

**March 24, 1948**

## **TREATY OF AMITY BETWEEN THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES AND THE REPUBLIC OF ECUADOR**

Note: The Agreement was concurred in by the Senate, SIC. No. 55, May 20, 1948. It has not come into force because the exchange of ratification required by Article IX has not been fulfilled.

Reference: This Agreement is also published in II DFA TS, No. 1, p. 135.

The Republic of the Philippines and the Republic of Ecuador, animated by the desire to strengthen the friendly relations existing between them and to enhance the mutual interests of their peoples, have resolved to conclude a Treaty of Amity, and to that end, have appointed as their plenipotentiaries,

The President of the Philippines:  
His Excellency **ELPIDIO QUIRINO**, Vice-President and  
concurrently Secretary of Foreign Affairs,

and

The President of Ecuador:  
His Excellency **OTTO CARBO AVELLAN**, Envoy Extraordinary  
and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Philippines,

who, after communicating to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

### **ARTICLE I**

There shall be between the Republic of the Philippines and the Republic of Ecuador, as likewise between their two peoples, perpetual peace and firm solidarity.

### **ARTICLE II**

The High Contracting Parties shall settle by peaceful means any dispute or controversy of any nature whatsoever that may arise between them. Should any dispute or controversy not be possible of adjustment by ordinary diplomatic procedures, the High Contracting Parties shall submit the same to arbitration or judicial settlement. This undertaking shall not apply to disputes relative to matters which the Philippines or Ecuador may deem as essentially pertaining to their national competence. The High Contracting Parties hereby agree that in no case shall they adopt hostile measures.

### **ARTICLE III**

Each High Contracting Party shall endeavor to accredit to the Other diplomatic representatives who, after having been recognized and accepted, shall enjoy during the term of their respective missions, on the basis of reciprocity, the rights, privileges and immunities generally recognized under international law and usage.

### **ARTICLE IV**