

Arbitration
by the
Director of
Survey.

13. If the several parties concerned in any boundary dispute agree to submit the settlement thereof to the Director of Survey and make application to that effect in writing, he may inquire into the claims of the parties and thereafter make an award in the case, and his award shall be final and binding on the parties thereto.

Power to take
evidence on
oath.

14. The Director of Survey for the purpose of inquiring into any boundary question may take evidence on oath or affirmation.

Written
report of
Director to be
received in
evidence.

15. The written report of the Director of Survey shall be taken as evidence against any person charged by the report with any act by this Law constituted an offence; and the presence of the Director at the hearing of the charge shall not be necessary; but if the Director shall wilfully make any false accusation in any such report he shall be liable to the same penalties as though he had given false evidence on oath.

Short title.

16. This Law may be cited as the Revenue Survey Law, 1880.

ROADS.

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3 OF 1885.

FOR THE PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC ROADS.

ROBERT BIDDULPH.]

[February 20, 1885.]

Definitions.

1. In this Law, except where otherwise expressed, the term "Road" means and includes any public road which shall have been at any time made, improved, or repaired wholly or in part at the expense of the Government of Cyprus, and any public road which shall have been declared to be subject to the provisions of this Law by an order of the High Commissioner published in the *Cyprus Gazette*.

The provisions of this Law shall apply to all such roads as well within the limit of any town or village as without.

For the purposes of this Law all bridges, culverts, ditches and other works appertaining to, or constructed for the maintenance of any road, shall be deemed to be part of the road.

2. Any person shall be deemed to be guilty of an offence under this Law who does or causes to be done any of the following acts; that is to say:— Offences.

- (1.) Ploughs up or otherwise damages the surface of any road, or ploughs into and injures any ditch forming part of any road;
- (2.) Builds any wall of loose stones within three feet of the outer margin of any such ditch as aforesaid, or, where there is no ditch, within three feet of the edge of the road;
- (3.) Constructs any fence of any sort upon any road;
- (4.) Fills up in whole or in part any ditch forming part of a road with loose stones, thorns, or other rubbish;
- (5.) Digs any water channel across or upon any road, or causes any water to flow across or upon any road without the permission of the Government Engineer or the Commissioner of the District;
- (6.) Digs or sinks any well, hole, pit, or shaft within a distance of twenty-five yards from any road, unless the hole, pit, or shaft is so fenced that it may not be dangerous to passengers or animals;
- (7.) Wilfully and unnecessarily rides or drives or leads any animal upon any footpath or causeway at the side of any road made or set apart for the use or accommodation of foot passengers;
- (8.) Pickets any animal upon any road, or so near thereto as to obstruct or endanger the passengers thereon;
- (9.) Wilfully injures any wall, rail, post, fence, bank, or other thing placed for the security of any road or the passengers thereon;
- (10.) Breaks, damages, or throws down any stones, bricks or wood forming part of any bridge;
- (11.) Pulls down, destroys or obliterates any mile-stone or post or direction-post erected by the side of any road;