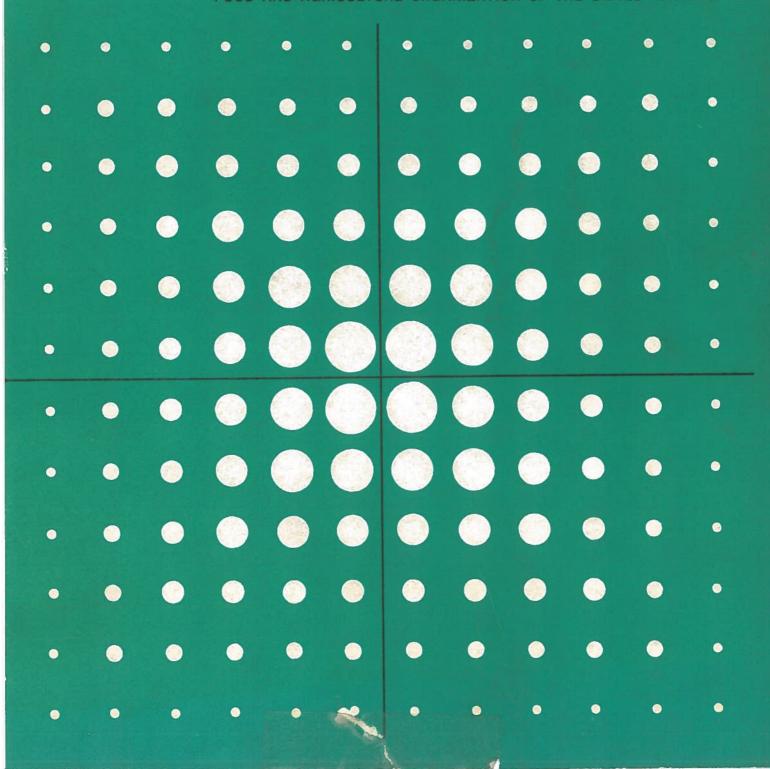
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# report on the 1960 world census of agriculture

CENSUS RESULTS BY COUNTRIES

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS



## REPORT ON THE 1960 WORLD CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

Volume I - Part B

CENSUS RESULTS BY COUNTRIES

Definitions of symbols used in the tables:

- None, in negligible quantity (less than one half of the unit indicated) or entry not applicable.
- ... Data not available.
- () Component of a total.

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#### PREFACE TO PART B

This is Part B of the Report on the 1960 World Census of Agriculture. Volume I. Census results by countries. Part A, published in 1966, contained information for 25 countries and territories that participated in the 1960 World Census of Agriculture. The present publication includes data for a further 25 countries and territories for which the final census results have been received by FAO. This brings to 50 the total number of countries and territories for which 1960 agricultural census data have been included in Volume I of the report.

Data for the remaining countries will be contained in Part C of this report, thus completing the series of publications dealing with census results by countries.

Since the present report is a continuation of Part A, the explanation given in the preface to Volume I in that section applies equally to Part B. For this reason the said preface is reproduced here.

In order to help readers identify the place where data for a specified country or territory is included in Volume I, Part A or B, an appendix has been added at the end of the present publication listing the countries and territories in alphabetical order, with an indication of the respective part of Volume I and the page on which the census data are to be found.

P.V. SUKHATME Director, Statistics Division

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#### PREFACE TO VOLUME I

The world census of agriculture has been a major project of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) from its very inception, and is intended to serve two main purposes:

- 1. Introduce and improve agricultural statistics in countries where these are lacking or unsatisfactory.
- 2. Obtain international comparable statistics on agricultural structure.

The 1950 World Census of Agriculture was the first attempt by FAO to secure comparable statistics on agricultural structure. The results of this census have been made available in a series of publications. With the publication of the present volume of the Report on the 1960 World Census of Agriculture, Census results by countries, the Organization begins the series of publications on the 1960 Census. The aim of this publication, which is the first of the series, is primarily to provide, in a unified form, census results for countries that have participated in the 1960 World Census of Agriculture.1 These data otherwise can be found only in scores of national census reports presented in diverse forms in many different languages and therefore not readily accessible to the reader. It is intended to issue Volume I in three parts: A, B and C. This publication is Part A. Other parts will be issued as final results from other countries become available and are processed in FAO. The report will include census figures for only those countries which complied with the following definition of an agricultural census: "A government-sponsored operation for the collection of quantitative information on agricultural structure, using as a unit of enumeration the agricultural holding, and covering the whole country (or territory) within a single agricultural year." In this respect, therefore, the report is different from the 1950 one, which included, for several countries and territories, data not collected holdingwise, but obtained by rough estimates or intelligent guesses. Part A includes information on 25 countries and territories for which the Organization has received the final national reports.2 The Program for the 1960 World Census of Agriculture 3 constituted the framework for the world census. In addition, regional census programs prepared within the framework of the World Program were also drawn upon by countries in preparing their national census plans; hence, this publication contains, in addition to items of the world census program, certain census items characteristic of individual regions, for example, production of livestock products in the Americas.

Data on crops not mentioned in any of the census programs, but for which some countries collected information because they were of substantial importance from the national point of view, are also included in exceptional cases.

Furthermore, comparative tables from the 1950 and 1960 censuses have been included to provide an idea of the changes in the agricultural structure of the countries during this ten-year period, even though these tables are limited to selected items

The selection of comparable items for crops required a certain discrimination. Generally, the area or number criteria, that is, crops showing the largest area or the largest number of trees were used. In certain cases additional criteria

<sup>3</sup> Published by FAO in Rome in 1957.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As participating countries are considered those conducting censuses between 1958 and 1964.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Provisional census results for 57 countries and territories have been published in the FAO Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Economics and Statistics.

were applied as, for instance, the economic value of the crops, the amount of production or the magnitude of the changes during the period of the two censuses.

Even for the selected items it needs to be stressed that the figures for 1950 and 1960 are not always strictly comparable. There are many factors affecting this comparability, for example, coverage of items, periods of enumeration, time reference and use of different concepts and definitions. It is considered, however, that the data presented here for the two censuses are adequate for giving a general idea of agricultural changes which have occurred in countries between the two censuses.

For each country the publication is divided into two parts: text and tables. The text includes only those explanations necessary for a clear understanding and interpretation of the census figures, in addition to the definitions of the main items and concepts used by each country in its agricultural census. It is subdivided into three sections, as follows:

- (i) Date of the census and time reference.
- (ii) Method of collection and processing of census data.
- (iii) Scope and definition of items.

Section (iii) is further subdivided according to the main sections of the Program. The following subdivision also applies to the tables:

- 0 Holder, holding and tenure
- 1 Land utilization
- 2 Crops

- 3 Livestock and poultry
- 4 Employment in agriculture
- 5 Farm population
- 6 Agricultural power and machinery and general transport facilities
- 7 Irrigation and drainage
- 8 Fertilizers and soil dressings
- 9 Wood and fishery products

The terminology used is, as far as possible, that of the Program. In a few cases, however, that of the country had to be adopted.

Most of the countries have used in their tabulation a size classification of holdings according to the total area of the holding as requested in the Program. There were, however, certain deviations, as, for instance, size classification by crop area, by agricultural area, etc. In these cases, in the tables "Classified by size of holding," the criterion used for classification has been specifically indicated.

Countries included in this publication, in general have tabulated their census results by size of holdings. This does not imply, however, that *all data* were so classified. Where countries have tabulated *a part* of their census data by size, these have been included also in the tables "Not classified by size of holding." If countries, however, have tabulated *all data* by size of holding, the tables "Not classified by size of holding" were omitted.

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