

Telegraph
officer
wilfully
secretting,
intercepting
or detaining
message or
disclosing
contents
thereof or
divulging
telegraphic
signals.

(5) Any telegraph officer who—

- (a) wilfully secretes, makes away with or alters any message which he has received for transmission or delivery ; or
- (b) wilfully, and otherwise than in obedience to an order of the Governor under this Law or in accordance with the provisions of this Law, intercepts or detains any message or any part thereof, or discloses the contents or any part of the contents of any message to any person not entitled to receive the same ; or
- (c) divulges the purport of any telegraphic signal to any person not entitled to become acquainted with the same,

shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

Repeal.

22. The enactments mentioned in the Schedule to this Law are hereby repealed as from the date of the coming into operation of this Law.

Date of
coming into
operation.

23. This Law shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Governor by notice in the *Cyprus Gazette*.

SCHEDULE.

The Cyprus Telegraphs Order, 1904.

The Cyprus Telegraphs Amendment Order, 1913.

This Law came into operation on 15th August, 1933.

No. 30 OF 1933.

A.D. 1933. A LAW FURTHER TO AMEND THE TELEPHONE (AGREEMENT)
30 of 1933. LAW, 1930.

R. E. STUBBS,
Governor.

[28th July, 1933.]

BE it enacted :—

Short title.

30 of 1930.
15 of 1931.

1. This Law may be cited as the Telephone (Agreement) Amendment Law, 1933, and shall be read as one with the Telephone (Agreement) Laws, 1930 and 1931, (hereinafter called "the Principal Law"), and the Principal Law and this Law may together be cited as the Telephone (Agreement) Laws, 1930 to 1933.

Repeal of
section 5 of
Law 30 of
1930.

2. Section 5 of the Principal Law is hereby repealed.

This Law came into operation on 31st July, 1933.