TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP AND GENERAL RELATIONS BETWEEN THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES AND THE REPUBLIC OF ITALY

Note: The Treaty was concurred in by the Senate, S.R. No. 50, May 4, 1948. The Philippine instrument of ratification was signed by the President, December 10, 1948. It entered into force; December 10, 1948 upon the exchange of ratification by the Parties. It was proclaimed by the President, Proc. No. 118, s. 1949.

Reference; This Treaty is also published in I DFA TS No. 2, p. 180 and 44 UNTS, p. 3. The presidential proclamation of this Treaty Is published in 45 O.G., p. 552 (Feb. 1949).

The President of the Republic of the Philippines and the Provisional Chief of the Italian Republic, being desirous of strengthening the relations of amity and good understanding which happily exist between their two countries, have resolved to conclude to this end a Treaty o£ Friendship and General Relations and have named as their respective Plenipotentiaries:

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES: His Excellency **ELPIDIO QUIRINO**, Vice President of the Republic of the Philippines, and concurrently Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PROVISIONAL CHIEF OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC: His Excellency Count **CARLO SFORZA**, Minister for Foreign Affairs;

who after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

ARTICLE I

There shall be between the Philippines and Italy constant peace and perpetual friendship.

ARTICLE II

Each of the High Contracting Parties agrees to receive the Diplomatic Representatives of the Other, who, being acceptable and duly accredited, shall enjoy in the territories of the Other the rights, privileges and immunities generally recognized under international law and usage.

ARTICLE III

Each of the High Contracting Parties may appoint Consular Representatives acceptable to the Other to reside in the territories thereof, in the place designated by mutual agreement. Such Consular Representatives shall be duly provided with exequatur or other acceptance of similar purport before entering into the exercise of their functions. They shall enjoy, on condition of reciprocity within the territories of