

FORM G. (Section 22 (3).)

FORM OF LICENSE TO DEAL IN POWDER,
SHOT OR CARTRIDGES.

No.

License is hereby granted to A.B. of
to exercise the trade or calling of a dealer in powder, shot
or cartridges, at _____ in the District of _____

Given under my hand at _____ this day of _____ 19 .

Fee.

(Signed.)

Commissioner.

SCHEDULE II.

Short title	Extent of Repeal.
The Gun Law, 1879.	The whole.
The Firearms Law, 1889.	The whole.
The Firearms Law, 1920.	The whole.

*This Law was published in the Cyprus Gazette No. 2057
of the 21st May, 1930.*

No. 12 OF 1930.

A.D. 1930. TO MAKE PROVISION FOR THE RECOVERY OF COMPENSATION
12 of 1930. FOR INJURY CAUSED TO PROPERTY.

RONALD STORRS.]

[May 13, 1930.]

BE it enacted:—

PART I.

TITLE AND INTERPRETATION.

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Recovery of Compensation for Injury to Property Law, 1930.

Interpre-
tation.

2. In this Law the expression:—

“Property” includes any dwelling house, shop, store, kiln, mandra, tree, plant, vine-plant, vine, melon plant, plantation, fruit, vegetables, crops (whether standing or otherwise), beehives, any household furniture, any agricultural produce whether raw or partly or wholly treated

or manufactured, fertilizers and any article or substance used for agriculture, any agricultural machine or implement, any carriage, motor car, motor bicycle or bicycle, any cart or other vehicle used for the conveyance of goods, any boat, any animal used for burden, draught or food, any fence, wall or boundary mark, any mill, oil or wine press of any kind, weir, dam, sluice, aqueduct or other construction or article made or used or to be used for the purpose of irrigation or drainage.

“Damage or destruction” includes the abstraction, detachment or uprooting of property capable of being abstracted, detached or uprooted.

“Animals” means any camel, horse, mare, gelding, bull, ox, cow, heifer, steer, calf, mule, donkey, hog, pig or sow.

“Village” means any village and includes any town or quarter of any town to which this Law or any of the provisions of this Law, whether partly or wholly, have been made applicable by an order of the Governor in Council.

“Tax-paying inhabitants” includes—

(a) Every inhabitant of not less than eighteen years of age who is assessed for any form of taxation.

(b) Every male inhabitant of a like age who is not assessed for any form of taxation.

(c) The superintendent of any monastery, metochi or teké and the occupier of any chiftlik situated within the lands of any village.

“Owners of sheep or goats” means every inhabitant who is an owner of sheep or goats, and every owner of sheep or goats who within seven days prior to the date of a discovery of any damage or destruction is known to have grazed sheep or goats, either personally or through a shepherd, within the lands of the village in which the said damage or destruction is discovered.

“Complainant” means the owner or occupier, or his representative, of any property to which any damage or destruction has been caused by persons unknown or by undetected animals or by undetected sheep or goats.

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the District in which the property damaged or destroyed is situated or the damage or destruction has been caused, and includes any person appointed by the Governor under the provisions of section 19 of this Law.

PART II.

RECOVERY OF COMPENSATION AND PROCEDURE.

Tax-paying inhabitants liable to pay compensation.

3.—(1) Where any damage or destruction has been caused to property by persons unknown or by undetected animals the tax-paying inhabitants of the village or villages within the lands of which the property is situated or the damage or destruction has been caused shall be liable to pay compensation to the complainant as hereinafter provided.

Provided that where property situated within the lands of a village has been deliberately removed to the lands of another village for the purpose of causing damage or destruction thereto within the lands of the last mentioned village, then and in every such case the damage or destruction shall be deemed to have been caused within the lands of the village from which such property was removed.

Owners of sheep or goats liable to pay compensation.

(2) Where any damage or destruction has been caused to trees, fruit or crops by undetected sheep or goats, the owners of sheep or goats of the village within the lands of which the damage or destruction has been caused shall be solely liable to pay compensation to the complainant as hereinafter provided.

Notice of injury to be given to Mukhtar and Police.

