

(4.) For the custody and imprisonment within such asylum or asylums of lepers accused of and found guilty of offences;

(5.) Generally for the better carrying out of the provisions of this Law, and for the well-being of such asylum or asylums and the inmates thereof;

and may from time to time revoke, amend and vary such Regulations.

All Regulations made under this section shall be published in the *Cyprus Gazette*, and from the date of publication shall have the same force and effect as if they were enacted in and formed part of this Law.

Every person acting in contravention of any Regulation made under this section, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable for each such offence to a fine not exceeding five pounds, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding one month.

11. This Law may be cited as the Lepers Law, 1891.

Short title.

3 OF 1892.⁽¹⁾

TO PROMOTE THE PUBLIC HEALTH IN VILLAGES.

HENRY BULWER.]

[April 4, 1892.]

1. In this Law, "Village Commission" means the Mukhtar and Village Commission elected or appointed under the Village Authorities Law, 1906, and any Law amending the same, and the Mukhtar shall act as President thereof.

Constitution of Village Commission. 4, 1907, 2.

Whenever in any village there is more than one Mukhtar, the Commission shall appoint one of them to be President of the Village Commission; and whenever in any village there is more than one Commission, such Commissions, united together, shall form the Village Commission for the purpose of this Law.

2. This Law shall not be in force in respect of any village unless and until the High Commissioner in Council shall order that it shall be applied to such village, or unless the tax-payers of the village, or two-thirds of them, shall, by petition to the High Commissioner, ask for the application of the Law, and the receipt of every such petition shall be notified in the *Cyprus Gazette*. From and after the date of the order, or such date as may be named

Application of this Law. [See 23, 1899, 5. p. 780].

(1) Ss. 3—15 were formerly ss. 4—16.

in that behalf in the order, or from the date of such notification as aforesaid, this Law shall be in full force and effect in respect of the village to which the order refers.

Sanitary
duties of
Village
Commission.

3. It shall be the duty of the Village Commission of every village in which this Law shall be in force:

To keep the streets and public places in the village clean and in good repair and sufficiently drained and clear of obstructions;

To prevent the accumulation in any public or private place within the village of any filth or refuse so as to be dangerous to the public health, and to take measures for the abatement of any nuisance arising from any public or private cesspit or drain or otherwise;

To keep or cause to be kept cleansed and in good repair all public fountains, drains, aqueducts, tanks and reservoirs and to preserve them from contamination;

To prevent the burial of the dead in any place within the village except in a cemetery in which burials may lawfully take place.

Works which
may be carried
out with
approval of
Commissioner.

4. It shall be lawful for every Village Commission, with the approval of the Commissioner of the District:

To provide slaughter houses and to regulate the slaughter of animals within the village.

To undertake the paving or improving of any street or public place within the village;

To undertake the provision of a good and sufficient supply of water for the use of persons dwelling in the village;

Generally to perform any public work which may tend to promote the sanitation and cleanliness of the village.

Power to
make
regulations.

5. Every Village Commission shall have power to make regulations for the carrying out of all or any of the objects hereinbefore mentioned.

All such regulations shall be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the District, and shall not come into force until they have been so approved.

All regulations made and approved under this section shall be published by posting them in some conspicuous place in the village, and shall become binding upon all persons within the village five days after the date of such publication.