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# REPORT ON THE 1950 WORLD CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

Volume I

## CENSUS RESULTS BY COUNTRIES



FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Rome, Italy

1955

#### ADEN PROTECTORATE

#### TIME REFERENCE

All statistics relate to the calendar year 1950, unless otherwise stated.

#### LEGAL OR ADMINISTRATIVE BASIS

The British Secretary of State for the Colonies' despatch 19744/73/18/49 of 31 May 1949, requested colonial territories to supply information according to five minimum tables.

#### METHOD OF COLLECTION

The figures are only in the nature of rough guesses, though the figures for long staple cotton are based on some kind of survey. The figures for livestock can be regarded only as indicating the order of magnitude of the numbers.

#### E CROPS

Areas are those sown or planted except areas under wheat and barley which refer to crops sown in the previous year but harvested in 1950.

#### F LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

The livestock figures refer to 31 December 1950.

SOURCE: Report on World Census of Agriculture, 1950, in British Colonial Territories. Colonial Office, March 1953.

#### ADEN PROTECTORATE

Not classified by size of holding

A, B, C, D Not available		Dates	
E CROPS - AREA AND PRODUCTION		Hectares Metric tons	4 250 7 100
Wheat			
Hectares	2 200	F LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY (number)	
Metric tons	2 370	Horses, Mules and Asses	
Millet and sorghum		Horses	
Hectares	36 800	Mules	
Metric tons	16 700	Asses	7 000
Barley		Cattle	63 000
Hectares	2 400	Sheep	200 000
Metric tons	4 100	Goats	855 000
Cotton			
Hectares	444	73.76	
		Poultry	
Sesame		Camels	00 000
Hectares	3 400		80 000
Metric tons	860	G, H, I, J, K Not available	

#### **ALASKA**

#### TIME REFERENCE

The 1950 Census of Agriculture was taken as of 1 April 1950. Inventory items relate to 1 April. Data on acreage and quantity of crops harvested are for the crop year of 1949.

#### LEGAL OR ADMINISTRATIVE BASIS

Authorization for the 1950 Census of Agriculture was made in the act of Congress, approved 18 June 1929, providing for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses.

#### METHOD OF COLLECTION

The questionnaire used for the census of population helped the enumerator to obtain an agriculture questionnaire for every place for which one was required. The population questionnaire contained two possible inquiries for every family enumerated. One of these questions was: "Is this house on a farm?". In case the answer was "No", the second was: "Is this house on a place of three or more acres?". If the answer to either of these inquiries was "Yes", the census enumerator was instructed to obtain an agriculture questionnaire from the person in charge of the place. This method of enumeration resulted in the securing of a number of questionnaires not included in the tabulations because they did not meet the criteria established for a holding.

The enumerators in rural areas were instructed to indicate on their maps the location of every dwelling place and holding. This procedure was intended to help the supervisor to ascertain if his enumerators had visited all parts of the enumeration districts assigned them.

#### A HOLDING AND TENURE

(a) Holding. Places of three or more acres were counted as holdings if the value of agricultural products in 1949, exclusive of home gardens, amounted to \$150 or more. The agricultural products could have been either for home use or for sale. Places of less than three acres were counted as holdings only if the value of sales of agricultural products in 1949 amounted to \$150 or more. Places operated in 1949 for which the value of agricultural products in 1949 was less than these minima because of crop failure or other unusual circumstance, and places operated in 1950 or 1949 for the first time were counted as holdings if normally they could be expected to produce these minimum quantities of the products of holding. All the land under the control of one person or partnership was included as one holding. Control may have been through ownership, homestead law or through lease or rental arrangement.

The census enumerator was not given the definition of a holding. He was instructed to obtain an agriculture question-

naire for every place that the operator considered a holding, for every place of three or more acres, whether or not it was considered a holding, and for certain specialized operations regardless of the size of the place. The specialized operations include greenhouses and hothouses, places with 100 or more poultry or on which 300 dozen eggs or more were produced in 1949, and places with ten or more fur-bearing animals. Thus, agriculture questionnaires were filled for more places than those that qualified as holdings. The determination as to which reports were to be included in the tabulations as representing holdings was made during the processing of the questionnaires in Washington.