4. Where any damage or destruction has been caused to property by persons unknown or by undetected animals or to trees, fruit or crop by undetected sheep or goats and the complainant desires to obtain compensation under this Law, notice in writing of the damage or destruction shall be given by him or on his behalf as soon as possible to the Mukhtar or any two members of the Commission of the village within the lands of which the property is situated or the damage or destruction has been caused and to the Police at the nearest Police Station. Should the damage or destruction be caused to property situated within the lands of more than one village notice shall be given to the Mukhtar or any two members of each of the Commissions of every such village.

Mukhtar and complainant to inspect damage.

5. Upon the receipt of the said notice the Mukhtar and any two members of the Commission or such person or persons as may be appointed by them in that behalf shall in company with the complainant forthwith inspect such damage or destruction.

6.—(1) Upon such inspection the Mukhtar and any two members of the Commission or their representative or representatives as aforesaid shall estimate forthwith the amount which should be payable as compensation in respect of the damage or destruction which has occurred.

Mukhtar and Commission to estimate damage.

(2) Such estimate shall be reduced into writing and shall be signed and sealed by the Mukhtar and signed by the complainant if he agrees to such estimate.

(3) When such estimate has been signed by the complainant as aforesaid, it shall be final and conclusive as against the complainant.

(4) If the complainant does not agree with such estimate as aforesaid, the Mukhtar shall forthwith furnish the complainant with a copy of such estimate.

(5) If the Mukhtar and any two members of the Commission or their representative shall refuse to estimate any amount of compensation in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) hereof on the ground that the damage or destruction was not caused by persons unknown, or by undetected animals or by undetected sheep or goats the complainant may thereupon apply to the Commissioner who shall enquire into the matter and if satisfied that the damage or destruction was so caused shall order the Mukhtar and any two members of the Commission to estimate the compensation payable in accordance with the provisions of this section.

7.—(1) Within ten days from the date of the receipt of the notice referred to in in section 4 of this Law, the Mukhtar shall—

Duties of Mukhtar.

(a) Prepare a list (hereinafter in this Law referred to as "the list") of the tax-paying inhabitants of the village or the owners of sheep or goats, as the case may be, and shall sign and seal the list;

(b) Allocate the total amount of compensation and costs and fees incurred and payable under any Regulations made under this Law amongst (i.) all the tax-paying inhabitants in equal shares, if the damage or destruction has been caused to property by persons unknown or by undetected animals, or (ii.) all the owners of sheep or goats in proportion to the number of sheep or goats owned by each at the date of the discovery of the damage or destruction, if such damage or destruction has been caused to trees, fruit or crops by undetected sheep or goats.

Contents of
list.

(2) The list shall at the foot thereof contain—

(a) a description of the property damaged or destroyed;

(b) a statement that the damage or destruction has been caused by persons unknown or by undetected animals or by undetected sheep or goats, as the case may be;

(c) a statement of the total amount of the compensation payable and whether such amount has been agreed upon by the complainant or not;

(d) a statement of the amount of costs and fees incurred and payable under any Regulations made under this Law;

(e) a statement that the total amount of the compensation and the costs and fees aforesaid have been allocated amongst all tax-paying inhabitants or all owners of sheep or goats, as the case may be, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) (b) of this section;

(f) the amount payable by each tax-paying inhabitant or by each owner of sheep or goats, as the case may be.

Copy of list
to be posted
and sent to
Commis-
sioner.

(3) The Mukhtar shall within the said period of ten days—

(a) post a copy of the list in a conspicuous place in the village, and

(b) forward a copy of the list to the Commissioner together with a certificate signed and sealed by the Mukhtar specifying the date on which and the place in which the copy of the list has been posted in the village and also a copy of the estimate referred to in section 6 of this Law duly certified by him to be a true copy thereof.

Objections
to list and
limitations
thereof.

8.—(1) The complainant or any person whose name appears in the list so posted by the Mukhtar as in the preceding section provided, may within ten days of the posting of such list lodge at the office of the Commissioner an objection in writing, duly signed by him, stating the grounds upon which such objection is made.

(2) No objection shall be lodged by the complainant, or if lodged shall be valid, unless made on the ground that the total amount of the compensation estimated under section 6 of this Law is inadequate.