

REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE BILLS SUPPLEMENT

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Notification No. B 26 — The Voluntary Sterilization (Amendment) Bill is hereby published for general information. It was introduced in Parliament on 10th September 2012.

Bill No. 26/2012.

Read the first time on 10th September 2012.

A BILL

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An Act to amend the Voluntary Sterilization Act (Chapter 347 of the 1985 Revised Edition).

Be it enacted by the President with the advice and consent of the Parliament of Singapore, as follows:

Short title and commencement

1. This Act may be cited as the Voluntary Sterilization (Amendment) Act 2012 and shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may, by notification in the *Gazette*, appoint.

5 Amendment of section 2

2. Section 2 of the Voluntary Sterilization Act (referred to in this Act as the principal Act) is amended by deleting the definitions of "approved institution" and "registered medical practitioner" and substituting the following definitions:

" "health institution" means —

- (a) any private hospital licensed under the Private Hospitals and Medical Clinics Act (Cap. 248);
- (b) any medical clinic licensed under the Private Hospitals and Medical Clinics Act to provide ambulatory surgery services; or
- (c) any specialist medical clinic;
- "registered medical practitioner" has the same meaning as in the Medical Registration Act (Cap. 174);

"specialist medical clinic" means a medical clinic —

- (a) that is licensed under the Private Hospitals and Medical Clinics Act; and
- (b) at which a registered medical practitioner, who is registered under section 22 of the Medical Registration Act as a specialist in such branches of medicine as may be prescribed, works;".

Amendment of section 3

3. Section 3 of the principal Act is amended —

- (a) by inserting, immediately after the words "this section" in subsection (1), the words "and section 4"; and
- 30 (*b*) by deleting subsections (2) and (3) and substituting the following subsections:

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"(2) A registered medical practitioner may carry out treatment for sexual sterilization on any person if, and only if, the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) subject to paragraphs (d) and (e), in the case of a married or an unmarried person who is 21 years of age or older, if the person gives consent to such treatment;

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- (b) subject to paragraph (d), in the case of a married person who is below 21 years of age, if the person gives consent to such treatment;
- (c) subject to paragraph (e), in the case of an unmarried person who is below 21 years of age, if the person, and at least one parent or guardian of the person, both give consent to such treatment;
- (d) in the case of a married person who lacks capacity within the meaning of section 4 of the Mental Capacity Act (Cap. 177A) to consent to such treatment, if, on the application of the person's spouse, the High Court makes an order declaring that such treatment is necessary in the best interests of that person;
- (e) in the case of an unmarried person who lacks capacity within the meaning of section 4 of the Mental Capacity Act to consent to such 25 treatment, if, on the application of at least one parent or guardian of the person, the High Court makes an order declaring that such treatment is necessary in the best interests of that person.

(3) Before a registered medical practitioner carries out
treatment for sexual sterilization, he shall give to the person undergoing such treatment, not being a person who lacks capacity within the meaning of section 4 of the Mental Capacity Act to consent to such treatment, a full and reasonable explanation as to the meaning and soconsequences of that treatment, and such person shall

certify that he clearly understands the meaning and consequences of that treatment.

(4) For the purposes of this section, Part II of the Mental Capacity Act shall apply, with the necessary modifications, for the purposes of determining —

- (*a*) whether a person lacks capacity within the meaning of section 4 of that Act to consent to treatment for sexual sterilization; and
- (b) whether such treatment is in the best interests of that person.

(5) Any registered medical practitioner who carries out any treatment for sexual sterilization on a person when the requisite conditions referred to in subsection (2) in respect of that person are not satisfied shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 5 years or to both.".

Repeal and re-enactment of section 4

4. Section 4 of the principal Act is repealed and the following section substituted therefor:

"Sexual sterilization to be carried out in health institution

4.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), every treatment for sexual sterilization shall be carried out only —

(a) in a health institution; and

(b) by a registered medical practitioner who is authorised by the person having the management or control of the health institution to carry out such treatment.

(2) Where the treatment for sexual sterilization is carried out in a health institution that is a specialist medical clinic, the registered medical practitioner referred to in subsection (1)(b) shall in addition possess such surgical or obstetric qualifications as may be prescribed.".

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