

No. 2 OF 1930.

TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSING OF STALLIONS AND FOR A.D. 1930.
 PURPOSES CONNECTED THEREWITH. 2 of 1930.

RONALD STORES.]

[May 10, 1930.]

BE it enacted:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Horse Breeding Law, Short title.
 1930.

2. In this Law:—

“Inspector” or “Inspectors” means an Inspector or Inspectors appointed by the Governor for carrying out the purposes of this Law.

Interpre-
tation.

“Stallion” means an entire male horse.

“Owner” in relation to a stallion means the person to whom for the time being the stallion belongs, whether absolutely or as part owner, lessee or hirer.

3. The Governor may from time to time appoint any fit person or persons to be an Inspector or Inspectors under this Law and may fix his or their pay, salary or remuneration.

Power to
Governor to
appoint In-
spectors.

4. Any person who being the owner or having the control of a stallion shall whether by act or omission use it or permit it to be used or exhibit it to be used for the service of any mare or she-donkey shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds unless the stallion is at the time licensed under this Law.

Restriction
on using and
exhibiting
unlicensed
stallions.

5.—(1) The Inspector shall have power to grant, revoke or suspend licences for the purposes of this Law.

Licensing of
stallions.

(2) The Inspector shall on application being made to him and on compliance with such conditions as to inspection and examination as are stated in this Law or in any regulation thereunder, grant to the owner of any stallion a licence in respect of the stallion and also, if so requested, a certified copy thereof. Provided that the Inspector may refuse to grant a licence and may revoke or suspend a licence if it appears to the Inspector that the stallion:—

(a) is affected with any contagious or infectious disease;

(b) is effected with any of the following diseases or defects, namely, cataract, roaring, whistling, broken wind, ringbone, sidebone, bone spavin, curb, unsound feet, navicular disease, shivering, stringhalt, defective genital organs;

(c) has proved to be inadequately prolific;

(d) is calculated, if used for stud purposes, to injure the breed of horses by reason of its defective conformation or physique; or

(e) begets unsuitable stock.

Provided that any stallion which is proved to the satisfaction of the Inspector to have been used for the service of any mare or she-donkey prior to the coming into operation of this Law shall not be refused a licence on any of the grounds specified in sub-paragraphs (b), (c), (d) or (e) of this section during the three years following the date of the coming into operation of this Law.

Duration,
transfer and
production
of licence.

6.—(1) A licence, unless suspended or revoked by the Inspector, shall remain in force until the 31st day of December of the year in respect of which the licence is granted, but shall be renewable annually, and the same provisions shall apply to the renewal of a licence as apply to the grant of a licence.

Provided that in the case of a stallion which has attained the age of nine years or upwards and in respect of which a licence has been in force for the two preceding years the renewal of the licence shall not be refused on the ground only of the stallion being affected in its wind.

(2) If a stallion in respect of which a licence is in force is sold or let the Inspector shall, on application being made to him, transfer the licence to the new owner by endorsement of the licence or otherwise, but unless so transferred a licence shall cease to be in force at the expiration of one month after the change of ownership.

(3) A licence granted under this Law or certified copy thereof shall be produced—

(a) at the time of or before the service by the stallion of a mare or she-donkey, if so required by the owner or person in charge of the mare or she-donkey; and