

18.—(1) Upon an application to the Commissioner signed by not less than two-thirds of the proprietors mentioned in the list requesting that the Irrigation Association be dissolved, the Commissioner shall, subject to the provisions of section 4 of the Law, call a meeting of the proprietors for the purpose of determining whether the Irrigation Association should be dissolved.

(2) Every meeting so convened shall be held in the presence of the Commissioner at the time and place appointed.

(3) No business shall be transacted at any such meeting and no decision shall be taken thereat, unless more than one-half of the aggregate number of the proprietors are present in person or are represented by a proxy properly appointed by an instrument signed in the presence of and certified by a mukhtar.

(4) If, subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (3) above, the majority of the proprietors or the authorized proxies thereof who are present, decide that the Irrigation Association should be dissolved the Irrigation Association shall be so dissolved accordingly:

Provided that a proxy holding authority from more than one person shall be entitled to vote in respect of every proprietor from whom he holds authority:

Provided also that all charges due and unpaid on the date of dissolution shall be levied and paid as if the Irrigation Association had not been dissolved.

(5) Any money in the hands of the Committee or the treasurer at the time of the dissolution of the Irrigation Association and any money recovered at any time thereafter on account of these rates due and unpaid at the time of such dissolution, shall be paid to the Commissioner, and shall be passed in the books of the Commissioner to the credit of the village of Lyso and shall be utilized by the Commissioner for such purpose of public utility in the village of Lyso as may be approved by him. (M.P. 1465/57.)

No. 28.

THE IRRIGATION (PRIVATE WATER) ASSOCIATION LAWS, 1949 AND 1954.

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 12 of the Irrigation (Private Water) Association Laws, 1949 and 1954, the following rules made by the Committee of the Irrigation Association of Istinjo (Grako Water) in the District of Paphos, are published in the *Gazette*.

IRRIGATION ASSOCIATION OF ISTINJO (GRAKO WATER).

Rules.

1. These Rules may be cited as the Irrigation Association of Istinjo (Grako Water) Rules, 1958.

2. In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the District of Paphos;

“Committee” means the Committee of the Irrigation Association;

“Irrigation Association” means the Irrigation Association of Istinjo (Grako Water);

“Law” means the Irrigation (Private Water) Association Laws, 1949 and 1954;

“List” means the list of the names and residences of the proprietors and of the extent of the interest of each proprietor in the water, as finally settled in accordance with the provisions of section 11 of the Law;

“Works” means the irrigation works of the Irrigation Association.

“Water” means the water commonly known as “Grako Water”.

3. The present Committee shall hold office for a period of three years beginning on the 17th November, 1957. The election of each subsequent Committee shall take place in the manner hereinafter provided every third year in the first week of the month of November and it shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of the expiration of the period of office of the previous Committee.

4.—(1) The Commissioner shall, not less than one month before the holding of the meeting as in rule 3 provided, cause a written notice thereof to be—

(a) published in a newspaper or newspapers; and

(b) posted in a conspicuous place in the town, village or quarter in which the water is situate.

(2) All expenses connected with the notices shall be paid for from the funds of the Irrigation Association.

5.—(1) The Commissioner shall preside at every meeting so convened and if any question is raised as to the right of a person to attend thereat or to vote, the Commissioner may there and then make such enquiry as he may deem requisite and declare whether such person has a right to attend or to vote or not and the decision so made shall be final; and an entry shall be made in the minutes of the meeting of any such question and of the decision thereon.