# FIRST DIVISION

# [ G.R. No. 195598, June 25, 2014 ]

# TEEKAY SHIPPING PHILIPPINES, INC., TEEKAY SHIPPING LIMITED AND ALEX VERCHEZ, PETITIONERS, VS. EXEQUIEL O. JARIN, RESPONDENT.

# RESOLUTION

## REYES, J.:

This is an appeal under Rule 45 of the Rules of Court filed by Teekay Shipping Philippines, Inc. (Teekay Phils.), Teekay Shipping Limited (Teekay Ltd.), and Alex Verchez (Verchez) (petitioners) assailing the Decision<sup>[1]</sup> dated November 26, 2010 and Resolution<sup>[2]</sup> dated February 9, 2011 of the Court of Appeals (CA) in CA-G.R. SP. No. 114882 awarding permanent disability benefits and sickness allowance in favor of Exequiel O. Jarin (Jarin).

#### **Facts of the Case**

Teekay Phils. is a domestic corporation engaged in the recruitment of maritime personnel for its foreign principal, Teekay Ltd. Verchez is the president of Teekay Phils.

After passing the standard Pre-Employment Medical Examination, the petitioners hired Jarin as Chief Cook on July 6, 2006 for a period of eight months with a basic monthly salary of US\$722.40.<sup>[3]</sup> Jarin was deployed on July 9, 2006 onboard *M.T. Erik Spirit*, a crude oil tanker.

During the third week of February 2007, *M.T. Erik Spirit* was in Canada when Jarin complained of swelling in the joints of his two elbows. Jarin was taken to a Canadian hospital where he was diagnosed with *rheumatoid arthritis*. Steroid-based medications were administered to him and they caused him the side effects of puffiness of the face and edema.<sup>[4]</sup> Despite of this, however, Jarin was able to complete his employment contract. He was repatriated on March 24, 2007.

Upon arrival in the Philippines, Jarin immediately reported to the petitioners. On March 27, 2007, he was referred to company-designated physician, Dr. Christine O. Bocek whose Post-Medical Report showed that Jarin has "moon facies and bipedal edema secondary to steroid intake, [r]heumatoid arthritis, resolving and upper respiratory tract infection." [5]

On April 12, 2007, Jarin was referred to another company-designated physician at the Metropolitan Medical Center (MMC) for further assessment under the care of Dr. Wilanie Romero-Dacanay (Dr. Dacanay), whose medical report<sup>[6]</sup> dated April 13,

Rule Out Rheumatoid Arthritis
To Consider Pleural Base Mass, Right
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease in remission
Cushingnoid features secondary to Prednisone intake.[7]

After a series of medical management procedures,<sup>[8]</sup> Dr. Dacanay opined in a medical report<sup>[9]</sup> dated June 22, 2007, that Jarin's rheumatoid arthritis was <u>not work-related</u> because it is "an auto-immune disease in which joints, usually those of hands and feet, are symmetrically affected, resulting in swelling, pain and often eventual destruction of the joints interior." Jarin's cushingnoid features was also declared as <u>not work-related</u> since it is "secondary to prednisone intake as medical management for his rheumatoid arthritis."

In the same report, Dr. Dacanay noted that chronic obstructive pulmonary disease is almost always the result of cigarette smoking to which Jarin admitted to have been engaged in since he was in high school with a daily consumption rate of 10 sticks. Jarin's pulmonary status was declared stable and his still persisting joint pains was assessed with interim disability grading of Grade 11 (disturbance of the normal carrying angle or weakness of arm or forearm due to deformity or moderate atrophy of muscles).

On July 24, 2007, Dr. Dacanay's evaluation<sup>[10]</sup> cleared Jarin of his pulmonary ailment although he still complained of joint pains. Jarin was advised to continue his medications and to undergo remicade infusion. He was due for re-evaluation on July 31, 2007, in which date he was recommended for admission for his remicade infusion.<sup>[11]</sup> In the follow-up report<sup>[12]</sup> dated August 2, 2007, Jarin was admitted in the MMC. The following day, Jarin was discharged from the hospital and was prescribed medications.<sup>[13]</sup>

On August 16, 2007, Jarin underwent laboratory tests and was advised to come back on September 17, 2007. The following day, Dr. Mylene Cruz-Balbon (Dr. Balbon) issued a private and confidential evaluation stating that rheumatoid arthritis is a chronic illness "which can become progressive that has the potential to cause joint destruction and functional disability." Jarin was "no longer recommended for further sea duties."