(b) Tenure. Land owned includes all land in the holding which the operator or his wife, or both, hold under title, purchase contract, homestead law or as one of the heirs or as a trustee of an undivided estate. Land rented from others includes land used rent-free if the operator had the sole use of the land. Land rented or leased under other arrangements was also included. Public grazing land used without rental was not to be included. Managers operate holdings for others and are paid a wage or salary for their services; persons acting merely as caretakers or hired as laborers are not classified as managers. If the farm operator managed land for two or more employers, all the land managed was considered one holding.

#### **B** LAND UTILIZATION

Land in holdings was classified according to the use made of the land in 1949. These classes of land are mutually exclusive, i.e. each acre of land was included once even though it may have had more than one use in 1949.

Cropland includes land from which crops were harvested, land from which hay was cut, and land in fruit orchards; it includes also the land from which no crop was harvested in 1949 because of destruction by frost, flood, drought, hail, insects, fire or from any cause, or from failure to harvest because of low prices or lack of labor. It further includes idle cropland, i.e. cropland which was lying idle or which was in fallow, and land which was not pastured or from which no crop of any kind was harvested in 1949. It also includes land that was used only for pasture in 1949 which could have been used for crops without additional clearing, draining or irrigating. This last category of land may include some permanent pasture.

The figure for Arable land has been obtained by deducting the area under small fruits and the land in fruit orchards from the cropland. It may still include parts of the permanent pasture.

Land for growing trees, vines and shrubs is the total of the area under fruits and the land in fruit orchards.

Permanent meadow and pasture includes rough and brush land pastured and any other land pastured which the respondent did not consider as either woodland or cropland.

**ALASKA** 

Woodland includes all woodland that was used for pasture or grazing as well as all woodland which was not used for pasture and grazing in 1949. No definition of woodland was given to enumerators except an instruction not to include brush pasture as woodland.

All other land includes all house lots, barn lots, lanes, roads, ditches and wasteland.

#### E CROPS

If two or more crops were harvested on the same land during the crop year 1949, the area and quantity harvested for each crop was included. The acreage given for the several crops represents the acres harvested for the crop year of 1949 except that the acreage for land in fruit orchard represents the land in bearing and non-bearing trees on the census date. Figures for vegetables refer only to vegetables harvested for sale. The figures for quantity for other crops harvested represent the amount actually harvested during the 1949 crop year.

#### F LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

Livestock were to be enumerated on the holding on which they were located at the census date, regardless of ownership.

Fur-bearing animals include fur animals kept in captivity on the holding at the census date.

#### G AGRICULTURAL TECHNOLOGY

Holdings were grouped by class of work-power on the basis of whether horses, mules or tractors were reported. This classification does not present an entirely accurate picture of the work-power used on all farms. For some farms, all the work-power may be hired. Thus, farms hiring all the work-power from others are shown as having no work-power.

Specified equipment refers to equipment on the holding on 1 April 1950; it includes equipment or facilities that were temporarily out of order.

Tractors were to include home-made tractors. In reporting motor-lorries, trucks and automobiles, "pick-ups" and truck-trailer combinations were to be reported as trucks. Jeeps and station-wagons were to be included as motor-trucks or automobiles depending on whether they were used for hauling or as passenger vehicles.

SOURCE: United States Census of Agriculture: 1950 Vol. I, Part 34, Chapter 1, Alaska. United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C., 1951.

