



SUPPLEMENT No. 3
TO
THE CYPRUS GAZETTE No. 4082 OF 9TH OCTOBER, 1957.
SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION.

C O N T E N T S

The following SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION is published in this Supplement which forms part of this Gazette :—

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No. 923. THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS LAW.

CAP. 252 AND LAWS 11 OF 1950, 31 OF 1951, 20 OF 1953,
29 OF 1954, 57 OF 1954 AND 14 OF 1955.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF KARAVAS.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by the Municipal Corporations Law (Cap. 252), the Vehicles and Traffic Regulation Law (Cap. 180), the Placards and Advertisements Regulation Law (Cap. 135), the Hotels, Lodging Houses and Public Buildings (Regulation) Law (Cap. 105), the Municipal Motor Omnibuses Law (Cap. 254), and otherwise, the Municipal Corporation of Karavas hereby make the following regulations and bye-laws :—

Short Title.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Karavas Municipal Bye-laws, 1957, and are hereinafter referred to as " these bye-laws ".

Preliminary.

2. These bye-laws shall come into operation upon their publication in the *Gazette*.

PART I.

Interpretation.

3. In these bye-laws, unless the context otherwise requires—

“ Administrative Secretary ” means the Administrative Secretary to the Government of the Colony of Cyprus ;

“ animal ” save when in any part or chapter of these bye-laws is otherwise defined, means any ass, camel, cow, goat, horse, kid, lamb, mule, ox, sheep, swine, or the young ones of any of them ;

“ animal market ” means the place or space which may be provided by the Council under bye-law 58 of these bye-laws as a market for the sale of animals ;

“ bakery ” includes any building or place used for or connected with the making of bread, fancy bread, biscuits or anything else made of any meal or flour whatever, whether alone or mixed with anything else ;

“ barber ” includes hairdresser, whether for ladies or gentlemen ;

“ bread ” includes bread of any size or shape made of any meal or flour whatever whether alone or mixed with anything else, and includes also what is commonly known as *franjola* but not cake or biscuits or what are commonly known as *koullouria* or *paximadia* ;

“ carcass ” means the carcass of an animal ;

“ Chief Veterinary Officer ” means the Chief Veterinary Officer to the Government of the Colony of Cyprus and includes any person authorized by him in writing for the purposes of these bye-laws ;

“ Council ” means the Council of the Municipal Corporation ;

“ Director of Health ” means the Director of Medical Services to the Government of the Colony of Cyprus and includes any person authorized by him in writing for the purposes of these bye-laws ;

“ Director of Public Works ” means the Director of Public Works to the Government of the Colony of Cyprus and includes any person authorized by him in writing for the purposes of these bye-laws ;

“ Fish Market ” means the places described in bye-law 53 of these bye-laws and includes any other places which may be provided by the Council in addition thereto or in substitution therefor under these bye-laws ;

“ foodstuffs ” means flesh, meat, pork, fish, every kind of fruit, vegetables, poultry, game, flour, bread, fancy bread (which includes *koullouria*, *paximadia*), sausages, hams, *beccaficos*, cheese, cake, herrings in barrels, sardines in barrels, preserved or salted goods, pastry, sweet-meats, liquids and all other commodities or goods used for human consumption but does not include any of the above commodities or goods when preserved in any air-tight or hermetically sealed tin or other receptacle ;

“Governor in Council” means the Governor or Officer administering the Government of the Colony of Cyprus with the advice of the Executive Council ;

“hotel” means any hotel, boarding house, restaurant or other building used for the accommodation of the public, situated within the municipal limits ;

“khan” includes any room or place used as a khan or in connection therewith ;

“lodging house” means any building or premises or any part thereof used for the accommodation of the public other than a hotel, situated within the municipal limits in which lodgings are provided by rooms or portions of rooms or in which the sleeping accommodation provided for lodgers is such that two or more persons though strangers to one another may occupy one and the same room or in which the same class of accommodation is furnished by an employer of workmen to the workmen employed by him and includes a khan ;

“Mayor” means the Mayor of the Municipal Corporation and includes the Deputy Mayor thereof when the Mayor is absent from the municipal limits or is for any other reason unable to perform the duties or exercise the powers assigned to him by the Municipal Corporations Law or these bye-laws ;

“Market of perishable goods” means the shops, stalls and places described in bye-law 37 of these bye-laws and includes any other shops, stalls and places which may be provided by the Council in addition thereto or in substitution therefor under these bye-laws ;

“meat market” means the shops, stalls and places described in bye-law 47 of these bye-laws and includes any other shops, stalls and places which may be provided by the Council in addition thereto or in substitution therefor under these bye-laws ;

“Medical Officer of Health” means the registered medical practitioner appointed by the Council under bye-law 234 of these bye laws ;

“month” means a calendar month ;

“Municipal Corporation” means the Municipal Corporation of Karavas ;

“Municipal Engineer” means the person appointed by the Council under bye-law 236 of these bye-laws ;

“municipal limits” means the municipal limits of the Municipal Corporation ;

“occupier” includes any person occupying any immovable property without regard to the title under which he occupies the same ;

