Act on the recognition of professional qualifications for the pursuit of an activity in Iceland

2010 No 26, 31 March

Entry into force 1 July 2010 *EEA Agreement:* Annex VII, Directive 2005/36/EC. *Amended by* Act No 126/2011 (entry into force 30 September 2011) and Act No 63/2012 (entry into force 29 June 2012).

Any reference in this Act to "the Minister" or "the Ministry" not accompanied by express mention of or reference to a specific field of responsibility shall be understood as being a reference to the **Minister of Education**, **Science and Culture** or to the **Ministry of Education**, **Science and Culture** as responsible for the implementation of this Act.

■ Article 1 Scope
☐ This Act applies in situations where there is a need to evaluate whether a person wishing to
take up work in Iceland in an employed or self-employed capacity meets the conditions for
exercising a profession which is subject to authorisation, licencing or other equivalent
recognition ¹ by a regulatory authority based on professional qualifications acquired in
another country.

☐ This Act also applies to the mandatory notification of services which are provided in Iceland on a temporary or intermittent basis and which are subject to authorisation, licencing or other equivalent recognition by a regulatory authority.

■ Article 2 Rights

- □ Nationals of a member state of the European Economic Area or of a country party to an agreement on the mutual recognition of professional qualifications are entitled to pursue a profession in Iceland in a self-employed or employed capacity under the same conditions as Icelandic nationals, provided that they meet the requirements laid down in:
- a. Directive 2005/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the recognition of professional qualifications, and its annexes in their latest versions;
- b. such agreements entered into between the governments of the Nordic countries as have come into force as far as Iceland is concerned and provide for general rules on the mutual recognition of professional qualifications,
- c. the Hoyvík Agreement of 31 August 2005 between the Government of Iceland, of the one part, and the Government of Denmark and the Home Government of the Faroe Islands, of the other part.

■ **Article 3** *Competent authorities*

☐ Persons covered by the Directive or any agreement on the recognition of professional
qualifications, cf. Article 2, and wishing to pursue an activity in Iceland, must submit ar
application to [the Ministry],(1) unless another authority is competent to resolve the case
pursuant to legislative or administrative provisions.

¹ Regulated professions

□ Persons not covered by the Directive or any agreement on the recognition of professional qualifications, cf. Article 2, must submit an application to [the Ministry] ⁽¹⁾ unless another authority is competent to resolve the case pursuant to legislative or administrative provisions. □ The authority responsible for issuing authorisations, licences or recognitions for the pursuit of a profession in Iceland shall verify that the conditions laid down in the Directive or any of the agreements referred to in Article 2, points b and c, together with any other conditions
pertaining to the profession, are fulfilled. □ Persons wishing to take up work in Iceland in an employed or self-employed capacity, on a temporary or intermittent basis, must submit a written notification of intent to the relevant authority in advance, see further Article 5.
⁽¹⁾ Act No 126/2011, Article 522.
■ Article 4 Services provided on a temporary or intermittent basis
☐ Persons meeting the requirements laid down in the Directive are entitled to provide
services in Iceland on a temporary or intermittent basis provided that they:
a. are legally domiciled in a member state of the European Economic Area and entitled to
pursue the same activities there, and
b. have exercised the profession for at least two years in the preceding ten years before the
service is provided and the profession is not regulated in that state. The requirement of two
years' professional experience does not apply when either the profession or the qualification
required to exercise it is subject to authorisation, licencing or recognition by a public
authority.
☐ The assessment of the nature of a service provided on a temporary or irregular basis shall
in each case take into account its duration, frequency, regularity and continuity.
■ Article 5 Declaration of services provided on a temporary or intermittent basis □ Persons wishing to provide a service in Iceland for the first time, cf. Article 4, must prior to
commencement of the service submit a written declaration to the relevant authority stating,
amongst other things, details of any insurance cover pertaining to it. The declaration must be
re-submitted annually if the person concerned wishes to continue to provide services on a
temporary or intermittent basis.
☐ For the first provision of services, or if there is a material change in the situation on which
an authorisation was based, the relevant authority may require that the applicant's declaration
be accompanied by the following documents:
a. proof of the nationality of the service provider;
b. an attestation certifying that the holder is legally established in a member state for the
purpose of pursuing the activities concerned, and holds an authorisation to do so at the time of
submission of the attestation;
c. evidence of professional qualifications in the form of a diploma;
d. proof that the activity concerned has been pursued for at least two years during the
preceding ten years, cf. Article 4, first paragraph, point b; and
e. for professions in the security sector, a clean criminal record in cases where this is a
required by Icelandic rules.
■ Article 6 Information
[The Ministry], (1) as well as other relevant authorities, may require applicants to submit any information passages to adopt a position on their applications for authorization to average a
information necessary to adopt a position on their applications for authorisation to exercise a profession in Iceland, or to provide services on a temporary or intermittent basis, such as
diploma supplements where such exist. Similarly, information may be obtained from the
competent authorities in the state where the qualification was obtained or where the person in
question has worked or pursued activities, in order to confirm that the person does in fact
possess the required qualification and has not been subjected to disciplinary or criminal
sanctions of a professional nature.