

LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

ON INTRODUCTION OF AMENDMENTS AND ADDITIONS TO THE LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN “ON ELECTRONIC COMMERCE”

Adopted by the Legislative Chamber on April 17, 2015

Approved by the Senate on May 15, 2015

Article 1. To introduce amendments and additions into the Law Of the Republic of Uzbekistan, dated April 29, 2004 № 613-II “On electronic commerce”, approving its new edition (attached).

Article 2. The Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan is:

to bring government decisions in accordance with this Law;

to ensure the revision and annulment by the public administration authorities of their legal acts that contradict this Law.

Article 3. This Law enters into force on the date of its official publication.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan I. KARIMOV

Tashkent city,
May 22, 2015,
No. LRU-385

LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

On electronic commerce

(new edition)

Article 1. The purpose of this Law

The purpose of this Law is to regulate relations in the field of electronic commerce.

Article 2. Legislation on electronic commerce

Legislation on electronic commerce consists of this Law and other legislative acts.

If an international agreement of the Republic of Uzbekistan establishes other rules than those provided for by the legislation of the Republic of Uzbekistan on electronic commerce, then the rules of the international agreement shall be applied.

Article 3. Electronic commerce

Electronic commerce is the purchase and sale of goods (works, services), carried out in accordance with the contract concluded using information systems (hereinafter - the contract in electronic commerce).

Article 4. Basic principles of electronic commerce

The basic principles of electronic commerce consist of:

freedom of doing business in electronic commerce;

voluntariness of conclusion of contracts in electronic commerce;

equality of conditions for participation in electronic commerce;

protection of the rights and legal interests of participants in electronic commerce.

Article 5. State policy in the field of electronic commerce

State policy in the field of electronic commerce is aimed at creating legal, economic, organizational, technical and other conditions for the development of electronic commerce.

The main directions of the state policy in the field of electronic commerce consist of:

support and stimulation of entrepreneurship activity carried out through electronic commerce;

creating conditions for attracting investments, modern technologies and equipment to the field of entrepreneurship carried out through electronic commerce;

providing business entities with legal, economic, statistical, production and technological, scientific and technical and other information necessary for their activities in the field of electronic commerce;

stimulation of scientific and technical research, training, retraining and advanced training of personnel in the field of electronic commerce;

international cooperation in the field of electronic commerce.

Article 6. State regulation in the field of electronic commerce

State regulation in the field of electronic commerce is carried out by the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the specially authorized state body in the field of electronic commerce (hereinafter - the specially authorized state body).

Article 7. The powers of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the field of electronic commerce

The Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan:

ensures the implementation of state policy in the field of electronic commerce;

approves and implements state programs in the field of electronic commerce;

coordinates the activities of state bodies in the field of electronic commerce;

provides international cooperation in the field of electronic commerce.

The Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan may exercise other powers in accordance with legislation.

Article 8. The powers of the specially authorized state body

The specially authorized state body:

participates in the formation and implementation of state programs in the field of electronic commerce;

develops and approves standards, norms and rules in the field of electronic commerce jointly with other interested state bodies and other organizations, within its authority;

develops proposals for creating conditions for the development of electronic commerce;

takes measures to protect the rights and legal interests of participants in electronic commerce;

participates in the improvement of legislation on electronic commerce and ensuring its implementation;

organizes research and monitoring in the field of electronic commerce.

The specially authorized state body may exercise other powers in accordance with the law.

Article 9. Legal force of electronic documents and electronic messages in electronic commerce

Electronic documents, as well as information recorded in electronic form, allowing to identify its sender (hereinafter - electronic messages) in electronic commerce, are equated with hand-signed paper documents and can be used as evidence of transactions.

An agreement in electronic commerce cannot be invalidated solely on the basis that it is concluded using information systems.

An offer in electronic commerce is formed as an electronic document.

The response (acceptance) of an electronic commerce participant regarding the acceptance of an offer can be carried out in the form of an electronic document or electronic message or by taking actions to fulfill the conditions contained in the offer.

Article 10. Electronic commerce participant

Electronic commerce participant is a legal entity or physical person who is a seller or buyer of goods (works, services) in electronic commerce.