DMD/MAR/15-X

ISBN: 978-92-9137-426-7 United Nations Sales No. E.15.III.T.5

© International Trade Centre 2015

ITC encourages the reprinting and translation of its publications to achieve wider dissemination. Short extracts may be freely reproduced, with due acknowledgement of the source. Permission should be requested for more extensive reproduction or translation.

FOREWORD

In today's global trade landscape, deeper regional integration is an important policy choice that governments can make to ensure the creation of markets for their small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). The Arab region has made integration and better connection of its markets a priority, but the figures show that compared with other regions, intra-Arab trade remains low, despite a number of existing regional trade agreements.

This publication on intra-Arab trade seeks to provide greater information and transparency on the integration story in the region and to do this through the lens of the SMEs. It brings a new perspective to some of the underlying economic forces at work, and suggests that the move to enhanced integration is on an upward trajectory. By boosting the trade capacity of regional SMEs, and their opportunities to access markets, growth and job creation will follow. But there is a need to better identify and address the existing constraints they face.

ITC's enterprise-level analysis of four economies in the region provides insight into the practical day-to-day challenges these enterprises face. Addressing non-tariff measures (NTMs), and ensuring regional market regulation compliance, are just two of the areas that are examined in the publication.

The analysis, however, suggests that many of these barriers can be addressed locally, nationally and regionally. The key message is that market access begins at home, and that there is greater scope for governments to streamline processes, harmonize regulations in the region, and work with exporters to provide consistent, transparent and timely information.



The good news is that Arab leaders and institutions recognize the untapped opportunity for business and investment. They are taking action through regional dialogue, transparency and efficiency initiatives, and through ensuring that enabling policies are in place to ease the cost and time of doing business and of trading in the region.

This publication is the latest in ITC's series of publications that capture company perspectives on NTMs. Over the past five years, ITC has documented business experiences through its NTM Surveys and has interviewed over 15,000 exporters and importers in 30 developing countries.

We hope that this publication will serve as a foundation to facilitate trade, particularly for the SMEs in the region. ITC remains committed to supporting the Arab region in achieving regional trade impact for good.

Arancha González ITC Executive Director

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This publication was written by Ursula Hermelink and Mathieu Loridan based on the data from the International Trade Centre (ITC) business surveys on non-tariff measures (NTMs) in Egypt, Morocco, the State of Palestine and Tunisia.

The authors thank Mondher Mimouni for his guidance in the analysis, Abdellatif Benzakri for the preparation of statistics and analytical contributions, as well as Khemraj Ramful and Julia Spies for additional inputs. They thank stakeholders and colleagues, particularly Lilia Naas, Abdeslam Azuz, Mena Hassan, Kenza Le Mentec, Saskia Marx, Lionel Fontagné and Helen Lassen, for valuable comments and feedback.

ITC expresses its gratitude to all speakers, discussants and participants in the high-level roundtable on non-tariff measures, held in Tunis, 28–29 April 2014, for contributing concrete proposals and recommendations. ITC is grateful to the representatives of enterprises and experts who agreed to be interviewed and to share their experiences with NTM-related trade obstacles.

Further thanks are extended to Dianna Rienstra, Erica Meltzer and Natalie Domeisen for editing; Evelyn Seltier and Natalie Domeisen for production management; Kristina Golubic for design; Laurena Arribat for photo research; and Serge Adeagbo and Franco lacovino for printing.

ITC acknowledges the financial support of the United Kingdom's Department for International Development (DFID) and the Government of Canada to the NTM Surveys in the Arab region, as well as of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and the International Islamic Trade Finance Corporation (ITFC) to the Tunis roundtable.

CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	iv
ABBREVIATIONS	vii
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	
CHAPTER 1: REGIONAL OVERVIEW	1
OVERLAPPING PREFERENTIAL AGREEMENTS	
TARIFF PREFERENCES HAVE NOT TRANSLATED INTO REGIONAL INTEGRATION	2
NON-TARIFF MEASURES – PREVENTING TRADE AMONG ARAB STATES?	
SURVEYS POINT TO INTRAREGIONAL TRADE OBSTACLES	2
CHAPTER 2: NTM SURVEY FINDINGS IN ARAB STATES	5
BACKGROUND AND METHODOLOGY	6
A SNAPSHOT OF NTM SURVEY FINDINGS	8
CHAPTER 3: PRODUCT QUALITY AND CONFORMITY	17
COMPLIANCE CHALLENGES WITH TECHNICAL REGULATIONS	18
PRODUCT TESTING AND CERTIFICATION	20
PRODUCT REGISTRATION AND IMPORT AUTHORIZATION	22
CHAPTER 4: RULES OF ORIGIN AND OTHER TRADE-RELATED MEASURES	25
RULES OF ORIGIN	26
OTHER TRADE-RELATED MEASURES	30
CHAPTER 5: CUSTOMS CLEARANCE AND BORDER CONTROLS	35
INFRASTRUCTURE	37
AVAILABILITY AND TRAINING OF OFFICIALS	37
PREDICTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY	
COORDINATION BETWEEN AGENCIES	
LENGTH AND COSTS OF CUSTOMS CLEARANCE	
CHAPTER 6: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	41
THE HIGH-LEVEL ROUNDTABLE ON NTMS	42
TRANSPARENCY – A CROSS-CUTTING ISSUE	42
QUALITY AND CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS	
ADDRESSING TRADE-RELATED MEASURES	
CUSTOMS CLEARANCE AND BORDER CONTROLS	49
ANNEXES: DATA SOURCES, REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING	53
THE ITC PUBLICATION SERIES ON NON-TARIFF MEASURES	54

TABLES

Table 1:	NTM Surveys in Morocco, Egypt, State of Palestine and Tunisia	.6
Table 2:	Procedural obstacles affecting exports in agencies at home and in Arab States, by type and institution	13
Table 3:	Technical NTM-related procedural obstacles reported by exporters, by type and institution	19
Table 4:	Incidence of procedural obstacles related to non-technical NTMs reported by exporters, by type and institution	27

FIGURES

Figure 1:	Trade agreements involving Arab States	3
Figure 2:	Share of the surveyed economies in total Arab States' exports	7
Figure 3:	Breakdown of burdensome NTM cases reported by exporters in Arab States	9
Figure 4:	Burdensome NTM cases vs. export share	9
Figure 5:	Agricultural exports: burdensome NTMs applied by partner countries	10
Figure 6:	Manufacturing exports: burdensome NTMs applied by partner countries	11
Figure 7:	Burdensome NTMs applied at home	11
Figure 8:	Why exporters find NTMs a burden	12
Figure 9:	Where exporters encounter procedural obstacles	12
Figure 10:	Burdensome technical NTMs applied by Arab States	18
Figure 11:	Burdensome non-technical NTMs applied by Arab States to exports	26
Figure 12:	Burdensome inspection requirements applied by Arab States to exports from the surveyed economies as a share of all reported non-technical NTMs	36

预览已结束, 完整报告链接和二维码如下:



https://www.yunbaogao.cn/report/index/report?reportId=5_22976