Without any knowledge of Dr. Balbon's recommendation, Jarin received a call on September 10, 2007 from Teekay Phils. directing him to report at Pandiman Phils., Inc. (Pandiman) at Intramuros, Manila.

On the following day, Jarin went to Pandiman where he was informed that his illness is not work-related and that Teekay Phils. stopped paying for his medical treatments. Jarin asked for a medical report supporting such conclusion but he was not furnished any.

On September 13, 2007, he was directed to process his Clearance<sup>[18]</sup> which read:

"UNFIT - PEME"

"MEDICAL TREATMENT (TERMINATED) - NO LONGER RECOMMENDED FOR FURTHER SEA DUTIES - NON WORK REL."[19]

Subsequently, Jarin became a partial disability pensioner of the Social Security System<sup>[20]</sup> and no longer worked as seaman in view of his illness.

On April 18, 2008, Jarin filed a complaint before the Arbitration Branch of the National Labor Relations Commission (NLRC) claiming US\$60,000.00 as permanent total disability benefit, US\$2,889.60 as sickness allowance for his incapacity to work for 120 days pursuant to the Philippine Overseas Employment Agency-Standard Employment Contract for Filipino Seafarers (POEA-SEC), US\$10,000.00 as moral damages and exemplary damages and ten percent (10%) of the total monetary award as attorney's fees.

The petitioners refused to pay and maintained that Jarin's illnesses are **not work-related**; that his chronic obstructive pulmonary disease was assessed by their physicians to have resulted from his years of heavy smoking; that their liability as employer would arise only "when the seafarer suffers [a] work-related injury or illness during the term of his contract," as indicated in Section 20(B) of the POEA-SEC.[21]

Jarin, on the other hand, stressed that the cause of rheumatoid arthritis is not yet known to medical science based on medical articles that he read online;<sup>[22]</sup> that pursuant to *GSIS v. Court of Appeals, et al.*,<sup>[23]</sup> where the evidence of a causal relation of an illness to the working conditions of an employee is unavailable to medical science, the doubt should be resolved in favor of the compensability of the illness;<sup>[24]</sup> and that the medical reports issued to him are bias and inconclusive.<sup>[25]</sup>

#### **Decision of the Labor Arbiter**

In a Decision<sup>[26]</sup> dated September 23, 2008, the Labor Arbiter (LA) ruled that the seafarer's clearance issued to Jarin stating that he is "unfit and no longer recommended for further sea duties" signifies his incapacity to work as a seaman. The petitioners' evidence was found inadequate to dispute the presumption that illnesses not listed in Section 32<sup>[27]</sup> of the POEA-SEC are work-related. Thus, Jarin's money claims were granted and he was awarded US\$50,000.00 for suffering an illness categorized as Grade 1 Impediment based on the Schedule of Disability Allowances<sup>[28]</sup> of the POEA-SEC. He was also awarded US\$2,889.60 for failure of the petitioners to show payment of his 120-day sickness allowance. The *fallo* of the decision reads:

**WHEREFORE**, foregoing premises considered, judgment is hereby rendered finding [Jarin] entitled to his money claims.

[Petitioners] Teekay Shipping Phil., Inc. and Alex Verchez [are] hereby ordered to pay [Jarin] the total amount of **FIFTY-TWO THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED EIGHTY-NINE US DOLLARS and 60/100 (US\$52,889.60)** representing his disability benefit and 120-day sickness benefits.

All other claims are dismissed for lack of merit.