“Officer” means the town clerk, treasurer, municipal engineer, sanitary surveyor, Medical Officer of Health, or any officer or servant appointed by the Council to the service of the Municipal Corporation, but shall not include any person appointed by the Council to perform special duties and whose whole time is not at the disposal of the Corporation ;

“ person ” includes any body of persons corporate or unincorporate ;

“ pork ” or “ fresh pork ” includes pork that is raw, boiled, fried, roasted, or otherwise cooked, but does not include preserved or cured pork ;

“ public building ” includes any building used as a theatre, cinema or other building used for the entertainment of the public, situated within the municipal limits ;

“ public notification ” means a notification signed by the Mayor and posted at least in three conspicuous places within the municipal limits ;

“ refuse ” means any ashes, dung, dust, hay, filth, litter, paper, rubbish, shavings, straw, sweepings or any other waste matter and includes dead animals or dead poultry ;

“ Sanitary Authority ” means the Medical Officer of Health and includes any person authorized by him in writing for the purposes of these bye-laws ;

“ second-hand article ” means any old or used wearing apparel, bedding, bedstead or any other old or used furniture or object or thing ;

“ slaughter-house ” means the premises described in bye-law 6 of these bye-laws and includes any other premises which may be provided by the Council in addition thereto or in substitution therefor under these bye-laws ;

“ town clerk ” means the town clerk of the Municipal Corporation ;

“ Treasurer ” means the treasurer of the Municipal Corporation ;

“ vehicle ” means any carriage, cart, cycle, motor car, motor cycle, motor lorry, motor omnibus and any other conveyance constructed for carrying persons or goods ;

“ year ” means twelve calendar months.

4.—(1) References to Laws or sections include references to Laws or sections amending or substituted for the same.

(2) Words and expressions, other than the terms defined in bye-Law 3 of these bye-laws, have the same meaning as similar words and expressions in the Municipal Corporations Law.

(3) Words importing the masculine gender include females.

(4) Words in the singular include the plural and words in the plural include the singular.

5.—(a) All powers conferred on any officer shall be deemed to be also conferred on the Mayor.

(b) All powers conferred on any inspector shall be deemed to be also conferred on the Sanitary Authority.

(c) Wherever the expression “ in the opinion of ” or “ to the satisfaction of ” a particular officer, or an expression to the like effect, occurs in these bye-laws, such expression shall be deemed to include the Mayor.

PART II.

Slaughter-house.

6. The premises situated outside Karavas at the locality “ Kamaroudia ” on the land of Nicolis K. Motiti and bounded by Road to Mothides River, Water Channel and Ioannis Peghasiou, are hereby provided and shall henceforth be used as a public slaughter-house.

7. The management and control of the slaughter-house are hereby vested in the person appointed from time to time by the Council to be the inspector of the slaughter-house (hereinafter in this part of these bye-laws referred to as "the inspector"), subject to the instructions which may from time to time be given by the Medical Officer of Health.

8. In all matters to which bye-laws 11 to 18 of these bye-laws relate, the Medical Officer of Health and the inspector shall be guided by, and act in accordance with, the instructions issued to them from time to time by the Mayor.

9. The slaughter-house shall be open and shall be kept open for the slaughtering of any animal and the cleaning and dressing of the carcass of such animals daily from sunrise to ten o'clock in the forenoon and may be opened or kept open with the permission of the Mayor at such other time and for such other period as may be required.

10.—(1) No animal shall be slaughtered within the municipal limits except at the slaughter-house.

(2) No carcass of any such animal shall be cleaned or dressed within the municipal limits, except at the slaughter-house.

11.—(1) Every animal intended for slaughter shall be submitted for inspection to the inspector of meat at least eighteen hours before slaughter and shall be detained in the lair adjacent to the slaughter-house. Such lair shall be kept open from 9.30 to 11 o'clock in the forenoon and no animal shall be accepted therein at any other hours save with the permission of the Mayor: Provided that these provisions shall not apply to—

(a) animals slaughtered for emergency reasons with the permission of the inspector of meat, and

(b) unweaned lambs and unweaned kids slaughtered between the 1st day of November and the 15th day of April both days inclusive.

(2) Every animal detained in the lair shall, if the inspector so requires, be fed by the owner thereof or by the person who brings such animal for slaughter.

(3) An adequate supply of drinking water for every animal detained in the lair shall be provided by the Municipal Corporation.

(4) No animal shall be allowed to remain within the above mentioned lair for more than thirty hours, except in cases of exceptional need, and in such cases the owner of such animal shall pay the fees prescribed in bye-law 24(2) of these bye-laws.

(5) If any of the animals detained in the slaughter-house shall die therein, the owner of such animal shall at his own expense carry and bury it away from the slaughter-house within two hours of its death.

If the owner of the dead animal fails to have it carried and buried away from the slaughter-house within the aforesaid two hours, the Municipal Corporation may cause it to be carried and buried away from the slaughter-house and in such case the owner of the dead animal shall pay to the Municipal Corporation the expenses incurred therefor.

(6) No animal shall be taken away from the lair unless it is to be taken to the slaughter-house.

12. No animals shall be allowed within the slaughter-house unless they are taken there for slaughter.

13. No person shall slaughter any animal in the slaughter-house unless he produces and leaves with the inspector the certificate of ownership in respect thereof.