

SCHEDULE.

The Employment of Young Persons and Children Law, 1928 (Law 17 of 1928).

The Employment of Young Persons and Children (Amendment) Law, 1928 (Law 35 of 1928).

The Employment of Young Persons and Children (Amendment) Law, 1930 (Law 6 of 1930).

This Law was published in the Cyprus Gazette No. 2201 of the 26th February, 1932.

No. 17 OF 1932.

A.D. 1932. TO REGULATE THE IMPOSITION OF QUARANTINE AND TO MAKE
17 of 1932. OTHER PROVISION FOR PREVENTING THE INTRODUCTION INTO AND SPREAD IN THE COLONY OF CYPRUS, AND THE TRANSMISSION FROM THE COLONY OF CYPRUS, OF DANGEROUS INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

RONALD STORRS.]

[9th March, 1932.

BE it enacted:—

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Quarantine Law, 1932.

Interpretation.

2. In this Law, unless the context otherwise requires:—

“The Colony” means the Colony of Cyprus.

“Dangerous infectious disease” means cholera, plague, smallpox, typhus and yellow fever, and includes any disease of an infectious or contagious nature which the Governor may, by notification under this Law, declare to be a dangerous infectious disease within the meaning of this Law.

“Infected local area” means any local area in which dangerous infectious disease exists provided that no local area shall be deemed infected solely on account of imported cases and provided that the Director of Health is satisfied that all necessary measures have been taken to check the spread of the disease; no local area shall be deemed infected on account of cholera or smallpox or typhus except the cases of cholera form a “foyer” or smallpox or typhus exist in epidemic form.

Cases of cholera shall be deemed to constitute a “foyer” when the occurrence of new cases outside the immediate surroundings of the first cases proves that the spread of the disease has not been limited to the local area where it began.