#### **ALASKA**

Not classified by size of holding

HOLDING AND TENURE			Barley	
Number and Area of Holdings			Number of holdings reporting	
Number		525	Hectares A Section 1997	2
Area (hectares)	170	694	Metric tons	1
Number and Area of Holdings, by Tenure			Oats	
Holdings operated under one tenure form			Number of holdings reporting	3
Owned by the holder			Hectares	13
Number		445	Metric tons	16
Area (hectares)	21	491		
Rented from others	. 71		Mixed grains	
Number		20	Number of holdings reporting	
Area (hectares)	81	801	Hectares	6
Holdings operated under mixed forms	Ñ		Metric tons	7
of tenure Number		<sup>1</sup> 50	Potatoes	
Area (hectares)	3	806	Number of holdings reporting	28
Holdings operated by managers	Ĭ	000	Number of holdings reporting  Hectares	4
Number		10	Metric tons	5 0:
Area (hectares)	63	596	A STATE OF THE STA	
Area (neccares)		3,0	Mixed grains cut for hay	
Total Area in Holdings, by Tenure				
(hectares)			Number of holdings reporting	1.
Area owned by the holder	24	648	Hectares  Metric tons	1 0 <sup>-</sup> 3 3
Area rented from others	82	450		3 3.
Area operated by managers	<sup>2</sup> 63	596	Mixed grains cut for silage	
			Number of holdings reporting	
LAND UTILIZATION			Hectares 1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	40
Utilization of Land in Holdings (hectares)			Metric tons, green weight	4 3
Cropland A High A A A A A A A A A A A	5	012		
Arable land	(4	995)	Cabbage	
Land for growing trees, vines and shrubs		(17)	Number of holdings reporting	
Permanent meadow and pasture		257	Hectares	
Wood or forest land	17	330		
Grazed Annual Control of the Control	(2	876)	Carrots	
Not grazed	(14	454)	Number of holdings reporting	
All other land	4	095	Hectares	
D Not available			Lettuce	
CROPS-AREA AND PRODUCTION			Number of holdings reporting Hectares	
Wheat				
			Cauliflower	
Number of holdings reporting		31		
Hectares		83	Number of holdings reporting	
Metric tons		143	Hectares	

Includes holdings for which holders own or homestead a part of the land they operate and rent the remainder from others. — "Includes land owned and/or rented.

#### **ALASKA**

Not classified by size of holding

Celery		F LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY ON AGRI-	
Number of holdings reporting	18	CULTURAL HOLDINGS	
Hectares	2	Horses, Mules and Asses	
Rutabagas		Number of holdings reporting horses	
Number of holdings reporting	25	and mules	74
Hectares	3	Number of horses and mules	207
		Asses	
Turnips		Cattle	
Number of holdings reporting	18		
Hectares	3	Number of holdings reporting cattle  Total number of cattle	170 2 236
		Cows including heifers that have calved	2 230
Other vegetables		Number of holdings reporting cows	
Hectares	17	including heifers that have	
		file Nichtler calved in the state of the sta	158
Tame and cultivated grass cut for hay		Number of head	1 324
Number of holdings reporting	38		
Hectares	210	Sheep : A distribution of the control of the contro	
Metric tons	704	Number of holdings reporting sheep	10
Marsh, prairie and other wild grass		Total number of sheep	6 046
cut for hay		Sheep clipped during the census year	<b>4</b> 748
	23	Total production of wool (metric tons)	26
Number of holdings reporting  Hectares	23 78	Goats	
Metric tons	210		
		Pigs	
Apples (including crab apples)		Number of holdings reporting	32
Number of holdings reporting	11	Total number of pigs	1 201
Number of trees of bearing age	36		
		Poultry	
Cherries		Number of holdings reporting chickens	
Number of holdings reporting	7	4 months of age and over	169
Number of trees of bearing age	25	Number of chickens 4 months of age	
Strawberries		and over	20 278
Number of holdings reporting	101	Fur-bearing animals	
Hectares	11	Number of holdings reporting fur-bearing	
Metric tons	9	Harris Harring animals have been also been a second	24
		Foxes	
Raspberries		Number of females over 3 months	
Number of holdings reporting	54	of age	39
Hectares	4	Minks	
Metric tons	3	Number of females over 3 months	4 255
Currants		of age	1 255
Number of holdings reporting	5	Other  Number of females over 3 months	
Hectares	3	of age	84
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Reported in small fractions.



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	Neither	animal	nor	mechanic	al power		232		Α	utomobiles			
										Number c	of holdings reporting		172
Kir	d of Po	wer Us	ed							Number o	of automobiles		191
1	lumber o	of holdir	ngs r	eporting	electricit	/	306	Н, І	I, J	, K Not a	available		