### SO ORDERED.<sup>[29]</sup>

Both parties appealed from the foregoing ruling. Jarin argued that his permanent total disability benefits should be US\$60,000.00 or 120% of US\$50,000.00, pursuant to the Schedule of Disability Allowances of the POEA-SEC.<sup>[30]</sup> He reiterated his claims for damages and attorney's fees on the ground that the petitioners stopped his medical treatments despite knowledge that he is still ill.<sup>[31]</sup>

Jarin denied that he was a heavy smoker during his high school years and maintained that the cause of rheumatoid arthritis is still unknown in medical science. He averred that his chronic obstructive pulmonary disease was caused by his rheumatoid arthritis because the latter affects other parts of the body like the heart and lungs.<sup>[32]</sup>

The petitioners, on the other hand, challenged the LA's reliance on the clearance issued to Jarin as it did not state that his illnesses are work-related or that he was suffering from a compensable disability.[33]

#### **Decision of the NLRC**

In a Decision<sup>[34]</sup> dated October 23, 2009, the NLRC Seventh Division ruled in favor of the petitioners. The NLRC considered Jarin's rheumatoid arthritis as the cause of his disability while his chronic obstructive pulmonary disease was disregarded for it has nothing to do with his muscular discomforts.

The NLRC stated that while rheumatoid arthritis is disputably presumed work-related pursuant to Section 20(B)(4) of the POEA-SEC, the petitioners, however, were able to successfully overturn such presumption through the consistent medical reports of its designated physicians that such illness is not work-related. Their medical opinions bear greater evidentiary weight that the internet information presented by Jarin to prove that his illness has reasonable connection to his work. The NLRC also noted Jarin's failure to seek medical opinion from a physician of his choice to counter the company-designated physicians' assessment.

Jarin moved for reconsideration<sup>[35]</sup> but his motion was denied in the NLRC Resolution<sup>[36]</sup> dated June 7, 2010. Feeling aggrieved, Jarin elevated the matter to the CA via a petition for *certiorari*.

#### **Decision of the CA**

In a Decision<sup>[37]</sup> dated November 26, 2010, the CA reversed the NLRC and

reinstated the LA's ruling. The CA found the petitioners liable for permanent and total disability benefits because Jarin was able to adduce substantial evidence that the risk of contracting rheumatoid arthritis was increased by his exposure to the working conditions in the vessel. The CA admitted Jarin's sworn narration that he was often required to work for long periods of time, constantly exposed to extreme temperatures while performing his functions and was made to carry heavy loads which caused so much stress to his joints and muscles. The CA held that such factors prove the causal connection between Jarin's work and the increased risk of developing rheumatoid arthritis. The CA faulted the NLRC for failing to consider such sworn narration considering that what the law requires is not direct proof but reasonable proof of the causal connection between the work and ailment.

Accordingly, the CA awarded Jarin with US\$60,000.00 permanent disability benefits, sickness allowance of not more than 120 days, and attorney's fees of ten percent (10%) of the monetary award, *viz*:

WHEREFORE, the petition is **GRANTED**. Accordingly, the assailed Decision dated October 23, 2009 and Resolution dated June 7, 2010 of public respondent NLRC in NLRC-LAC No. 11-000896-08 NLRC-Case No.-OFW-M-04-05618-08 are hereby **ANNULLED** and **SET ASIDE** and a new one entered ordering private respondents to pay petitioner Jarin the sums of US\$60,000.00 as disability benefit; US\$2,889.60 or the equivalent thereof in Philippine Currency as sickness benefit for 120 days; and ten percent (10%) of the monetary award as attorney's fees.

# SO ORDERED.[38]

The petitioners filed a motion for reconsideration<sup>[39]</sup> which the CA denied<sup>[40]</sup> for lack of merit. Hence, this petition anchored on the following grounds:

- A. THE [CA] SERIOUSLY ERRED IN FINDING [JARIN] TO HAVE SUFFERED A WORK-RELATED DISABILITY BASED ON HIS UNSUBSTANTIATED ALLEGATIONS THAT HIS TASKS ONBOARD THE VESSEL M.T. ERIK SPIRIT CAUSED HIS ILLNESS.
- B. THE [CA] GRAVELY ERRED IN AWARDING SICKNESS ALLOWANCE DESPITE THE FACT THAT [JARIN] WAS NOT MEDICALLY REPATRIATED.
- C. THE [CA] GRIEVOUSLY ERRED WHEN IT ORDERED THE PAYMENT OF ATTORNEY'S FEES TO [JARIN]. [41]

#### **Ruling of the Court**

The petition has no merit.

Under the 2000 POEA-SEC, [42] a work-related illness is "any sickness resulting to disability or death as a result of an occupational disease listed under Section 32-A