

THE POWERS-OF-ATTORNEY ACT, 1882



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THE POWERS-OF-ATTORNEY ACT, 1882

¹ACT NO. VII OF 1882

[24th February, 1882]

An Act to amend the law relating to Powers-of-Attorney

For the purpose of amending the law relating to Power-of-Attorney; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. Short title. This Act may be called the Powers-of-Attorney Act, 1882.

Local extent. ²[It extends to the whole of Pakistan];

Commencement. and it shall come into force on the first day of May 1882.

2. Execution under power-of-attorney. The donee of a power-of-attorney may, if he thinks fit, execute or do any assurance, instrument or thing in and with his own name and signature, and his own seal, where sealing is required, by the authority of the donor of the power; and every assurance, instrument and thing so executed and done, shall be as effectual in law as if it had been executed or done by the donee of the power in the name, and with the signature and seal, of the donor thereof.

This section applies to powers-of-attorney created by instruments executed either before or after this Act comes into force.

¹For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Gazette of India, 1881, Pt. V, p. 1473; for Proceedings in Council, see. ibid., 1881, Supplement, p. 1409, and ibid., 1882, Supplement, p. 204.

² Subs. by the Central Laws (Statute Reform) Ordinance, 1960 (21 of 1960), s. 3 and 2nd Sch. (with effect from the 14th October, 1955), for "It applies to [all the Provinces and the Capital of the Federation]". The words in crotchets were subs. by A.O., 1949, Arts. 3 (2) and 4, for "the whole of British India."